

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLII] No 22 -JNO. POLLARD, Editor and Publisher.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA-

There are many good reasons for your coming here to trade, but the best reason of all is that you believe in Robinson's — that is the year 'round impetus that drives this business ahead of that of all other stores in Napanee.

THE ROBINSON COMPANY NAPANEE, STORE NEWS

Yesterday cannot be
To-morrow cannot be
To-day only is thine.

Another Shipment of Handsome Rugs and Mats

just placed in stock.
for it they are beau-
tiful and striking color
make the assortment
plete.

The small rugs or mats range from 90c. to \$4.50.

TAPESTRY RUGS— 3 x 3, 3 x 3½, 3½ x 4, 4 x 4½, \$7.90 to \$20.00. SMYRNA RUGS—Heavy reversible, colorings are rich 3 x 4, 2½ x 3½, \$20.00

INVISIBLE RUG FASTENER— Is a new invention for holding rugs to the floor. Same principle fastener on a glove. On sale in House Furnishing Department.

Trimmed Hats at \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

We will have ready for Saturday a lot of Girls' and Women's Trimmed Hats that will be grouped at \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 each. Every one will represent an extra value.

Remnants of Carpet For Saturday and Next week.

Much selling has left us with a lot of very desirable ends of carpets. We have measured them all up and marked them at a price that should clear them all during the coming week. The fact of their being remnants is proof positive that they are the best sellers. All Wools, Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrains, Axminsters, all represented in the lot. For bedrooms and small rooms you may be able to find just what you want.

In addition to the remnants that we propose to clear during the week we have added several odd pieces of Tapestry that we have reduced in price to make room for regular lines.

Bring along your measurements and see how well we can scheme to save you a few dollars.

Hemp, Jute and Dutch Rugs for Summer Cottages, Verandahs, etc.

Bordered all around like the high priced ones, 2 yds. x 3 yds., 2½ yds. x 3 yds., 3 yds. x 3 yds., 3 yds. x 3½ yds., 3 yds. x 4 yds. The price range is very low—\$1.25 to \$3.50. They are going lively. Hard to replace them again this season.

Ribbed Cashmere Hose. Special For Saturday.

Just the kind for a bang around school stocking. One of our windows will be filled with them. Any size you wish. The price will be the same as for an ordinary cotton hose. All the same quality, 2-1 ribbed. 15 cents a pair while they last.

Women's Shirt Waists.

Balance of Shirt Waists arrived this week. Should all have a month ago but the style of sleeve suddenly changed and we have sleeve put in all our shirt waists. Those who have waited will find no fault in wearing the correct style.

Men's and Boys' 25c Bows, Four-in-hand and Knot Ties at 15c. each or two for 25c.

We have been fortunate enough to secure about 600 Men's Ties at half price. We pass the bargain on to our customers. In Bows, Knots and Four-in-hands, all new goods, the bows being the shield and spring to be worn with the double fold collar. See our furnishing window.

Table of Odd Lots Men's and Boys' Shirts, Sox, Collars, etc

Men's 50c Working Shirts for 39c or 2 for 75c. Boys' 50c 25c. Men's Collars 10, 15, and 20c for 5c (soiled). Men's 75c White sizes 16 and 16½, soiled—25c. Men's 75c Colored Fancy Shirts sizes 16 and 16½. Men's 15c Sox for 10c. 25c sox for 15c.

Men's Summer Shirts at \$1.00

We have said a good deal in the past and are likely to say in the future about our Dollar Shirts for men. Those familiar with our Robinson Co Dollar Shirts know that we are fully justified in our statement we make about them. If you will look at the shirts we are selling at \$1.00 you find them equal in almost every respect to shirts elsewhere at \$1.50. They appeal directly to men who wear summer shirts. The fabrics have the character that particular men like, a shirt has been made over our own specifications. They are out-

again this season.

Ribbed Cashmere Hose.

Special For Saturday.

Just the kind for a bang around school stocking. One of our windows will be filled with them. Any size you wish. The price will be the same as for an ordinary cotton hose. All the same quality, 2-1 ribbed. 15 cents a pair while they last.

Laces and Embroidery.

So much white used that we have provided hundreds of pieces of lace and embroidery to choose from. Every piece sampled in book form so that you save time in choosing. Linen shades, cream, ecru and blacks are as well represented in proportion to demand as white. Medallions and separable motifs in grape and fruit designs are a leading feature.

Tailor-made Suits and Separate Skirts.

No wonder that the trade for ready-to-wear garments is rapidly increasing. No trouble in selecting styles, no loss of time waiting for dress-makers. If you see what you want you buy it and that is the end of it.

Walking skirts \$1.75 up. Costumes \$5.00 up. We give you lots of variety too.

WANTED—by an Old Line Life Insurance Company, a District Agent for Lennox and Addington. This is a good opening for a pushing man. Apply to box 1013, Belleville. 12tf

I HAVE THE BEST WHITE LEG- horns in this County. Eggs \$1.00 per setting of 13. Buff Cochins Bantams the same. Easy feeders, best layers. Belgium Hares for sale. M. PIZZARIELLO, Water St., Napanee.

BAKERY AND DWELLING FOR SALE.—The property of the late W. H. Hogle, Odessa, including bakery, dwelling and farm property, well located and no other bakery within 10 miles. Terms reasonable. Apply to 20dp E. M. HOGLE, Bath.

BALED HAY and STRAW in large and small quantities.

Flour and Feed, Groceries and Provisions.

Water Purifying Pumps.
S. CASEY DENISON.
Choicest Groceries at reasonable prices.

FOR SALE—That valuable farm known as "The Red Burns Farm" being lots two and three in the first concession of the Township of Camden, containing 400 acres more or less, now in occupation of Thomas Norris. This farm is well known all through the country and is particularly well adapted for dairying purposes, the barns being large and commodious and the Napanee river running through the property. Possession can be given on the first day of March, 1904. For terms of sale and further particulars application may be made to **WILSON & WILSON, Napanee, or to WALKER & WALKER, Solicitors, Kingston.** 94m

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL (Paid up) \$2,850,000
RESERVE FUND \$2,850,000
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS RECEIVED.
INTEREST CREDITED THEREON HALF-YEARLY.
FARMERS' SALE NOTES COLLECTED AND ADVANCES MADE THEREON.

T. S. HILL, Manager.
Napanee Branch.

The advance car of the Leaman Bros. trains passed through Napanee Thursday evening. It was attached to the 6.40 express going east.

VICTORIA DAY RACES.

—AT—

PICTON, MONDAY, May 25, 1903

IN AGRICULTURAL PARK

\$525 PURSES \$525

PACE AND TROT.

PROGRAMME.

PACE OR TROT.

Named Race, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile, 3 in 5..... \$100
Running Race, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile, 3 in 5..... 100
3-Minute Class, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile, 3 in 5..... 125
Free-for-all, 1 mile, 3 in 5..... 200
Usual rules.

T. BOG, Secretary, Picton.

JOHN V. COOPER
E. J. HEALEY
PARKER R. YOUNG Committee.
Picton, March 16, 1903. 20b

MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale there will be offered for sale on

MONDAY, JUNE 1st, 1903

at the Court House in the Town of Napanee at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon the following lands:—

All and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate lying and being in the County of Lennox and Addington in the said Province of Ontario and described as follows being composed of the east halves of park lots numbers one and two in the seventh concession of the Township of Fredericksburgh and more particularly described in a deed of the same from Henry McCullen to Michael Gleeson and bearing date July 1st, A. D. 1848 also park lot lettered "A" on a map of the village of Clarksville and more particularly described in a deed of the same from John Welch and William Hogan to Michael Gleeson and bearing date January 30th, A. D. 1892 also the east half of the south west half of park lot number two in the seventh concession of the said township of Fredericksburgh and now lying within the limits of the town of Napanee containing by admeasurement one and one eighth acres of land more or less and more particularly described in a deed of the same from William Pearson, James Pearson and Levi Pearson to Michael Gleeson bearing date March 7th, A. D. 1867.

This property is very conveniently situated and on the premises are erected a frame dwelling house and frame barn.

For further particulars apply to **JOHN ENGLISH,** Vendor's Solicitor.
Dated at Napanee, May 7th, A. D. 1903. 21c

Go to Pollard's for Wall-paper,

Men's Summer Shirts at \$1.00

We have said a good deal in the past and are likely to say in the future about our Dollar Shirts for men. Those familiar with of Robinson Co Dollar Shirts know that we are fully justified in our statement we make about them. If you will look at the shirts wearing at \$1.00 you find them equal in almost every respect to shirts elsewhere at \$1.50. They appeal directly to men who wear smart shirts. The fabrics have the character that particular men like, shirt has been made over our own specifications. They are cut comfortable and best fitting manner, made of carefully selected patterns and color combinations that critical men want and the retain their original beauty after laundering. Cuffs attached (Plain or plaited bosoms, sizes 14 to 17).

Boys' Shirt Waists and Shirts

We are just as careful in selecting the Boys' Shirts and Shirts as the men's. Patterns and colorings are as nearly correct as we can and they are made to be comfortable.

Boys' Shirt Waists aged 7 to 12 collar attached 50c.
Boys' Shirt Waists ages 5 to 14 collar detached 75c.
Boys' Flannel Shirts sizes 12 to 14—25c. each.
Boys' Blue Polka Dot Shirts sizes 12 to 14 50c. each.
Boys' Fancy Colored Shirts—soft and hard bosoms sizes 12 to 14 75c. and 90c.
Boys' Black Sateen Shirts—sizes 12 to 14—50c. each.

COURT OF REVISION.

The council of the Village of Bath will meet in the Town Hall, Bath, on **MONDAY EVENING, MAY 25th,** at 7.30 p.m.

for the purpose of receiving the assessment roll and of hearing appeals therefrom. All concerned will govern themselves accordingly. **MAX ROBINSON,** Village Clerk.

Dated at Bath, May 12th, 1903.

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the hearing and determining of appeals against the assessment of the Township of Richmond for the year 1903 will be held in the Town Hall, in Selby, on the

FIRST DAY OF JUNE, commencing at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and all Persons having business at the said Court will govern themselves accordingly.

A. WINTERS, Clerk,
Selby, May 11th, 1903.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Victoria Day, MAY 24th, 1903.

Return Tickets will be issued at **SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE** between all stations in Canada, also to Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, N.Y., Detroit, Pt. Huron, Etc. Good going, May 23rd, 24th or 25th. Valid returning from destination on or before May 26th, 1903.

Colonist Excursions,

One way tickets at low rates on sale until **JUNE 15th,** to points in Montana, Colorado, Utah, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia and California.

For tickets and all information apply to **J. L. BOYES,** Ticket Agent. 22b

Why spend so much money in doctoring for terrible headaches when glasses will relieve with much less expense. Come and try. No charge for testing.

A. F. CHINNECK,
At F. Chinnick's Jewellery Store.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The County Council

of Lennox and Addington will meet in the Council Chambers, in the Napanee, on

Tuesday, June, 2 at 2 o'clock p.m.

All accounts must be in the undersigned not later than 3rd June, 1903, in order that they be considered.

W. G. WILSON,
Dated 11th May, 1903.

6370

BOTTLES OF COUGH MIX

Are gone in a little over a week is well worth a try

J. J. PERRY, D.

Gun Club.

The first practice of the Club was held Thursday afternoon following was the score: W. C. I. Maybee 9, Gus Var Scott 7, A. Kimmerly 9, S. J. Sills 6, I. Parks 2, H. Fitz German 3.

Smallpox Pitting

To prevent pitting from is only necessary to protect from the blue and violet rays which can be done by allowing to enter the room save glass. In the absence of tinting rays of light—to which due—the deep, disfiguring not form.

Genuine Castoria always bears of Chas. H. Fletcher

When Baby was sick, we gave
When she was a Child, she cried
When she became Miss, she chose
When she had Children, she gave

NANANEE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, MAY 15th, 1903.

riday cannot be recalled.
orrow cannot be assured.
y only is thine.

placed in stock. Our word
they are beauties. Rich
striking color combinations
the assortment very com-

4, 2½ x 3½, \$20.00 and \$25.00

Same principle as a dome
partment.

S.

Should all have been here
ged and we had the new
e waited will have satis-

bows,
t Ties
or 25c.

about 600 Men's and Boys'
customers. In the lot are
he bows being made with
old collar. See display in

's and
ars, etc.

75c. Boys' 50c Shirts for
Men's 75c White Shirts,
d Fancy Shirts—2 for 75c,
or 15c.

at \$1.00.

are likely to say good deal
se familiar with the quality
re fully justified in every
at the shirts we are show-
y respect to shirts you see
who wear smart looking
ocular men like, and every

PERSONALS

Jas. Aylsworth, Tamworth, was in
Belleville on Friday last.

Mr. Arthur Hardy left for the west on
Friday last.

Mr. E. B. Morden spent Sunday last at
Empey Hill.

Mrs. Lewis, of Strathcona, was in town
Saturday last.

Miss Lena Warren, of Deseronto, spent
Saturday evening in town.

Miss Gertrude Lloyd is confined to the
house with a severely sprained ankle.

Master Clare McKnight, of Forest Mills,
spent Saturday and Sunday last with his
grandmother, Mrs. M. B. Wagar, Centre
Street.

Messrs. Andrew McGee and L. L. Peter-
son, Pines, were in Napanee on Saturday.

Mr. Wesley Huff made a business trip
to Watertown this week.

Mr. Melville Nixon left Monday evening
for Hamilton, in which city he has secured
a situation. "Mel" has been visiting in
town for a month or so recuperating from
an operation for appendicitis. His many
friends will be pleased to learn that he is
again able to attend to his work.

Prof. J. H. DeSilberg will visit Napanee
on Tuesday, May 26th, and remain in
town until the 28th. He may be con-
sulted during this time at J. J. Perry's
drug store.

Mrs. A. A. Bartlett left on Saturday
last for her home in Rochester, after
spending a couple of weeks in town with
her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Huff.
Master Frank Bartlett accompanied her.

Mr. R. Chown was in Kingston on Mon-
day on a visit to his mother.

Mrs. (Dr.) J. E. Mabey, Odessa, will
hold her post nuptial reception on Thurs-
day and Friday, 28th and 29th May, after-
noon and evening. Mrs. Mabey will be "at
home" on the first and third Thursdays in
each month.

Mrs. John Garrison, of Alexandria Bay,
arrived in town on Wednesday last and
will spend the summer with her sister,
Mrs. Geo. Grieve.

Mr. and Mrs. John Soby spent the past
week in Picton.

Mrs. Chas. Pennell, of Calgary, arrived
in town on Tuesday last to visit her
mother, Mrs. Lawrence.

Mr. E. A. Rikley and Mr. and Mrs.
Charles Anderson enjoyed a very pleasant
drive to Newburgh on Wednesday last.

Fred. Arnott, of Toronto, was in town
on Thursday.

Mr. Joe. McAllister, an old resident of
Napanee, was in town on Wednesday last.

Mr. Melbourne Mastin spent Sunday at
his home, Palace Road.

Mr. Overton A. Snider, of Switzerville,
returned Monday morning, having sold his
car load of young cattle at Moosejaw,
Manitoba.

Mr. James Vine, of Gosport, was in
Napanee last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Enoch M. Snider, of
Thorpe, were in Napanee last Saturday.

Mr. Jedire Irish and family, of Yarker,
were in town last Saturday.

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES,
PORTLAND CEMENT, SALT.

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS.
and all kinds of Factory Work.

COAL—For domestic and manufacturing use.

The Rathbun Co. R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

DON'T FORGET

Because we had the finest display of Meats ever shown in Napanee at
Easter that we will not continue to have just as good. We are handling
the very best Western Beef, also Spring Lamb, Veal, Pork Mutton and
Fearman's Hams, and English Breakfast Bacon.

Our Grocery Stock

is kept up just as good as ever. Every-
thing in season—Lettuce, Radishes,
Rhubarb, Onions, Pineapples, and fresh
Tomatoes, at

J. F. SMITH.

A site has been selected at Sydney, C.B.
for British Admiralty purposes.

H.M.S. Commonwealth, the largest
battleship in the World was launched on
the Clyde.

Thomas Arnold formerly proprietor of
the Columbia Hotel, St. Thomas, was
drowned at Sarnia.

Charges of inefficiency and neglect of
duty against some employees of the King-
ston postoffice are to be investigated

Mr. Booth, father of P. W. Dufos resid-
ing north of Roblin is dead; aged eighty-
seven years. The funeral took place on
Wednesday.

The assessor returned his roll on May
7th. Parties complaining against their
assessment have fourteen days within
which to enter appeals.

On the tapis—Parlor Concert, recitations
&c. and presentation of prizes at "West-
Brook Private School". All music and
day pupils will take part.

The Women's Missionary Society, of
Selby, will have a Social at the Methodist
church, on May 25th, at 7.30. Good
programme. Admission, 15 cents.

Bachraek, Blakeley and Levy, three
Toronto merchants, were committed for
trial at Montreal on a charge of conspiracy
to defraud George Margolus' creditors.

Does your wheel need repairing? Or do
you want to purchase a new one? We can
give you the best of satisfaction in either
instance.

W. J. NORMILE
22½ Sign of the Golden Wheel.

John Barrie, an aged resident of Bath,
died at the Kingston General Hospital on
Saturday morning. He was 71 years of
age. His body was removed to Bath for
interment.

PURE EXTRACT OF

VANILLA

NOTE—We make our own FLAVOR-
ING EXTRACTS. Much of the ex-
tract of vanilla sold to-day is made
from chemical products and contains
coloring matter. We guarantee our
extract of vanilla to be made from
Vanilla Beans. Try it.

The Medical Hall,

FRED L. HOOPER.

WE SELL
PURE CREAM OF TARTAR

Miss Maggie O'Brien, teacher in the
public school, has resigned her position
owing to ill health. Her resignation was
brought before the school board on Mon-
day evening and accepted. The Board, in
the form of a resolution, expressed their
sympathy for Miss O'Brien, and hoped
that she would soon regain her health and
be able to again resume her position.
Miss O'Brien has always had the confi-
dence of the Board and the favor of her
pupils, and her enforced retirement will be
deeply regretted.

—GRAND—

REFERRATION

at \$1.00.

are likely to say good deal familiar with the quality fully justified in every at the shirts we are show- respect to shirts: you see who wear smart looking ular men like, and every They are cut in the most refully selected madras in want and the colors will Cuffs attached or detached.

d Shirts.

Shirts and Shirt Waists as correct as we can get them

hed 50c.
ed 75c.
each.
Oc. each
bosoms sizes 12 to 14—50c.

50c. each.

OF MEETING.

County Council

and Addington will meet at the ambers, in the Court House, Napanee, on

y, June, 2nd 1903,
at 2 o'clock p.m.

unts must be in the hands of ned not later than Wednesday, 1903, in order that they may d.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk,
May, 1903.

6370 TTLES OF OUR H MIXTURE

in a little over two years. It s well worth a trial

PERRY, Druggist.

practice of the Napanee Gun id Thursday afternoon. The as the score: Wm. Smith 9, bee 9, Gus VanLaven 5, L. Kimmerly 9, S. Hawley 2, Dr. Patrick 3, T.

smallpox Pittings.
at pitting from smallpox it essary to protect the patient ue and violet rays of light, be done by allowing no light he room save through red the absence of these irritat- f light—to which sunburn is leep, disgusting postules do

istoria always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

y was sick, we gave her Castoria. was a Child, she cried for Castoria. became Miss, she clung to Castoria. ad Children, she gave them Castoria.

Mr. Melbourne Martin spent Sunday at his home, Palace Road.

Mr. Overton A. Snider, of Switzerville, returned Monday morning, having sold his car load of young cattle at Moosejaw, Manitoba.

Mr. James Vine, of Gosport, was in Napanee last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Enoch M. Snider, of Thorpe, were in Napanee last Saturday.

Mr. Jedire Irish and family, of Yarker, were in town last Saturday.

Messrs. W. A. Grange and Charley Templeton made a trip to Tamworth Saturday evening.

Miss Heck, at Dr. Cowan's, made a trip to Prescott Wednesday.

Mrs. Bishop and little son, Wellington, are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Blanchard, South Napanee.

Rev A McDonald made a trip to Toronto Tuesday, returning Wednesday.

Master Ted Eakins was in town Tuesday and Wednesday and left for Kingston to take a position as purser on a Rideau Steamer.

Mr. J. T. Howell, Strathcona, was in town Saturday last and gave us a call.

W. J. Bowen and wife, of Strathcona, left on Saturday last for Midland, where they will reside.

H. M. P. Deroche, of Toronto, spent Sunday last in town.

Alf. Burrows, Belleville, was in town Sunday last.

Mr. Robt. Stewart and little daughter, of Watertown, arrived in town to spend a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. John Phillips, South Napanee.

"West Brook" studio, music classes and private school will remain open all through the summer holidays.

Mr. Fred. Vandewater and wife, of Peterboro, spent Saturday, Sunday and Monday in town.

Mr. Fred. York, Tamworth, and Miss Nellie Kilpat, Marlbank, spent Sunday in town the guests of Mr. David York, Bridge street.

Mr. S. Hambly, South Napanee, is on the sick list

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Barnip, of Deseronto, were guests of her sister, Mrs. Lester Wagar, South Napanee, this week.

Miss Lucy Fingland spent a few days of this week in town.

Miss Minnie Smith, of the Robinson Co., made a trip to Toronto last week, on business.

Mrs. Wilkison arrived in Liverpool on Sunday, May 10th.

Miss Annie Fennell is on the sick list.

Mr. Kensal Priest, of A. E. Paul's book store, left on Tuesday last for Chicago, Ill., to live with his brother.

Mr. John Hawley, baggageman at the station, is very ill, and Mr. Will. Maybee will fill his place until he is better.

Miss Libbie Jenkins and Mr. Wm. Jenkins, of Leinster, spent Saturday in town.

Mr. Gunn, of Kingston, was in town on Wednesday last attending the funeral of the late Wm. Miller.

Miss Edna French spent Sunday with her parents near Roblin.

Alf. Burrows, of Belleville, spent a few days of this week in town.

Mrs. S. McKnight and Miss Pearl, of Forest Mills, spent last Saturday in town.

Mr. Lester Simmons, of Deseronto, spent last Saturday evening in town.

J. W. Robinson and wife were in Belleville on Wednesday.

Mrs. G. Granger and daughter, Mary, of Strathcona, spent Saturday last with friends in town.

MARRIAGES.

CADMAN—PETERS—At the Western Methodist Parsonage, Napanee, on the 6th inst., by the Rev. S. T. Bartlett, Robert O. Cadman, to Susan M. Peters, both of S Fredericksburg.

trial at Montreal on a charge of conspiracy to defraud George Margolus' creditors.

Does your wheel need repairing? Or do you want to purchase a new one? We can give you the best of satisfaction in either instance.

W. J. NORMILE

224t Sign of the Golden Wheel.

John Barrie, an aged resident of Bath, died at the Kingston General Hospital on Saturday morning. He was 71 years of age. His body was removed to Bath for interment.

Cheese sold at the Board meeting at Picton on Wednesday for 11-1-8c, a pound. Now that the Montreal strike is at an end the shipments for the next two weeks from Kingston, Napanee, Picton Brockville, and other points where Boards meet weekly, are expected to be large.

The cheese board meets this (Friday) afternoon in the council chamber, in the town hall, at 2 p.m. The election of officers for the year and other business will be transacted. A full report of the proceedings of this board will be found in this paper from week to week, so that those interested may keep themselves posted as to the price realized for cheese, etc.

A CHANGE.

By a recent change in the postal regulations, news letters addressed to a newspaper, when marked "Printer's Copy," and left unsealed will pass through the mails at the rate of one cent per two ounces. Correspondents of the EXPRESS will please take note of this and only use a one-cent stamp on the unsealed correspondence, unless the weight exceeds two ounces.

Parties visiting Picton on Victoria Day should not omit to visit "Glenwood Cemetery". Besides the beautiful grounds, walks, trees and flowers, a mortuary chapel has lately been erected contiguous to the vault, various benevolent societies viz: Masonic, Oddfellows, Foresters and others have placed therein stained glass memorial windows, in memory of departed brethren. The designs are appropriate and beautiful and well worth going to see. Go with the Foresters on the above date and enjoy yourselves.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

John Toppings, the young man from Deseronto, who is charged with abducting a fifteen-year-old girl named Minnie Clarke, had his trial before Lazier, Belleville Monday. The case occupied the attention of court all day Monday and a large number of witnesses were examined. Judge Lazier decided to give judgment to day; Friday. Mr. George Deroche, of Deseronto, appeared for the prisoner and Mr. P. J. M. Anderson appeared for the Crown.

BRIGHT BARGAINS —FOR— BRIGHT DAYS.

\$1.00 High Step Ladder.....	37c	Boys Ribbed Cotton Hose, 2 pr. for....	15c
90c. Heavy Step Ladder.....	78c	Ladies' Plain Cotton Hose, per pr.	10c
40c Heavy Splint Clothes Basket.....	85c	Turkish Bath Towels per pair.....	25c
\$1.00 Large Willow Clothes Baskets....	83c	Men's 25c Braces for.....	21c
Curtain Poles complete.....	23c	Men's Cotton Sox, 3 pair for.....	26c
Window Screens any size.....	25c	Men's Flannelette Shirts.....	23c
Good Heavy Wash Boards at.....	15c	Prints and Gingham, per yard.....	5c
85c Cedar Hand Made Tubs.....	69c	Art Muslins, per yard.....	5c
Carpet Tacks, 2 pkgs for.....	5c	Towelling, per yard.....	5c
Carpet Beaters going at.....	10c	Heavy Duck Prints, per yard.....	10c

McINTOSH BROS'.
Wm. A. GARRETT, Manager. RENNIE BLOCK.

Miss O'Brien has always had the confidence of the Board and the favor of her pupils, and her enforced retirement will be deeply regretted.

—GRAND— CELEBRATION —IN— KINGSTON

—ON—
Victoria Day, May 25.

GREAT MILITARY REVIEW

Participated in by the Gentlemen Cadets of the R. M. C. and "A" and "B" Batteries, Royal Canadian Field Battery, P. W. O. Rifles, Highland Cadets, Army Service Corps, Boys' Brigades, Veterans, Montreal Field Battery,

ROYAL SCOTS, OF MONTREAL,

Canada's famous Highlanders, (in kilts), making one of the grandest military spectacles ever witnessed in Canada, representing branches of the British Service.

Baseball Festival, Parade of Firemen, Horse Races.

The greatest day of sport ever held in Kingston. Special rates on all railroads and steamboats.

J. H. BELL, Mayor, W. C. MARTIN,
Chairman. Secretary.

THE HILLACRE

HOMESTEAD.

"Why, it's rediklis," declared Aunt Melzena Mellen.

"Perfectly owdacious," agreed Uncle Simeon.

"Does the gal expect to live on grass an yarbs like the cowbrutes?" grumbled Cousin Gideon.

"She better of took the five hundred dollars Squire Stafford offered her," said Uncle Simeon, sagely. "It's more'n the ole place is wuth, half rocks an' the rest growed up with mullen-stalks an' hoarhuns an' wild chamomile."

"An' five hundred dollars would of sot her an' Steve Kimble up real nice," pursued Aunt Melzena briskly stirring away at a huge kettle of soft soap.

And so the chorus went on among the Mellen and Hillacre relations, far and near, and all because Mollie Hillacre, self-willed girl, refused to part with the old homestead and its twenty acres of sterile soil, which had become hers on the death of Grandpa Hillacre, some few months previous.

Among all the clan there was no one to take Mollie's side of the question but old Uncle Dabney Mellen who occupied the adjoining farm.

"Mollie ain't nobody's fool, I ken tell ye," he would say, nodding his head wisely. "An' of the hangs onter the old homestead she'll make it pay, one way or another, or my name ain't Dabney Mellen."

But the other relatives shook their heads forebodingly and declared that "a wilful woman must have her own way," and they washed their hands of her entirely.

"As she makes her bed, so she must lay in it," declared Uncle Simeon, tritely. "An' if she comes to grief she needn't s'pect us to help her out."

"Of course not," echoed the rest. But still Mollie persisted in "taking her own head" in spite of their predictions and prognostications.

Even Steve Kimble, Mollie's affianced lover, sided against her. He was a distant cousin on the Mellen side.

"What could we ever do here, Mollie?" he argued. "I couldn't make a livin' on this old wornout ground! Tain't fit fur nothin' but black-eyed peas. Why, it wouldn't grow a bushel o' wheat to the acre! An' look at the old sheep pasture! The ain't skeersely a blade o' grass on it all summer. But if we had the five hundred dollars I could set up a store at the cross-roads, and we'd soon be a gittin' rich."

"But I love the old place, Steve," persisted Mollie. "I was born here, you know, and—"

"Shin'k! what if you was," interrupted Steve, impatiently. "Well, you kin have your choice, Mollie. If you think more o' the ole place than you do of me, why keep it. But you can't have both, that's all."

"Steve," cried Mollie, "do you mean it?"

"Yes," returned "Steve, sullenly, "I do mean it."

"There's your ring, then," said Mollie, quietly, "and good evening."

And she walked proudly up the grass grown walk to the house, while Steve slung himself angrily away.

Here was fresh food for the gossips, for the news of Mollie's broken

coffee, tea, sugar and other necessary commodities.

Uncle Dabney's horse and wagon was always at Mollie's service on Saturday's to convey herself and "truck" to market, which proved quite a convenience to the young householder.

The old orchard, too, which had been well trimmed and cared for, showed its gratitude by producing quite a crop of Harvest Sweetings and Northern Spies, affording Mrs. Hull ample means for the exercise of her culinary skill in the construction of luxurious "pandowdies," "apple cobbblers" and the like, while the milk from "Buttercup," the little Jersey cow, furnished butter for the table and cream for the tea and for the big bowl of raspberries or blackberries which figured daily at the evening meal.

But, while affairs continued to go swimmingly for Mollie, the croakers found fresh cause for gossip in that very fact.

"They live mighty fine, an' set a tip-top table," admitted Aunt Melzena, who had been "spending the day" at the old homestead. "But I dunno how Mollie works it. I'm feared she goes in debt for all them nicks-nax."

But Mollie was too smart a girl to go in debt, and if she did not lay up much, she paid her way as she went.

"Miss Mollie," said the Professor one day, taking a seat on the porch beside Mollie, who was scraping carrots for dinner, "what do you think these are?"

Mollie gave a cursory glance at the rough-looking bits held out to her. The Professor was always exhibiting "specimens" of one kind or another.

"I should say they were rocks," returned Mollie, in true Western dialect.

"Exactly," smiled the Professor. "But what kind of rocks?"

"I don't know," was the answer. "I don't know one kind of rock from another."

"So I thought," returned the Professor, gravely. "If you did, you would not be keeping boarders for a living."

Mollie looked up in surprise.

"Why?" she asked, with some curiosity. "What have rocks to do with my keeping boarders?"

"Just this," was the answer. "This bit of white rock here I clipped off of a ledge in the old sheep pasture, on the hill side. And to the best of my knowledge and belief, that ledge is magnesian limestone, a superior kind of building stone which is in great demand. This other is a bit of different kind of rock, but quite valuable also, and is used for door and window sills. It is worth forty cents a square foot, and there is no doubt but what it exists in abundance on your farm. But if the other proves to be really magnesian limestone, you could sell out to-morrow for ten thousand dollars, Miss Mollie!"

"O, Professor Tallman! But how—but how should I go to find out?" asked Mollie, clasping her hands excitedly.

"Leave it to me," said the Professor, kindly. "I am going to the city to-morrow on business, and I will take these bits of rock" and exhibit them, to the proper parties. Then, Miss Mollie, you can either lease or sell your property to good advantage."

"I shall not sell," declared Mollie, "if I can help it."

"In due time the Professor returned. The specimen he had exhibited proved to be magnesian limestone, and two business men accompanied him to inspect the ledge.

PARIS LEAGUE FOR CRIME

HEADED BY MME. THE BARONESS DE GORDOUE.

Ruled 200 Murderers and Burglars, for Whom She Planned Crimes.

The head of the Paris Murderers and Burglars' trust has just been discovered, and turns out to be a woman, Mme. the Baroness de Gordoue, 21 years old, a veritable Pierpont Morgan in respect to keenness, daring, broadness of view, and management of persons and things.

Ten days ago an old miser lost 75,000 francs in government bonds by an anonymous midnight visitor. As he had the numbers, the papers were quickly located in a banker's office. The man of money laughed in the police lieutenant's face. "Stolen? Impossible! I bought these bonds from one of our most esteemed and highly connected customers."

"Her name? Why, of course, Madame the Baroness de Gordoue, Folie St.-Cloi palace, Rue Reuilly."

Cloi palace used to be the home of one of Marie Antoinette's favorites, and the rent amounts to more than 30,000 francs per annum. Still, the lieutenant had his doubts, and decided to pursue the bird, no matter how precious the cage and how beautiful the plumage. The neighbors hardly knew her ladyship, as she was seldom seen on foot, and had so far refrained from calling—probably because she thought herself above Rue Reuilly folks.

VISITORS CALL AT NIGHT.

"Does she receive many visitors?" Never in daytime, as far as had been observed, but at night the great dining-room, where the ill-fated queen used to feast, and the grand salons that attracted the elite of gamblers before the revolution were brilliantly lit up, and carriages arrived as late as 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning.

An hour after midnight the lieutenant let himself and twelve policemen into the palace by means of skeleton keys. The vestibule was pitch dark, but sound of voices and clatter of glasses and porcelain indicated that there was high revelry on the floor above. Following the sounds, the cops reached a double door, and without ado entered, revolvers in hand. They saw an opulently set table, lit up by ancient silver candelabra, empty champagne bottles in plenty, and around the festive board nine gentlemen in evening dress, who were at once recognized as persons who occasionally had their pictures taken by the police. The other male guest wore a workman's blouse and shabby hat, while on the back of his chair hung a discarded false beard. There were also two ladies, dressed in a style fit for a hundred-francs box at the grand opera, only more decollete. While each of the police agents covered his man, the officer stepped up to the woman at the head of the table and, with a polite bow, asked: "The Baroness de Gordoue, I believe?"

"Correct"—this in a loud voice, and in an undertone: "Send away your men and everything will be satisfactorily explained"—arranged.

ARREST OF THE BARONESS.

Instead of answer the lieutenant put his hand on madam's naked shoulder and pronounced her under arrest, but at that moment a man, carrying a revolver, broke from a closet: "Your life if you hurt madame!" (The sergeant was talking

suite of rooms at a fashionable hotel, while the hotelkeepers endeavored to understand that aristocrat, living somewhere in the suburbs.

The baroness boasted—criminals arrested in her—robored the fact—that her associates well in leading their movements and a commission of 25 per cent gross proceeds of any theft, swindling operation, der planned, advocated, countenanced by her, for durst operate on his own No free lancing!

RULER OF 200 CRIMINALS

The police found in a secret list of over 200 police and occasional criminals, addresses and special qualities as "not averse to blood," "dies' pet," "good for pure revenge," etc.

Folie St Cloi hospital had as many as six or seven going, though only madame's band were admitted privileges. To "her" wounded in fights or other the course of their professions, the services of a graduate physician were extended. The latter gentleman was a madame's household and with the rest. A promise of the medical profession been ruined by his passion for women and seven ago established a secret among criminals, whom he cases of illness and injury they might have been arrested to an ordinary physician. hired the doctor by the y made him to practice outside practically set no limit to fullness, allowing him to the latest surgical instrument practice the most expensive. The police suspect that it also may have rendered poisoning cases and means of committing murder by poison, a physician, he would have been in procuring.

PERFUMES AND THE

Students of Singing Will Be Aware of Scent

Girls and others who take lessons are experiencing a few times sometimes attach to the "discovery." Those teachers follow assiduously the wrinkles from Paris he instructed that in future rigorously abstain from the perfumes, and the wearing of flowers. Needless to say have rebelled.

The new regulation has been ed by the Parisian professional music, following the certain experiments and actions made by French scientists according to a well-known to singing in that city, who vowing to make his pupils the new rule, the experiments were principally undertaken request of the teachers, that all strong perfumes are out to the delicate membrane throat.

Not only does this apply concentrated essences that bottles, but even to the odors that issue from themselves. The violet's according to the experiment with the laryngoscope, is, the most injurious of all, wearing of bunches of the and proverbially modest flowers strictly forbidden to be anxious to cultivate the

"Yes," returned Steve, sullenly, "I do mean it."

"There's your ring, then," said Mollie, quietly, "and good evening."

And she walked proudly up the grass grown walk to the house, while Steve slung himself angrily away.

Here was fresh food for the gossips, for the news of Mollie's broken engagement soon spread abroad, and the tongues wagged and heads were shaken more than ever.

But Mollie paid no heed to their fault-finding.

"I must contrive some way to make a living," she told herself, "and why not try keeping boarders? If the place is worth five hundred dollars to Squire Stafford, it's worth that much to me. The old house has rooms enough to quarter a regiment, nearly, and if the furniture is old-fashioned it's well preserved, and I must make it do. I think I can get grandpa's old housekeeper, Mrs. Hull, to stay and help me, as she has not made any engagement yet. And now for ways and means. The place is rocky, and worn-out, to be sure, but I'll have the old stable torn away—it's ready to tumble down anyway—and take that place for my garden, and a shed will do for the cow. I can raise vegetables enough, with a little outside help, to pay for most of my groceries, and the old orchard and the berry patch trimmed up a little, will bring quite a crop of fruit."

And having laid her plans, like a skillful general, Mollie went to work with a will.

Mrs. Hull's services were soon secured, and the old house put into "apple pie" order.

The windows were scoured, curtains taken down, washed and ironed, and put up again. Carpets were taken up, cleaned, and put down again.

The old-fashioned ponderous furniture was rubbed with turpentine, till you could see yourself in the tall bed-posts and chair backs, and the mirrors and brass fire-irons were polished till they shone again.

Uncle Dabney Mellen with his hired hand came and pulled down the rickety stable, chopped up the old logs into firewood, and plowed and harrowed the garden, besides helping Mollie to plant it.

And when all was ready a few judicious advertisements brought Mollie the requisite number of boarders.

There were Mr. and Mrs. Smythe, a wealthy elderly couple, who were charmed with the big rooms, the old-fashioned, claw-legged tables and chairs, the vine-hung porches and verandas and the wholesome country fare.

There was Mrs. Fenshawe, a gushing widow, who went into raptures over the beautiful view of crested hill tops and shadowy valleys, bounded by the far, blue-tinted horizon.

And there was Miss Tufton, a good-natured, placid-faced maiden lady, who was quietly content with everything about her.

Besides those already mentioned Mollie's boarders numbered a sallow-faced young gentleman, who had sought the country in quest of health, and a brisk, wide-awake geologist, Professor Tallman, whose chief delight and occupation was in gathering "specimens."

The garden thrived luxuriantly, and once a week Mollie took her early peas and cucumbers, mountain sweet corn and young cauliflowers to the neighboring village of Sweetbriar, where she readily disposed of them, bringing back their value in

exhibit them to the proper parties. Then, Miss Mollie, you can either lease or sell your property to good advantage."

"I shall not sell," declared Mollie, "if I can help it."

"In due time the Professor returned. The specimen he had exhibited proved to be magnesian limestone, and two business men accompanied him to inspect the ledge.

Before they left, Mollie was offered a good price for her farm, or one thousand dollars a year and a certain share in the profits of the quarry.

She accepted the latter offer, and soon the sound of hammer and drill was heard in the once despised sheep pasture.

The news was a nine days' wonder among the neighbors.

"As rocky as the Hillacre farm," had been a by-word in that locality for years, and now to think those self-same rocks were to be coined into money before their very eyes!

The astonished relatives flocked to the old homestead to congratulate Mollie on her good fortune.

Steve Kimble was one of the first to put in an appearance.

"You was right in holdin' onto the old place, Mollie, after all," he declared, radiantly. "And — and, of course you didn't think I meant to break off with you, for good and all, Mollie?"

"Indeed!" answered Mollie, with a smile.

"Of course not! I only wanted to try you, an' see if you wouldn't give in to my way o' thinkin'. But it's lucky you didn't after what's happened. And — say, Mollie, when shall the weddin' be?"

But Mollie drew herself up with a show of spirit, and she retorted, coolly:

"I don't know when your wedding will be, Mr. Kimble, but mine is to be the first of September. I've been engaged to Professor Tallman for two months."

And there was nothing for the disappointed Steve to do but hastily to take himself off.

Before Mollie's boarders left, in September, there was a merry wedding at the old homestead, to which all her relatives were invited; but the most honored among the guests was Uncle Dabney Mellen, his genial face aglow with good-natured triumph.

"I said our Mollie wasn't anybody's fool," he asserted proudly. "An' I reckon she's proved it."

And nobody felt disposed to dispute the assertion.

HARD MEDICINE TO TAKE.

"Doctor," said a fashionably dressed woman to her new physician, "I want you to give me a prescription which will cure me of a most irritating trouble." The doctor bowed, and waited for her to go on.

"About eleven o'clock every evening," said the patient, "I am overcome by a feeling of sleepiness, no matter where I am—at the opera, at a dinner-party, wherever I may be, this dreadful sensation comes over me. I have suffered from it now for five weeks, and no remedy has seemed to do any good."

"Oh, I can give you a prescription that will prevent it from overcoming you ever again," said the doctor.

His new patient was radiant, but when she looked at the slip of paper the doctor gave her, her face clouded. He had written:

"Bed from ten at night till seven the next morning. Repeat dose once in twenty-four hours, whenever symptoms recur."

satisfactorily explained" and — arranged."

ARREST OF THE BARONESS.

Instead of answer the lieutenant put his hand on madam's naked shoulder and pronounced her under arrest, but at that moment a man, carrying a revolver, broke from a closet: "Your life if you hurt madame." The slugging was quickly overpowered and soon the whole gang writhed on the floor, bound hand and foot and properly gagged.

Next the men of the law inspected the palace. A sumptuous house, priceless gobelins, pictures and statuary of great living and classic artists on the walls. There were three salons, a card room with a complete outfit of gamblers' paraphernalia, and a dozen or more bedrooms. The floor, walls, and ceiling of one of the latter were mirror-lined and a royal crown with the legend: "Here slept my queen" surmounted its bed of gilded cedar wood.

In the rear of the third floor the police came across a complete hospital, operating table, iron bedsteads, stretchers, bath, etc., and a stock of medicines, disinfectants, surgical instruments, and bandages, linens and plasters for dressing wounds. There were two patients, a young woman with a stiletto wound in her breast and a noted crook suffering from a shot in the leg. The rest of the floor and the attic above were used for storage purposes. Here was the most complete "fence" imaginable; silks, curios, articles of precious metals, among the latter a gold altar service, but recently stolen from one of the oldest churches in Paris.

KEPT RECORD OF HER CRIMES.

The lieutenant was indiscreet enough to search the golden bed for the secret lockers and found one containing the baroness' memorandum book with a long record of past burglaries and murders, also a few affairs of that sort planned for the near future.

They have a third degree examination in Paris, and the lieutenant succeeded in obtaining from madame the baroness the following admissions:

Age 21, real name Marie Therese Gourdon, nobility of her own creation; began her career as maid to a famous actress, became a woman of pleasure and fell in with some of the great rogues of the day, swindlers, gamblers, later on with burglars and murderers. Attained great sway over these men by reason of her beauty and resourceful mind, whereupon a number of them proposed, of their own accord, that she establish herself as leader of the elite of the Paris criminal classes.

WELL EQUIPPED FOR CRIMES.

With money gained in burglarizing a banking house on the Champs Elysees, the ancient palace in a secluded street was leased for a term of years and fitted up with business paraphernalia; telephone and telegraph — an expert crackman tended to the wires — lazaretto, depot of arms, poisons, explosives, trap doors, secret vaults, storerooms, accommodations for dozens of persons.

At the same time madame established connections with highly respectable banking and business houses where she visited in her carriage daily, depositing, selling, and exchanging the moneys, bonds, and other articles brought in by her associates.

She likewise kept track of events in society by seeking the acquaintance of people of culture and occasionally received these friends in her

bottles, but even to the odors that issue from themselves. The violet according to the experim with the laryngoscope, i the most injurious of all, wearing of bunches, of t and proverbially modest been strictly forbidden to are anxious to cultivate t

Prima donas and oth singers have been caution ing the dangers that lurk their corsage bouquets probable that they will show their appreciation of nificent floral tributes w admirers delight in show on them, by ostentation their faces among the d sons, and assuming an tatic bliss.

After all, to a layman the discovery was expou ally did not seem to sta as usual, in fact, the wor no one ever thought it. For it is well known tha of small depends for its a upon the tickling effect p the deposit upon the deli branes of the nose of im minute particles thrown odoriferous object.

Some substances smell That is because they e off no such particles, or particles which they do e of a nature to affect th membranes.

Among flowers this particularly. Some have they fall into the cl stances just described. I others is unpleasant bec throw off particles whi noxious to the membran latter rebel.

The so-called fragra notably the rose, the vio carnation, literally tickl tory membranes to a se sure and enjoyment, th worthy of note that sc abhor the scent of cer that to the majority seem deliciously fragrant

If, then, these odorif cles have such a lively a the nasal membranes, does not appear strange inhaled, as they must be they should have an it feet upon the membr throat, which are at lea tive as those of the n quires no great stretch agnation to conceive th haling of perfumes, there seriously interfere with singer's powers, which a dependent upon the perfo of the laryngeal membra

ONE WHO COULD

"Yes, my friends," ex teetotal lecturer, "there excuses for the glass. Tl says he must have his gl him well; the shiver must have his glass to warm; the hard-workin must have his glass to cool. But they lie, frien believe the workman wh can't work without his gl anyone to mention to m man who cannot work a better, without his glas it."

"I'll tell yer one." "I defy you to do so," lecturer. "I defy you, roared."

Then the voice observ "The glazier can't do glass."

The lecturer continue tion at a doubled disast

ooms at a fashionable hotelkeepers were given-derstand that she was an living somewhere in the

ness boasted — and the arrested in her house cor-the fact — that she kept lates well in leash, direct-movements and exacting a n of 25 per cent. from the exceeds of any burglary, nding operation, or murad, advocated, or merely ced by her, for no crook rate on his own account. uncing!

OF 200 CRIMINALS.
ce found in a secret draw-of over 200 professional ional criminals, with their and special qualifications, verse to blood," "the la- "good for purposes of etc.

Cloi hospital sometimes ny as six or seven beds ough only members of band were admitted to its To "her" criminals, in fights or otherwise in) of their professional lab-ervices of a graduated sur-ician were extended. This itleman was a member of household and was caught est. A promising member ical profession, he had d by his passion for gamb-women and several years ublished a secret practice minals, whom he tended in illness and injury, when t have been arrested going linary physician. Madame doctor by the year, for- to practice outside, and r set no limit to his use-allowing him to purchase surgical instruments and the most expensive cures. suspect that the doctor have rendered advice in cases and means for com-urder by poison, which, as n, he would have no trou-curing.

ES AND THE VOICE.

of Singing Warned to Aware of Scents.

d others who take singing e experiencing the incon-sometimes attached to sci-iscoveries. Those whose ollow assiduously the lates from Paris have been that in future they must abstain from the use of and the wearing of odors. Needless to say, many led.

regulation has been evol-Parisian professors of vo-following the results of experiments and observae by French scientists. Ac-a well-known teacher of that city, who is endea-make his pupils live up to ile, the experiments, which ipally undertaken at the teachers, have proved strong perfumes are injuri-delicate membranes of the

r does this apply to the ed essences that come in it even to the fragrant at issue from the flowers. The violet's perfume, to the experiments made laryngoscope, is, perhaps, injurious of all, and the bunches of these simple rially modest flowers has ly forbidden to all who e to cultivate their nature

INSECTS GUARD MILLIONS

GOLD MINES WHICH NO ONE DARE VISIT.

A Prospector's Fate in Australia —The Venomous Sand Flies of Tasmania.

Near Lake Carey in Western Australia the body of a prospector, or what had once been a prospector, was found half covered with earth at the base of a little hill where he had evidently been dry-blowing for gold. There had been a fall of earth which had caught him and pinned him down. Unable to move, he had been attacked by ants and literally eaten alive by millions of the insects.

Ants are the worst enemy of the gold prospector in Western Australia. Not so much for any injury they inflict in the way of bites, though these are bad enough. It is because they spoil all food. The commonest sort is a little yellow ant, which has an odor so abominable that if one so much as touches a piece of bread or meat, such food becomes uneatable and must be thrown away. In some places up near the granite ridge which lies between the coast desert and the inland waste of spinifex scrub there are claims rich in gold which have been abandoned simply on account of these pestiferous insects, says Pearson's Weekly.

About twenty miles from Mount Reid, on the west coast of Tasmania, there is a creek which is known to be rich in alluvial gold. Every now and then during the winter a party of prospectors go up to this place and begin gold washing, but so soon as the warm weather comes on back they come. The sand flies render life absolutely unbearable. These sand flies are tiny black insects, so small that a mosquito net will not keep them out. They bite venomously, and seem specially fond of settling upon the eyes. Men are frequently completely blinded by their bites.

A representative of the Alaska and Dominion Trading Company, who went up the Yukon three years ago, tells a terrible story of mosquitoes. In the summer of 1900 he and a friend, with a couple of Indian guides, went up from Dawson City to a place called Venner's Lake, where it was said that a very rich haul of placer gold had been made. They were warned that mosquitoes were worse in that region than anywhere else, so they provided themselves with every possible protection, including heavy hat nets. They found that the tales they had heard failed to equal the reality. The insects hung over the water like thick clouds of smoke; they were twice as big as the ordinary species, and their stings were like prods from a red-hot needle.

On their way up the stream along which they were rowing they heard a feeble cry from the bank. They landed and found an unhappy miner almost at death's door. It appeared that some days before he had lost one of his boots in fording a creek. The mosquitoes had settled on his exposed foot and bitten it so frightfully that it swelled enormously, and became useless. Unable to walk, the wretched man had been lying where they found him for 48 hours. He had covered his injured foot with clay, but the flesh had mortified, and he was in a desperate condition.

He told his rescuers that he had been on his way down to Dawson

HAPPY MINISTER'S WIFE

NOT THE MEER VICTIM THAT SHE USED TO BE.

Pastor's Helpmeet Belongs to His Home and Not to His Church.

The minister's wife of the kind that novelists still depict seems to be almost as nearly extinct as the unfortunate dodo. The minister's wife was once the "first lady" of the town where her husband preached; or, if the town was large, she was "the" first lady in the congregation over which her husband presided and "one of the first ladies" of the town, her only equals being the other first ladies who were the wives of other ministers. She was the social arbiter among the women of her congregation, and she set the styles and established the customs of the community.

Her prominence, however, was by no means enviable. She stood always in the limelight, or rather in the light of the stained glass window. Not only were her good points talked of, but her faults, if she had any—and most women do, even the ministers' wives — were grossly exaggerated. An innocent remark would be carried around and a few trills added to it with each of its repeated tellings, until finally it had become a saying of most portentous import. The minister's wife was always expected to be a pattern of decorum, and, more than that, the decorum she was expected to represent was not the kind that represented her ideas on the subject; instead, it was the congregation's ideal of decorum.

HER NARROW WAY IN LIFE.

The women of the congregation generally had an idea that there were two brands of decorum in the world. The first kind was the sort that the minister's wife had to represent; the second sort was the kind that applied to them.

Thus the minister's wife had a most unhappy time trying to steer a clear course through life. If she wore a pretty bonnet strictly in style to church the congregation declared that she was vain and frivolous, with a mind on nothing but worldliness and dress and no fit person to be the wife of a minister. If she wore her old bonnet until it was shabby and dilapidated the congregation, especially the women part of it, declared that she was slovenly and lazy and no proper helpmeet for the minister of their church.

The minister's wife to-day, fortunately for herself, has dropped in to a less exalted but far happier station in life. She is no longer a person of so much consequence as she was and she is devoutly pleased that this is so. She is no longer expected to take among the women of the church the same place occupied by her husband among the men.

ONLY THE MINISTER IS HIRED.

The women of the congregation no longer seem to regard the minister's wife as belonging exclusively to them. Congregations now concede that the minister has as much right to the orthodox home life as any other member of the congregation, and that his wife has her place and her duties there, rather than as a co-worker of the minister in the church.

In other words, congregations finally have discovered that the minister's wife was wedded to the minister himself and not to the church.

WAR ON SLAVE RIDERS

THE TRADE HAS FLOURISHED IN THE HAUSA COUNTRY.

The British Will Put a Stop to the Traffic in the Central Soudan.

Within the past three months British troops under Sir Francis Lugard have put an end to the supremacy of the Sultan of Sokoto, east of the Niger River, in the Central Soudan. They have also occupied the famous town of Kano and subjected its Sultan. The British flag is now supreme in the great country of the Hausa tribes between the Niger and Lake Tchad.

One of the most significant announcements in a long time relating to Africa is the statement in the London Times that the British now propose to make an end, once for all, to slave raiding and the slave traffic throughout the Hausa country.

The overshadowing evil of the central Soudan is slave raiding and the traffic in slaves. Up to this year, the evil has been entirely unchecked by any Caucasian influence; and there is probably no other part of Africa of equal size where the slave trade in recent years has flourished as in the Hausa country.

Most of the slaves are obtained, not from outside of Hausaland, but from Hausa villages and towns. The captors belong to the same tribe and race as the persons they enslave. The result is that the country has practically been in a condition of

PERPETUAL CIVIL WAR.

A petty Sultan at any time is likely to receive a message from his superior lord ordering him to send at once a certain number of slaves on pain of having his own towns raided. He accordingly selects some village within his territory or outside of it, against which he quietly sends a force large enough to overcome all resistance, attacks the town and carries off the inhabitants.

Those who resist are killed on the spot and the remainder are marched away in fetters. Many of them have been included in the annual tribute payable to the Sultan of Sokoto, while others are sent to some central slave market to be sold or taken back to the town of their captors.

When C. H. Robinson traveled in Hausaland a few years ago he said that about one thousand slaves were brought into Kano on a single occasion as a result of a slave-raiding expedition. Between Kano and Bida he passed a large number of towns and villages that had recently been destroyed, and whose inhabitants had been sold as slaves. This was done not by foreign invaders, but by the Sultan in whose territory the towns were included.

He found that slaves are to a large extent the currency of the country. A native who is about to travel usually takes with him slaves proportionate in number to the

LENGTH OF HIS JOURNEY.

After traveling perhaps 100 miles, he will sell a slave and then travel another 100 miles, when he will sell a second, and thus by the time he returns home he will have sold all his slaves and devoted the money to paying the expenses of his journey.

The maximum price for a 14-year-old girl in Kano is about \$35 to \$50. A young man of 18 brings about \$30, a man of 30 about \$20—

even to the fragrant issue from the flowers. The violet's perfume, or the experiments made with a laryngoscope, is, perhaps, the most curious of all, and the bunches of these simple and modest flowers have been forbidden to all who would cultivate their voices. Long and other operations have been cautioned concerning those that lurk hidden in the age bouquets, and it is that they will no longer appreciate the magisterial tributes which are sent in showering upon ostentatiously nestling among the dainty blossoms assuming an air of ecc-

to a layman, to whom it was expounded, it seems to be startling, and in fact, the wonder is that he thought it out before. It is well known that the sense of smell for its appreciation is a delicate effect produced by the delicate membrane of the nose of infinitesimally small particles thrown off by the object. Distances smell not at all. Cause they either throw particles, or because the high they do emit are not to affect the olfactory

owers this is the case. Some have no odor; into the class of sublimity described. The smell of unpleasant because they particles which are ob- the membranes, and the

called fragrant flowers, rose, the violet and the literally tickle the olfactory nerves to a sense of pleasure, though it is to note that some persons are scent of certain flowers the majority of mankind are usually fragrant.

these odoriferous particles have a lively action upon the membranes, it certainly appears strange that when they must be at times, it would have an injurious effect on the membranes of the nose at least as sensitive of the nose. It is a great stretch of the imagination to conceive that the interferences, therefore, might interfere with an operative work, which are so keenly upon the perfect condition of the nasal membranes.

WHO COULDN'T.

"Friends," exclaimed a sturrier, "there are many the glass. The sick man must have his glass to make; the shivering cabman his glass to make him a hard-working mechanic his glass to make him lie, friends. Don't workman who says he without his glass. I defy mention to me a workman cannot work as well, and about his glass as with

any one."

"You do so," said the other, "I defy you, sir!" he

voice observed: "If you can't do without his workman continued that oration decided disadvantage."

fully that it swelled enormously, and became useless. Unable to walk, the wretched man had been lying where they found him for 48 hours. He had covered his injured foot with clay, but the flesh had mortified, and he was in a desperate condition.

He told his rescuers that he had been on his way down to Dawson City to find a partner to help him work a new claim where gold, he said, was as thick as gravel. He had about him nearly three pounds' weight of very pure coarse gold. In his gratitude he promised the Alaska and Dominion man to show him where his El Dorado lay. But before he could do so he died of blood poisoning induced by the bites, and the secret of his find died with him. The mosquitoes still guard this marvellous claim, and prospectors are very shy of venturing up into so dangerous a neighborhood.

Of all vile insects that exist, none is more terrible than the Berne fly. The female lays her eggs beneath the skin, and does so quietly and painlessly that the unhappy victim knows nothing of it until there hatch out several hideous insects, each with three rings of bristles around its body, and provided with sharp nippers. These take six weeks to develop beneath the skin, and then produce dreadful sores, which become gangrenous if not quickly attended to. The Berne fly is known over large areas of Brazil, but seems to be far more common than anywhere else at the foot of the Goyaz Mountains, where tradition has it that one of the richest of the old Inca mines is situated. Several expeditions have penetrated the forests in this direction during the past twenty years, but each has been driven back by the attacks of this hateful insect.

Another ancient mine once worked by Indians, and reported fabulously rich, lies in the mountains of Durango in Mexico. But so venomous and numerous are the scorpions which inhabit this barren region of rocks and sand that almost every exploring party which has endeavored to locate this long-lost treasure house has lost one or more of its members, and money will not persuade the natives of the region to venture there.

A HANDY QUESTION.

Joseph Chamberlain was delivering a political speech in Birmingham, England. The hall was so packed that not another human being could have crowded in. The enthusiasm was tremendous; but suddenly a scowling man arose in the middle of the crowd.

"What did Mr. Gladstone say in 1872?" he howled.

"Shame!" "Put him out!" yelled the crowd.

Three sturdy men hurled the inter-rupter a few yards, and others helped him to the street.

As he was picking himself up and brushing off the dust, he grinned pleasantly at a man who had followed him from the hall, and who asked, "What did Mr. Gladstone say in 1872?"

"I don't know," he replied, "and I don't care. I had a terrible tooth-ache, and I couldn't butt my way through that crowd, and the only thing to do was to get thrown out."

NOT WHOLLY IDLE.

Clara—"Does Harry help you with the housecleaning?"

Harriet—"Well, he hangs the pictures crooked and does the grum-bling."

another member of the congregation, and that his wife has her place and her duties there, rather than as a co-worker of the minister in the church.

In other words, congregations finally have discovered that the minister's wife was wedded to the minister himself and not to the church. It was the minister whom the congregation had hired and whose services were paid for by the church—not his wife's—and she has been allowed to step out of the church light and attend to the duties of her home.

People once did not recognize that a minister's home presented perhaps more domestic problems and needed the faithful attention of his wife fully as much as did the home of any one else. The members of the church were aggrieved if the minister's wife was not as prompt in making parochial calls as was her husband. If she failed to be present at all the various prayer and class meetings and to join in the other services of the church the subject was always fully and freely discussed, especially by the women of the congregation, and generally a few hard faced old ladies would do their stern duty by calling on the minister's wife and reminding her that she was a hindrance and a stumbling block to the development of the church, and that she was not doing her part in the spread of the gospel.

HOUSEHOLD DUTIES.

Other women of the congregation could miss as many services as they pleased and be excused on the ground that their household duties first had to be considered, but not the minister's wife. According to the congregation, her first and only interest was in the church. Her house in some miraculous manner was supposed to take care of itself, and her children were the marvelous kind that could worry along without a mother's continual and watchful care.

The fact that many minister's wives found themselves unable to oppose the united sentiment of the congregation as to their duties and so attended to the church to the neglect of their homes and children may have resulted in their children's turning out in a way that gave rise to the old saw, "The minister's children are the devil's grandchildren."

Who the first minister's wife was who framed a new declaration of independence is not known. But it is certainly true that the minister's wife of to-day is not the meek victim that she used to be. She lives according to her own ideals, instead of those of the congregation. Her husband occupies his pulpit alone and a church storm will not burst forth with fury if she remains away from church now and then. She occupies the same position as the lawyer's wife or the doctor's wife, and is not supposed to know any more about theology than the one knows about law, or the other about medicine. She is not expected to visit regularly every member of the congregation any more than the doctor's wife is supposed to go about and make calls upon her husband's patients, or the lawyer's wife is required to look up and visit her husband's clients and sit beside him in court as he makes his plea.

And she is indeed happy that this is so.

"You say there's a man at the door wishes to see me. Does he look like a gentleman?" "Well, not exactly like a gentleman; sir; just something like yourself."

another 100 miles, when he will sell a second, and thus by the time he returns home he will have sold all his slaves and devoted the money to paying the expenses of his journey.

The maximum price for a 14-year-old girl in Kano is about \$35 to \$50. A young man of 18 brings about \$30, a man of 30 about \$20—the price decreasing as the age advances.

This is one of the more thickly peopled parts of Africa; and it will be a great blessing to hundreds of thousands when the terrible evil of slave raiding is thoroughly suppressed. Life is not secure in Hausaland. Few persons know whether they will continue to have a home, a family and liberty from one week's end to another.

The certainty that the British have the power and the intention to suppress this terrible evil betokens better days and more prosperous and peaceful times for this region, which in spite of the barbarism from which it has suffered, is in many respects more highly developed than most parts of tropical Africa.

PAID FOR HIS BOAST.

A man moved to the country and bought a farm. He was just getting settled when a man with a book under his arm leaned over the fence and said:—

"Just bought this land?"

"Yes."

"Very fine farm."

"Yes, sir; very fine."

"Must be worth \$2,000."

"More than that. I paid \$3,000 for it. Then there are indications of coal on it, which are alone worth \$5,000."

"You don't mean it?"

"Yes, sir. There's coal on it. Then the new railway is going across one corner. I consider my farm worth \$15,000 of any man's money."

"Fifteen thousand, eh?"

"Yes, sir, \$15,000 at least. I wouldn't take a penny less. What are you putting down in the book?"

"Oh, nothing much. You see, I am the tax assessor. Other farms round here are not worth more'n \$1,500 or \$2,000, but I've just put yours down at the figure you mentioned because you insist 'Good mornin', sir; glad you've moved into the neighborhood, and hope you'll stay some time.'"

ELECTRIC HEATING.

An English invention for the use of a current of electricity instead of steam to heat a radiating surface consists of a layer of powdered carbon, placed between enameled iron plates, and kept in position with asbestos cardboard. This constitutes the radiator, into which are led three copper strips, one at the center and one at each end, and a continuous current of electricity is passed from the center strip to the end strips. With a current of eight amperes, at 200 volts, a heating surface of 25 square feet can be kept at an average temperature of 190 degrees Fahrenheit.

BATHED ONCE A YEAR.

"The marbles in Westminster Palace are treated to a bath once a year. They are first sponged off with water and then 'pickled.' The pickle consists of a solution of soft soap and sulphur, which removes the incrustations due to the smoke laden atmosphere and is said to do the marble no harm."

According to Sir James Crichton Browne, the air of London contains 150,000 proportional parts of dust, as 221,000 in Paris.

OTTAWA RAVAGED BY FIRE

About Seventy-five Acres of the Rochesterville Section of the City in Ashes.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The fire king once again held full sway in Ottawa on Sunday and the city underwent its second great baptism of fire. A smouldering mass of ruins, with a solitary chimney or broken walls standing here and there, tell the tale of an awful conflagration laying waste the area between the Canada Atlantic Railway tracks at the south, Division street on the east, Albert on the north, and the tracks of the C. P. R. Prescott line and Third avenue on the west. About two hundred houses were destroyed, probably 800 or 1,000 people are homeless, and the financial loss totals about \$375,000 or \$400,000. The blaze started in the lumber piles near the C. A. R. tracks, just west of Preston street. The fire-swept area, about 75 acres, was in part the same as that over which the great fire of 1900 burned, only it commenced where that one left off and worked in an opposite direction.

MAMMOTH LUMBER PILES.

There were two lumber-pile fires on Sunday, but it was the later one that caused the damage. Shortly before noon a blaze was discovered in J. R. Booth's piles, corner of Broad street and the Richmond Road. How it originated is unknown, but only about 100,000 feet of green lumber was burned, and Mr. Booth placed that loss at only \$1,000. The fire was checked, however, only by well-directed efforts by firemen. It was just about 3.30 when an alarm came in from Box 153, corner Preston and William streets, for the big fire of the day. The blaze started in the Preston street lumber yard of J. R. Booth, just north of the tracks of the Western Division of the Canada Atlantic Railway. When it was first noticed the fire was only an incipient one, and in less time than it takes to tell it the piles commenced to catch.

It was an ideal day for a fire. After a long-continued drought everything was as dry as tinder, and the wind blew from the southwest with all the velocity of a gale.

BREAK IN THE WATER MAIN.

It was just when the fire started that a break in the water works system occurred, and had the effect of temporarily paralyzing work on the part of the fire brigade. In the meantime, the pumps were practically stopped, and for half an hour, just when the water was most needed, none of it was going through the mains.

At the end of that time, however, the pumping was resumed, and while 100 was registered at the pumping station, the pressure on the district where the fire was registered was comparatively weak, for the mains up there are small, and but for the fire engines little force could have been got on.

Half an hour had by that time elapsed, and the blaze was burning with an awful intensity. It was sweeping down Preston, along Rochester, south of Poplar, and was making its way for Liviston street. The residents of the locality were terrified, but most of them exhibited presence of mind enough to attempt

walks. Belated people were moving salvage to temporary homes, some carts, others who had found more convenient shelter were passing along in grim processions with arm loads of their effects. But everywhere were groups of late dwellers in the burnt section, telling their experiences or expatiating upon their losses, loath to leave the scene of their second turn of hard luck.

There was great excitement at the C. P. R., and, anticipating that the depot would go, Superintendent Spencer and his staff commenced as early as four o'clock to get out. Everything movable, even to the telegraph instruments, were taken out, and loaded on a special freight train, ready to steam out at a minute's notice. All the engines were taken from their stalls at the roundhouse, and a lot of rolling stock was moved over to the Mull side. There was a great quantity of freight at the sheds, and a part of this was hurriedly delivered. The flames, however, did not get across Broad street, and the whole C. P. R. property was saved with but trifling damage.

REDISTRIBUTION OF SEATS.

Proposals Presented at a Meeting of the Committee.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The committee for the redistribution of constituencies had their first meeting on Monday morning. The readjustment of the Ontario seats was under discussion, and from the best terminated to proceed on the following lines: The unit of population is to be 25,000. All counties under that unit and up to a unit and a half are entitled to one member. Counties over a unit and a half and up to two units and a half are to be given two members. Counties over two and a half units will be accorded three members. The total representation of Ontario will be eighty-six members. Under the redistribution two new members must be given to New Ontario, and the addition of the suburban population to Toronto will mean another member for that city. Including the six which the Province must lose by its failure to increase in the necessary proportion of population, this makes nine members to come off old Ontario's representation. Proceeding on the lines laid down by the committee, the numerical representation of the constituencies of Ontario would be as follows:

THE CHANGES INEVITABLE.

Five members—Toronto.
Four members—Middlesex, including London.
Three members—Simcoe, York, Grey, Algoma, Wentworth (including Hamilton), Huron, Carleton (including Ottawa), Leeds and Grenville, Durham and Northumberland.
Two members—Essex, Kent, Elgin, Lambton, Bruce, Wellington, Perth, Lanark, Renfrew, Frontenac (including Kingston), Hastings, Peterborough, Waterloo, Oxford, Brant, Ontario.
One member—Norfolk, Haldimand, Welland, Lincoln, Muskoka, Parry Sound, Peel, Dufferin, Halton, Nipissing, Bruce, Glengarry, Stormont

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Very Latest Items From All Parts of the Globe.

DOMINION.

The recent assessment shows Dundas town to have a population of 3,312.

The Dominion Iron & Steel Company may set up a shipbuilding plant at Sydney.

It is proposed to start lady teachers in Stratford Public schools with a minimum salary of \$280 instead of \$250.

Hamilton Board of Health are taking steps to compel a more clean handling of meat on the market than obtains at present.

Robert Hamilton, under arrest at Winnipeg, is believed to have had a hand in the numerous burglaries there in March and April last.

Hamilton Retail Grocers' Association has endorsed the by-law to raise money for good roads and a better water service.

Charges on the Grand Trunk from Chicago to New York will be reduced from 20c to 18c on domestic grain, and from 17½c to 15½c on export.

The realty assessment in Winnipeg amounts to \$30,841,360, an increase of over \$6,000,000. This does not include \$7,731,770 which is exempted.

In a letter to Captain Logie of Hamilton, Sir Frederick Borden says no decision has yet been reached regarding a kilted regiment for that city.

The License Commissioners of Brockville have issued instructions forbidding license holders to screen their bar rooms by curtains, blinds, etc., on pain of prosecution.

Col. A. D. Davidson, of Duluth, and associates have purchased the land grant of the Canadian Northern Railway, exceeding three million acres, the consideration being twelve million dollars.

A man who took the place of strikers on the Canada Atlantic Railway at Bearbrooke, Ont., was refused anything to eat at all the boarding houses in the village, and food had to be sent from Ottawa.

Because of the cost of maintenance and the difficulty in procuring a suitable site for same, Montreal Council by a vote of 18 to 14 has decided to do without a Carnegie Library, and will return the \$150,000 given them for the purpose.

Windsor Board of Trade is memorializing the Dominion Government for a law making it compulsory for business men to keep systematic books of account, and in the event of their becoming insolvent, and failing to produce such books, such a failure to be considered a criminal offence.

FOREIGN.

Japan's naval programme proposes an expenditure of \$5,750,000 per year for ten years.

Governor Odell of New York State signed a bill prohibiting interference by labor unions or others with members of the National Guard.

It is reported that General Von Gossler, the German Minister of War, retired because he did not approve of increasing the army.

When President Roosevelt visits Stockton, Utah, Thomas Wilson, stage driver, will line up his sixteen sons to receive him; each son is six feet tall.

DOMINION PARLIA

LORD DUNDONALD

On motion to go into sup Bourassa brought up the qu public statements made by Dundonald and relations the Commander of the forces and the Minister of The trouble came not from t of officers commanding th but from defective system. referred to the speech made b Dundonald at the St. Georg banquet at Hamilton, in w contended the officer was c his authority. He was not per person to make public a ments as to the military pe the country. That was the of the Minister of Milit political head of the depart Sir Frederick Borden, M Militia, did not agree wi assa in his criticism of Lo donald. There was nothing plain of in Lord Dundonald ances, and he thought Lor donald had no intention of authority.

FIRST READINGS

Respecting the Interprovin James Bay Railway Comp Talbot.

Respecting the Quebec Bri pany.—Mr. Talbot.

Respecting the Lindsay, geon, and Pontypool Railw pany.—Mr. Hughes.

Respecting the Nopigon ar Island Railway Company.— ment.

Respecting the Toronto an ton Railway Company.—M bell.

Respecting certain trust f the Diocese of Moosonee.—M

Respecting certain patents to P. Demers and others.— lery.

To incorporate the Hamil lin and Collingwood Railw pany.—Mr. Cowan.

To incorporate the Colum Improvement Company.—M her.

To incorporate the St. Transportation Company.— gan.

To incorporate the Southe ral Pacific Railway Comp Logan.

CHINESE POLL TA

In committee on Bill i Chinese Immigration, Sh Laurier explained that the teration from the old bill provision to raise the Chin tax from \$100 to \$500. was read a third time and

BILLS INTRODUCED

The following bills were ed:—To incorporate the and Longueuil Bridge Co.— frion. To incorporate the Saskatchewan & Hudson way Co.—Mr. Davis. To ate the St. Chrysostom Rai Mr. Brown. To incorpo Canadian Yukon Western Co., also to incorporate t art River Development Co.— Davis. Respecting the Ha Lake Erie Power Co., and t its name to the Jordan Li and Power Co.—Mr. Gern specting the United Empire surance Co.—Lieut.-Col. T To incorporate the Pacific Canada—Mr. Gallher. To ate the Algonquin Lumber Co.—Mr. Gould. To incorp Gaspe & Western Railway Gauvreau. Respecting the Bridge Co. and to c name to the Montreal & Terminal Co.—Mr.

man an hour had by that time elapsed, and the blaze was burning with an awful intensity. It was sweeping down Preston, along Rochester, south of Poplar, and was making its way for Division street. The residents of the locality were terrified, but most of them exhibited presence of mind enough to attempt to save their household effects. From every door and window, bedsteads, mattresses, crockeryware, and articles of furniture were being carried, people who had been attracted to the district taking off their coats and lending a helping hand. But there was a dearth of rigs, and, as usual, people who had them were in many cases demanding exorbitant prices. Household effects in numerous cases were placed on vacant lots, only to be overtaken later by the flames, and wiped up in an instant before they could be saved.

By five o'clock the flames had worked their way as far south as Somerset street, while the gale continued strong from the southwest, and grave fears were entertained that the fire would retrace its steps and go over the whole Chaudiere and Hull district, as in 1900.

BATTLE WITH THE FLAMES.

At this time the fire brigade was at work with streams, going here and there, but in the face of such a wind and with the fire making such headway, little of effect could be done. By seven o'clock the flames had extended down from Somerset street to near Albert street and it looked as though the C. P. R. union depot, freight sheds and the Chaudiere proper would go. Shortly after this, however, the wind veered and blew from the southeast. Big piles of wood surrounding J. R. Booth's old residential property became ignited and were fast being eaten up. Just across the street thousands of feet of lumber were piled, and right behind those piles stood the depot and yards of the C. P. R. There was no hose in the locality at the time and a party got hose from the corporation yard, improvised a connection with a stand pipe, and soaked the piles north of the Richmond Road.

BROUGHT UNDER CONTROL.

By nine o'clock the blaze was pretty well under control. As night fell and the red moon rose full over the city the scene witnessed by the crowds gathered on Primrose Hill was one of weird splendor. To the east the city looked peaceful and almost serene in its security. All to the south was a glowing furnace now dying down into crimson heaps, with hear and there spurts of flame from thick lumber piles. Over the whole area the glare of smouldering fires lit up the district, and above it hung a swaying mass of smoke. Flames still burned fiercely in one spot. It was the very western limit of the conflagration, and marked the place on Wellington street where Mr. J. R. Booth had piled a large quantity of firewood. This burned greedily till midnight, lighting up the ruin of the Booth homestead. It had not been rebuilt after the famous fire of three years ago, and stood out naked and defiant in the light of the new-made ruins around it. Under the night sky and canopy of smoke the scene of the conflagration lengthened out in perspective till the twinkling fire points that marked its farthest confines seemed to be miles and miles away.

A SCENE OF DEVASTATION.

Some evidences of the day's confusion were still to be met with on the streets bordering the line of safety. Occasional heaps of household goods in all the unsightliness of hasty deposit littered the side-

Two members—Elgin, Kent, Elgin, Lambton, Bruce, Wellington, Perth, Lanark, Renfrew, Frontenac (including Kingston), Hastings, Peterboro', Waterloo, Oxford, Brant, Ontario.

One member—Norfolk, Haldimand, Welland, Lincoln, Muskoka, Parry Sound, Peel, Dufferin, Halton, Nipissing, Prescott, Glenora, Stormont, Russell, Dundas, Lennox and Addington, Prince Edward, Victoria.

RIDINGS THAT DISAPPEAR.

The ridings of Bothwell, Brockville, Cardwell and West Ontario disappear. Dufferin takes the place of Cardwell, and Lennox and Addington are united. Muskoka and Parry Sound become separate constituencies. Algoma gains two new members, and Kent, Toronto and Brant one each. On the other hand, the ridings of Norfolk, Middlesex, Bruce, Wellington, Hastings, Durham (with Northumberland), lose one each.

With respect to the other Provinces, there will be no changes of counties in Quebec, but all the parochial and township alterations made at the last gerrymander are remedied and original county limits re-established.

In Nova Scotia Victoria will be merged in Cape Breton, and Pictou is to lose a member. In Prince Edward Island representation will be in accordance with county limits. In New Brunswick Albert will be merged into King's. The western constituencies have apparently not yet been drawn up.

KING EDWARD IN SCOTLAND.

Meets With Enthusiastic Reception at Edinburgh.

A London despatch says: King Edward and Queen Alexandra, accompanied by large suites, left London on Monday morning to pay their first ceremonial visit to Scotland. They arrived at Edinburgh in the evening. Their Majesties were greeted by big crowds of people while driving in semi-State to the railroad station, escorted by a detachment of the Household Cavalry.

The King and Queen arrived at Edinburgh on Monday evening, and were enthusiastically welcomed. They were met by Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Secretary for Scotland; the Earl of Errol, Lord High Constable of Scotland; Lord Rosebery, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Archibald Hunter, commanding the forces in Scotland, and the Lord Provost and members of the corporation in their official robes. While a salute was fired from the castle the keys of the city were presented to the King, who returned them, saying they could not be in better hands than those of the corporation. After the ceremony their Majesties were driven in a semi-State carriage to Dalkeith Castle.

NAVAL PROGRAMME.

\$57,000,000 to Be Spent in Japan in Next Ten Years.

A despatch from Tokio, Japan, says:—The projected naval programme proposes the expenditure of \$5,750,000 per year for ten years.

KILLS HIS TORMENTOR.

Crowd of Men Teased an Italian With Fatal Results.

A despatch from Sydney, O.B., says:—A crowd of men were tormenting an Italian on Wednesday night, when the goaded man stabbed John Kelly in the breast, inflicting a wound causing almost immediate death. The man escaped.

Gorsler, the German Minister of War, retired because he did not approve of increasing the army.

When President Roosevelt visits Stockton, Utah, Thomas Wilson, stage driver, will line up his sixteen sons to receive him; each son is six feet tall.

Col. Asa Philip Stanford, elder brother of the late Leland Stanford, Governor of California, twice United States Senator and many times a millionaire, died in New York on Wednesday in poverty.

As the result of a dispute over a line fence, Gasper E. Barnum, farmer, of Potsdam, N. Y., lies at the point of death, from wounds produced by an ax, and James Sullivan, enfeebled and 73 years of age, is locked up as his assailant.

12 MEN BURNED TO DEATH.

Members of a Construction Train on the C. P. R.

A Winnipeg despatch says: One of the most horrible catastrophes in the history of the West occurred at 1 o'clock on Thursday morning on the main line of the C. P. R. near Dexter Station, about 52 miles east of Fort William. A tie train, running at a high rate of speed, was derailed and thrown completely into the ditch. In the boarding car attached to the rear end of the train, and filled with employees, 12 men were burned to death, being unable to extricate themselves from the upturned caboose. Eight others were so seriously injured and burned that a number may die. Advances of the terrible affair were rushed to Fort William, and all the available medical aid, with nurses and appliances, for the relief of the injured, was despatched to the scene, arriving about 4 o'clock. The injured were tendered first aid, and then taken to Fort William Hospital.

The scene that presented itself to the more fortunate on the train, who hastened to render what assistance they could, was appalling. The cries of those confined in the burning car were plainly heard, but the fierceness of the flames made all attempts at rescue abortive. For a time it seemed that all the occupants of the car were doomed, when one of them was seen to fall through a window, and he was quickly followed by six or seven others, all of whom were fearfully burned. Their recovery is doubtful. Those who accompanied the injured here can offer no cause for the wreck. They all agree, however, that the victims suffered very little, some of them being dead before the flames reached them.

CANADIANS INVADE SOUTH.

A Project to Establish Colonies in the Cotton Belt.

A despatch from Washington says:—A party of well-to-do and influential French Canadians has passed through Washington, bound for the South, where they will make an extensive examination of the cotton belt with a view to selecting sites for one or more French-Canadian colonies. It is expected that this will prove to be the beginning of an extensive immigration by French-Canadians who have been attracted by the glowing accounts they have heard of the Southern States, and, impressed with the establishment of extensive cotton mills where the younger members of their families can find employment, are seriously contemplating the purchase of extensive tracts of land, which will be used by the older colonists for agricultural purposes.

Canada—Mr. Gallihier. To take the Algonquin Lumber Co.—Mr. Gould. To incorporate Gaspe & Western Railway, Gauvreau. Respecting the Bridge Co. and to change name to the Montreal & Terminal Co.—Mr. de la Roche. To incorporate thetimi & Northwestern Railway, Mr. Beland.

RAILWAY BILLS.

Three bills of great interest to the Counties of Elgin and Middlesex, and Western Ontario, were dealt with by the way Committee. They were respecting the St. Thomas Railway, the Southwestern Railway, and the Middlesex Interurban Railway.

The first bill conferred on the St. Thomas all the right powers possessed by the street railway company municipality. It provides for the management by a board of commissioners, and empowers the city to raise money for the improvement of the existing line and its extension 6½ miles south to the village of Port Stanley, on Erie. The latter provision of the bill was opposed by a relative of the Southwestern Co., which holds a franchise for the same route, but the bill was reported without action.

The Southwestern Railway asks to have its capital stock \$1,500,000, while both it and the Middlesex and Elgin Interurban increased powers of amalgamation and right of way. Chairmen of the committee upon them asked Mr. McDiarmid (Elgin) saw were not acceptable in their form to the different municipalities interested. They were referred over for a week to allow of objectionable portions being amended.

BANK BILLS.

At the Banking and Commerce Committee a bill respecting Crown Bank of Canada was introduced. A bill to incorporate the west Bank of Canada was the last meeting of the Bank Commerce Committee, but it was taken to the name by Mr. M. P. who said that it was with a bank in his court headquarters at Oshawa, which he called the Western Bank of Canada. On the suggestion of Mr. M. the name was changed to Northern Bank. The head of this bank is to be in Windsor.

The London and Loan Co. asked for a Dominion charter have now a Provincial charter. Minister of Finance said that objection to the bill was that the company was given power to issue money on the stock of other companies, which power they had in their charter, their affairs mixed up. It was also said that power of this kind would be a temptation to the amalgamation of companies. Mr. Cowan offered to restrict, but not to wipe out, and the bill stood.

BUSH FIRES IN MANITOBA.

Heavy Loss Caused to the Living Community.

A despatch from Edrad says:—Surrounded by a wall on three sides, the village of on Thursday night was in danger. For a mile the burning of the town was a sight, lighting up the village and the farmers burned amount to about \$40,000. Other sections did considerable damage yesterday.

ION PARLIAMENT

LORD DUNDONALD.
tion to go into supply, Mr. brought up the question of tatements made by Lord ld and relations between mmander of the Military id the Minister of Militia. ble came not from the choice s commanding the forces, i defective system. He re the speech made by Lord ld at the St. George's Day at Hamilton, in which he d the officer was exceeding ority. He was not the pro- to make public announce- s to the military policy of try. That was the business Minister of Militia, the head of the department. nderick Borden, Minister of id did not agree with Bour- his criticism of Lord Dun- There was nothing to com- in Lord Dundonald's utter- nd he thought Lord Dun- ad no intention of usurping y.
FIRST READINGS.
ing the Interprovincial and ay Railway Company.—Mr.

ting the Quebec Bridge Com- r. Talbot.
ting the Lindsay, Bobcay- nd Pontypool Railway Com- r. Hughes.
ting the Nipigon and Grand Railway Company.—Mr. Dy-

ting the Toronto and Hamil- way Company.—Mr. Camp-
ting certain trust funds in ese of Moosomee.—Mr. Osler, ting certain patents granted emers and others.—Mr. Gal-

orporate the Hamilton, Ber- Collingwood Railway Com- r. Cowan.
orporate the Columbia River ment Company.—Mr. Galli-

orporate the St. Joseph rtation Company.—Mr. Lo-
orporate the Southern Cen- sific Railway Company.—Mr.

CHINESE POLL TAX.
ommittee on Bill respecting Immigration, Sir Wilfrid explained that the only al- from the old bill was a n to raise the Chinese poll n \$100 to \$500. The bill d a third time and passed.
BILLS INTRODUCED.
llowing bills were introduc- incorporate the Montreal queuil Bridge Co.—Mr. Geof- To incorporate the Brandon, hewan & Hudson Bay Rail- —Mr. Davis. To incorpor- St. Chrysostom Railway Co. own. To incorporate the n Yukon Western Railway o to incorporate the Stew- r Development Co.—Mr. T. O. Respecting the Hamilton & ie Power Co., and to change e to the Jordan Light, Heat ver Co.—Mr. German. Re- the United Empire Life In- Co.—Lieut.-Col. Thompson. rporate the Pacific Bank of —Mr. Gallher. To incorpor- Algonquin Lumber & Power o. Gould. To incorporate the & Western Railway Co.—Mr. u. Respecting the Montreal Co. and to change its to the Montreal Bridge nial Co. — Mr. Bicker-

LEADING MARKETS.

The Ruling Prices in Live Stock and Breadstuff

BREADSTUFFS.
Toronto, May 12. — Wheat is steady at 71½c for No. 2 red and white east or middle freights. Goose is steady at 65c for No. 2 east. Spring wheat is steady at 70c for No. 1 and 69c for No. 2 east. Manitoba wheat is firmer. No. 1 hard is quoted at lake ports at 82c to 82½c and No. 1 northern at 81c to 81½c. Flour—Is steady. Cars of 90 per cent. patents are quoted at \$2.67½ to \$2.70 in buyers' bags middle freights. Choice brands are held 15c to 20c higher. Manitoba flour is steady at \$4.10 to \$4.20 for cars of Hungarian patents, and \$3.80 to \$3.90 for strong bakers' bags included, on the track Toronto.
Millfeed—Is steady at \$17 for cars of shorts and \$15 for bran in bulk east or middle freights. Manitoba millfeed is steady at \$19 for cars of shorts and \$17 for bran, sacks included, Toronto freights.
Buckwheat—Is nominal at 42c for No. 2 east.
Barley—Is steady at 43c to 44c for No. 3 extra and 40c for No. 3 middle freights.
Rye—Is steady at 52c for No. 3 east.
Corn—Is steady at 40c for Canadian mixed or yellow west. American corn is steady; No. 3 mixed is quoted at 50½c asked and No. 2 yellow at 51c on track Toronto.
Oats—Are steady at 30c for No. 2 white high freights, and 30½c middle freights; No. 1 white are quoted at 32c and No. 2 white at 31c east.
Oatmeal—Is steady at \$3.50 for cars of bags and \$3.65 for barrels on the track here, and 25c more for broken lots.
Peas—Are firmer at 63c for No. 2 middle freights, 62c high freights and at 64c east.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.
Butter—The offerings in all grades continue to increase, and the demand all round is fairly active, and especially so in the best grades. The quality of the offerings, however, does not seem to keep up to the mark. This is owing to the present time being between seasons in feeding. Quotations show an easier inclination in creameries.
Creamery, prints, 22c to 00c do solids, 19c to 20c Dairy large rolls, choice, 16½c to 17½c do pound rolls, choice, 17½c to 18c Cheese—There is more stock coming forward and prices are slightly lower at 13c for large and 13½c for twins.
Eggs—Continue fairly firm, with 13c per dozen quoted.
Potatoes—The market is steady, and prices have a firmer feeling. Cars on the track here are quoted at \$1 to \$1.05, and potatoes out of store sell at \$1.20 to \$1.25.
Baled Hay—There is plenty of stuff offering, and the market is quoted unchanged at \$9 per ton for car lots on the track here.
Baled Straw—Is steady and unchanged at \$5 per ton for car lots on the track here.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.
Toronto, May 12. — There was an active business in butchers' cattle transacted at the Western Cattle Market to-day, and the prices of all descriptions were firmly maintained. There was a scarcity of picked beef-

DEATH OF HON. DAVID MILLS

Summons Came While He Was Chatting With His Family.

An Ottawa despatch says: There passed away on Friday night, almost in the twinkling of an eye, a great Canadian statesman and jurist in the person of Hon. David Mills, ex-Minister of the Interior and Justice Departments, and one of the justices of the Supreme Court of Canada. The news of his death reached the Parliament Buildings after the House adjourned, but a number of Parliament representatives were in the building until midnight, and they were greatly shocked when they heard the sad intelligence.
Mr. Justice Mills was present on the Supreme Court Bench on Friday in apparently good health. He spent the evening with his family at his residence on Concession street, one of his visitors being his nephew,

Mr. N. Mills, postmaster of the House of Commons. The family were chatting pleasantly together, when shortly after ten o'clock Mr. Mills took an apparent spell of fainting, and then collapsed. The telephone was immediately brought into requisition, and Drs. Kidd and Robinson were summoned, but before they could reach the house Mr. Mills had passed to the Great Beyond. In less than five minutes from his attack of illness Judge Mills was no more.
In his death Canada loses one of her great men. As an authority on the Constitution he was without a peer; as a Parliamentarian he had few equals; as a jurist he was in the foremost ranks; as a man he was of the most kindly and lovable disposition. His end was sudden; it came as he would have wished. At the time of the death of Sir John Thompson he remarked that that was the kind of death he would like to die, if he had the choice; suddenly, without warning, without pain.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

The People's Representatives at the Provincial Capital.

TAXATION BILL.
Premier Ross' municipal taxation bill was read a second time, and was referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Barber, Gibson, Latchford, McKay, Pattullo, Pense, Pettypiece, Preston, Stock, Tudhope, Lee Duff, Beck, Carscallen, Foy, Hanna, Hoyle, Powell, Macdiarmid, and Whitney.
In moving the second reading, the Premier spoke on the salient features of the measure. Part of the report of the Commission is included in the bill, the Premier explained.
One feature to which special attention was called was the definition of the terms "land," "real property" and "real estate," among other things included being "all machinery, fixtures, buildings, structures and other things existing, erected or placed upon, in, over, under, or affixed to, land or any highway, road, street, lane or public place, or water, but not the rolling stock of any railway or street railway."
There is a provision for a tax on special franchises, the term meaning "every right, authority or permission to construct, maintain or operate within Ontario, in, under, above, on, or through any highway, road, street, lane, public place or public water, any such structures, or other things for the purposes of bridges, railways, tramways, or for the purpose of conducting steam, heat, water, gas, oil, electricity, or any property, substance or product capable of transportation, transmission or conveyance, for the supply of water, light, heat, power, transportation, telegraphic, telephonic or other service."

WHAT ARE EXEMPT.
One of the first clauses of the bill deals with exemptions, and to this subject attention was directed by Mr. Ross. In addition to the exemptions on Crown property and churches, there is a sub-section dealing with educational institutions. The buildings and grounds of colleges, schools and universities are to

so much damage in Addington County a few days ago originated in the forest reserve in the neighborhood, and on enquiry it was found to have started in a farm house, he said.

AWARDS BY ARBITRATORS.
Mr. Matheson has asked for a return of all awards by the arbitrators between the Dominion and the provinces since the date of the last return, and also statement of account between Ontario and the Dominion from 31st December, 1892, to 31st December 1902, as settled by the Council for the province, and the Dominion.

PRIVATE BILLS.
The House passed the following private bills:
Respecting Canadian Oil Fields (Limited) — Mr. Pettypiece.
Respecting the Jane Laycock Children's Home — Mr. Preston (Brant).
Respecting the Debenture Debt of the Town of Gananoque — Mr. Beat- tie.
Respecting the Necropolis Burying Ground, South Dorchester — Mr. Brower.
To confirm by-law No. 610 of the Town of Ingersoll — Mr. Pattullo.
Respecting St. James' Cathedral, Toronto — Mr. Pyne.
Respecting the Town of Huntsville — Mr. Tudhope.
Respecting the Hamilton Electric Light and Cataract Power Company (Limited), and the Hamilton Cataract Power, Light and Traction Company (Limited) — Mr. Carscallen.

WINNIPEG ON MAIN LINE.

The Grand Trunk Pacific Has Outlined Route.

A despatch from Montreal says: — According to a plan issued by the Grand Trunk Railway Company, the Grand Trunk Pacific line will pass straight through the City of Winnipeg, and from the latter point the line will run in a northwesterly direction through the Saskatoon district to Battleford. From the latter point a branch will be constructed to Calgary, while the main line will continue to Edmonton. From this point there will be two lines to the Coast, one passing through Yel-

rate the Pacific Bank of Mr. Gallher. To incorporate the Lumber & Power Co. To incorporate the Western Railway Co.—Mr. B. and to change its name to the Montreal Bridge Co.—Mr. Bicker. To incorporate the Northwestern Railway Co.—

RAILWAY BILLS.
 Bills of great interest to the Elgin and Middlesex and Western Ontario general dealt with by the Railways Committee. They were Acts of the St. Thomas Street and the Southwestern Traction and the Middlesex and Elgin Railway. They will confer on the City of London all the rights and powers possessed by the defunct Elgin railway company of that city. It provides for the management by a board of directors, and empowers the board to raise money for the improvement of the existing line, and on 6½ miles south to the Port Stanley, on Lake Erie. The latter provision of the bill is opposed by a representative of the Southwestern Traction, who holds a franchise over the route, but the bill was reported without amendment.

Southwestern Traction Co. its capital stock fixed at \$1,000,000, while both it and the Elgin Interurban seek powers of amalgamation of way. Chairman Dryden, upon them asking, and Elgin (Elgin) said they were acceptable in their present form. They were both laid over to allow of the objections being modified.

BANK BILLS.
 Banking and Commerce bills, a bill respecting the Bank of Canada was passed. To incorporate the North-Western Bank of Canada was passed at the meeting of the Banking and Commerce Committee, but objection to the name by Mr. Ross, who said that it conflicted with his county, with the Bank of Oshawa, which was a Western Bank of Canada. The suggestion of Mr. McCreary was changed to "The Bank." The headquarters of the bank is to be in Winnipeg. The London and Loan Company a Dominion charter. They are a Provincial charter. The Finance Committee said that the bill was that if the bill was given power to lend the stock of other companies which power they had under their affairs might get. It was also suggested that of this kind would promote amalgamation of companies. Mr. Cowan offered to agree to amendments, but not to have it, and the bill stood over.

FIRES IN MANITOBA.

Loss Caused to the Farming Community.
 A fire from Edrans, Man., surrounded by a wall of fire, the village of Edrans lay night was in imminent danger a mile the bush surrounding the town was a stretch of fire up the village. The farmers burned out will be about \$40,000. Fires in Edrans did considerable damage.

changed at \$5 per ton for car lots on the track here.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, May 12.—There was an active business in butchers' cattle transacted at the Western Cattle Market to-day, and the prices of all descriptions were firmly maintained. There was a scarcity of picked feeders and steers of 1,050 to 1,150 lbs. weight, and these sold high, some of the animals bringing \$4.75 and over per cwt. There was an enormous demand for short-keep feeders, and the prices of the best of these were as high as \$5 for heavy ones, equal to light exporters, in fact, some of the exporters that came in sold as short-feeders. Buyers are paying exceedingly high prices for this description of cattle; indeed, they are selling dearer than exporters. The latter continue dull, with a demand for only an extremely small number. It would also be wise to use extra caution in buying cattle from this out, as recent advices from Chicago report a sagging market there, and exporters here would not purchase the Canadian product, unless it were offered on the same basis as the Chicago stuff. The prices there are now lower than here. There was a fairly steady demand for sheep and lambs. The market for calves was demoralized by reason of the heavy arrivals of inferior "bobs," that, of course, find no sale. Prices have declined \$1, and even more, per 100 lbs., and sheep buyers state that they will only purchase good veal animals. The receipts of milch cows were large, and they were mostly of inferior quality. Sales, therefore, were slow, and the buyers were not anxious to get any but the best.

The following was the range of quotations:

Exporters' cattle—	Per 100 lbs.
Extra to choice	\$4.50 \$5.10
Bulls	3.75 4.25
Dutchers—	
Picked lots	4.50 4.75
Good loads	4.25 4.50
Medium	4.15 4.25
Fair	3.75 4.00
Cows	3.50 4.10
Feeders, light	4.00 4.50
Feeders, short-keeps	4.50 5.00
Stockers	3.50 4.00
Sheep—	
Export ewes, light	4.50 5.00
Do., bucks	3.50 4.00
Grain-fed lambs	5.50 6.00
Do., bucks	5.00 5.50
Barnyard lambs	3.50 4.50
Calves, per cwt.	3.50 4.50
Hogs—	
Sows	4.50 5.00
Stags	3.00 4.00
Selects, 160 to 200 lbs.	6.25 0.00
Thick fats	6.00 0.00
Lights	6.00 0.00

BUFFALO GRAIN MARKETS.

Buffalo, May 12.—Flour firm. Wheat, spring quiet; No. 1 northern, c.i.f., 81c; No. 1 hard, 85c; winter steady; No. 2 white, 81c; No. 2 red, 79½c. Corn quiet; No. 2 yellow, 51c; No. 2 corn, 49c. Oats steady; No. 3 white, 38c; No. 2 mixed, 34½c. Barley, track receipts, 47c to 55c. Canal freights steady.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

London, May 12.—Wheat, on passage, firm but not active; parcels No. 1 hard Manitoba, May and June, 30s paid. Corn, on passage, quiet and paid. Corn, on passage, quiet and steady. Weather in England fine. English country wheat markets of yesterday firm.
 Antwerp, May 12.—Wheat, spot No. 2 red, unquoted. Corn, American mixed, 21s 7½c. Flour, spot Minneapolis, 26s.

WHAT AIRE EXEMPT.

One of the first clauses of the bill deals with exemptions, and to this subject attention was directed by Mr. Ross. In addition to the exemptions on Crown property and churches, there is a sub-section dealing with educational institutions. The buildings and grounds of colleges, schools and universities are to be exempted as long as they are actually used and occupied by such institutions, but not otherwise, and provision is made for "every other school or seminary of learning," which is conducted in conformity with the regulations laid down by the Province. The buildings and grounds exempt under the bill shall, however, be liable to be assessed for local improvements in the same manner and to the same extent as other land.

BUSINESS TAX PROPOSED.

A business tax is provided, to get around some of the anomalies of the personal and income tax. Any person engaged in carrying on any trade, manufacture, financial or commercial business shall be assessed for the amount of the annual value of the land occupied. The Premier said 7 per cent. of the actual value was the basis of the business tax.

Incomes under \$1,000 are exempt from taxation. Under the present act a tax is levied on incomes of more than \$700. All machinery shall be registered as personal property. There is a provision respecting the assessment of income. The tax is 5 mills on the dollar, which rate may be increased to a rate not exceeding 7 mills by by-law of the municipality. Under the present law, incomes are assessable at the same rate as land or other property.

TAX ON HOUSES.

Section 15 provides for a house tax, and the word "house" is defined as a place of abode of one or more persons, forming a single household, with so much of the land and out-buildings as is used in connection with the house for the purpose of residence; and shall also include such a building intended for use, as aforesaid, though unoccupied or only occupied by a caretaker, and a building, other than a hotel or place of public entertainment, used by the occupant as a place of residence, though boarders or lodgers may also be taken by him. The mode of assessment is as follows:—Where the population is 4,000 or less, \$70; 4,000 to 10,000, \$105; 10,000 to 20,000, \$140; 20,000 to 75,000, \$175; more than 75,000, \$245. These figures have been adopted upon a consideration of the relative values of the property in the different municipalities.

Some new ideas are embodied in the clauses respecting the valuation of lands. It is stated that the real property shall be assessed at its actual value. The value of the buildings shall be the amount by which the value of the land is thereby increased. This feature of the bill, it was claimed, is capable of misinterpretation, and the member for West Toronto took the ground that its meaning was exactly the opposite of what Mr. Ross said it was.

SECOND READINGS.

Second readings were also given to Mr. Brown's bill to amend the Municipal Act; Mr. Preston's, to provide for a more frequent audit of the books of all municipalities; Mr. McCort's, to amend the Drainage Act, and Mr. Hendrie's, to establish municipal coal yards in Hamilton.

FIRE IN ADDINGTON.

Hon. E. J. Davis, Commissioner of Crown Lands, denied in the House yesterday that the fire which caused

straight through the City of Winnipeg, and from the latter point the line will run in a northwesterly direction through the Saskatoon district to Battleford. From the latter point a branch will be constructed to Calgary, while the main line will continue to Edmonton. From this point there will be two lines to the Coast, one passing through Yellow Head Pass to Butte Inlet, and the second through the Peace River Pass to Port Simpson. An extension from the latter line will be run north to Dawson.

The eastern end of the line will extend from North Bay to Quebec. This portion will be carried north of the St. Lawrence with a mileage of about 525 miles of new road. The new bridge just above Quebec will be used for crossing the St. Lawrence to Levis, the present eastern terminus of the Grand Trunk system, and from Levis the line will be built to the Canadian winter port.

The distance from Quebec to Port Simpson by the Grand Trunk Pacific will be 3,205 miles, or about fifty miles shorter than the distance from Quebec to Vancouver over the Canadian Pacific. Port Simpson is nearer the Yukon by about 500 miles than Vancouver.

ADRIFT IN AN ANGRY SEA.

Thrilling Rescue of Crew of French Fishing Brig.

A despatch from New York says:—Twenty-three survivors of the crew of the French fishing brig Ile de Terre Neuve, of St. Servan, France, reached here on Wednesday on the German-American Petroleum Company's steamer Phoebus, from Hamburg. The Ile de Terre Neuve was swept by a hurricane April 26, and seven men were washed overboard. Of these four were rescued. Three days later, the wreck was sighted by the Phoebus, and the survivors were taken on board the steamer. The brig was set on fire.

Captain Schierhorst, of the Phoebus, says he sighted the helpless mariners at three o'clock in the morning. A lifeboat was launched with great difficulty, owing to the heavy sea. Finally the rescuers reached the brig and found 23 men huddled aft. The brig was dismasted and, as she lay in the trough of the sea, she rolled frightfully. The boat was brought under the stern of the wreck and a line was passed to her.

The crew were huddled together. Some jumped overboard and were hauled into the boat. Four trips were made by the lifeboat crew, and soon after dawn the captain of the brig set fire to the wreck and went aboard the steamer. In his account of the wreck, he said a large steamer passed in the night of April 28 and replied to a distress signal, but on account of the heavy gale was obliged to proceed. When the wreck was abandoned she had six feet of water in the hold. The brig was about thirty years old, and carried a small cargo of salt.

POPULATING THE WEST.

23,000 Immigrants Reached Winnipeg Last Month.

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—The statistics which have just been completed of the arrivals for the month of April have far exceeded even the largest expectations. It was thought that when all points of entry were heard from that they would have shown about 20,000 to have entered during the month, but now the complete returns make up the magnificent total of 23,204.

Lost Hair

"My hair came out by the handful, and the gray hairs began to creep in. I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, and it stopped the hair from coming out and restored the color."—Mrs. M. D. Gray, No. Salem, Mass.

There's a pleasure in offering such a preparation as Ayer's Hair Vigor. It gives to all who use it such satisfaction. The hair becomes thicker, longer, softer, and more glossy. And you feel so secure in using such an old and reliable preparation.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

BASIS ARRIVED AT FOR REDISTRIBUTION.

Ottawa, May 11.—The readjustment of the Ontario seats is under discussion, and from the best information obtainable it was determined to proceed on the following lines:—The unit of population is to be 25,000. All counties under that unit and up to a unit and a half are entitled to one member. Counties over a unit and a half and up to two units and a half are to be given two members. Counties over two and a half units will be accorded three members. The total representation of Ontario will be eighty-six members. Under the redistribution two new members must be given to New Ontario, and the addition of the suburban population to Toronto will mean another member for that city. Including the six which the Province must lose by its failure to increase in the necessary proportion of population, this makes nine members to come off old Ontario's representation. Proceeding on the lines laid down by the committee, the numerical representation of the constituencies of Ontario would be as follows:

The Changes Inevitable.

Five members—Toronto.

Four members—Middlesex, including London.

Three members—Simcoe, York, Grey, Algoma, Wentworth (including Hamilton), Huron, Carleton (including Ottawa), Leeds and Grenville, Durham and Northumberland.

Two members—Essex, Kent, Elgin, Lambton, Bruce, Wellington, Perth, Lanark, Renfrew, Frontenac, (including Kingston), Hastings, Peterboro, Waterloo, Oxford, Brant, Ontario.

One member—Norfolk, Haldimand, Welland, Lincoln, Muskoka, Parry Sound, Peel, Dufferin, Halton, Nipissing, Prescott, Glengarry, Stormont, Russell, Dundas, Lennox and Addington, Prince Edward, Victoria.

Ridings That Disappear.

The ridings of Bothwell, Brockville, Cardwell and West Ontario disappear. Dufferin takes the place of Cardwell and Lennox and Addington the united Muskoka and Parry Sound—Simcoe.

FOR THE STREET.

The Importance of the Belt—Smart Shades For Spring Costumes.

Almond and biscuit shades are very popular with the all black hat, and white is having its usual run of popularity.

The new rich claret tone is not so much seen as was predicted, yet a few well known leaders of society look wonderfully well in this shade. It had, of course, to be well carried out and only looks its best in costly fabrics.

A smart three-quarter length sack wrap for outdoor wear was of mixed



BLUE CHEVIOT TAILOR MADE.

cloth and panne of this shade, with falls of deep coffee lace and a lining of cream-satin.

Waistbands bought ready made are admirably arranged to keep the waist short in the back and long in the front, a generally becoming line. It is better to buy these belts ready made than to attempt them at home, as they have to be carefully boned.

The woman of slight figure who does not wear much of a corset needs a smart and becoming belt.

The illustration shows a tailor made suit of blue cheviot which is very useful for general wear.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

LACE AND NETS.

Smart Irish Crochet Trimming—Lace Combined With Chiffon.

Irish crochet and jet make a charming combination. Jet of a bright quality will be much used for smart afternoon gowns during the coming season.

Nothing is so effective for the demit toilet as black gauze or chiffon over an underdress of white showing a lot of Irish cream crochet.

Irish crochet makes very pretty gowns combined with blue linen. Ecru

Savings Account

We allow Interest on

Deposits

at the rate

3 ¹⁰/₂

on d
bala

4%

Paid on

Debentures

Repayable at any

time on 60 days' notice

THE CENTRAL CANADA
LOAN & SAVINGS CO. TORONTO.

JOTS Local and Otherwise.

The Provincial Government will erect a monument to Sir Oliver Mowat.

Mr. Alex. Smith, for ten years Liberal organizer, has resigned, to resume the practice of law.

Rev. J. H. Moorhouse, rector of Christ Church, London, is dead.

William Beck, engineer on the tug Snowstorm fell overboard near Port Maitland and was drowned.

Two small children wandered into a drug store at Sandwich and asked a doctor if they had smallpox. They had.

Robert Hamilton, under arrest at Winnipeg, is believed to have had a hand in the numerous burglaries there in March and April.

Man and Wife in Distress.—Rev. Dr. Bochor, of Buffalo, says: "My wife and I were both troubled with distressing Catarrh, but we have enjoyed freedom from this aggravating malady since the day we first used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It's action was instantaneous, giving the most grateful relief within ten minutes after first application." 50 cents. —153

Two dock laborers from Liverpool, Horace and Jeremiah Egan, fell down the hold of the steamer Monterey at Montreal, and Jeremiah was killed.

Mr. J. V. Teetzel, K. C., of Hamilton,

Mr. A. H. Dymond, ex M. L. for the Institute for the blind is dead.

The Ottawa City Council recommended a grant of \$50 holder burned out in Sunday's

A young man named Don of Perth was struck by a train his bicycle on the track at I killed.

There are twenty two cases in Detroit.

The report of the death of Miller, the poet, was untrue.

Business in Victoria, Australia, is owing to the railway.

My Woman, is it the investigation in half the disor to women would prove fault seat of the trouble. If you with that tired, dragging fee almost constant heaviness, pains in the head, put See Kidney Cure to the test, the long sought friend, and it 150

Rev. Dr. Bayne of Pembroke Moderator of the Synod of Ottawa.

The differences between the C.P.K. and their trackmate adjusted satisfactorily, the cor to grant an increase.

R. H. Stoddard, the well-known poet and reviewer, is dead.

Rev. John Neil was elected the Toronto and Kingston Synod.

Abraham Myles, a Hamilt

sing, Prescott, Glengarry, Stormont, Russell, Dundas, Lennox and Addington, Prince Edward, Victoria.

Ridings That Disappear.

The ridings of Bothwell, Brockville, Cardwell and West Ontario disappear. Dufferin takes the place of Cardwell and Lennox and Addington are united. Muskoka and Parry Sound become separate constituencies. Algoma gains two new members, and Kent, Toronto and Brant one each. On the other hand, the ridings of Norfolk, Middlesex, Bruce, Wellington, Hastings, Durham, (with Northumberland), lose one each.

With respect to the other Provinces, there will be no changes of counties in Quebec, but all the parochial and township alterations made at the last gerrymander are remedied and original county limits re-established.

In Nova Scotia Victoria will be merged in Cape Breton, and Pictou is to lose a member. In Prince Edward Island representation will be in accordance with county limits. In New Brunswick Albert will be merged into King's. The western constituencies have apparently not yet been drawn up.

A Surprising Discovery You will be surprised in trying Catarrhzone to find how quickly it cures cold in the head. The agreeable, penetrating vapor traverses every air cell and passage of the nose, throat and lungs. In one breath it carries instant death to the millions of germs infesting the respiratory organs and breaks up a cold in ten minutes.

A trial will convince you that Catarrhzone is the most potent, satisfactory and pleasant cure for Colds, Catarrh, Deafness, Bronchitis, Asthma and Lung Trouble. Complete outfit, \$1.00; small size 25c. Druggists or N. C. Polson Co., Kingston, Ont.

HAMILTON'S MANDRAKE PILLS CURE BILIOUSNESS.

Demonstrations by anti-clericals led to rioting in a church at Aubervilliers, France.

Col. A. D. Davidson, of Duluth, and associates have purchased the land grant of the Canadian Northern Railway, exceeding three million acres, the consideration being twelve million dollars.

BONE FOOD

Soft and crooked bones mean bad feeding. Call the disease rickets if you want to. The growing child must eat the right food for growth. Bones must have bone food, blood must have blood food and so on through the list.

Scott's Emulsion is the right treatment for soft bones in children. Little doses every day give the stiffness and shape that healthy bones should have.

Bow legs become straighter, loose joints grow stronger and firmness comes to the soft heads.

Wrong food caused the trouble. Right food will cure it.

In thousands of cases Scott's Emulsion has proven to be the right food for soft bones in childhood.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
Toronto, Ontario.

50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

ty will be much used for smart afternoon gowns during the coming season.

Nothing is so effective for the demitoeilet as black gauze or chiffon over an underdress of white showing a lot of Irish cream crochet.

Irish crochet makes very pretty gowns combined with blue linen. Ecru



LACE AND CHIFFON BLOUSE.

net seems still to hold its own for pretty matinees, blouses and tea jackets. Patterned nets will be used with a goodly supply of chiffon and silk voiles.

Where one has black or white skirts which are to be worn out at home an ecru coat is more than useful, while choux of bright colors will vary the toilet.

The all black point d'esprit gown is about the most economical and useful a woman can have, for it admits of many effects with the use of flowers, pale tinted chiffon, rosettes, etc.

The cut shows a lace and chiffon blouse. JUDIC CHOLLET.

Shaving the Beard.

The forty-first chapter of Genesis, fourteenth verse, contains the earliest reference to shaving of the beard, where it is told of Joseph that he shaved himself.

Spectacles.

It is said that spectacles, or at least magnifying lenses, were known long before the time of Christ, and it is known that Nero watched the games in the arena through a convex emerald. Layard unearthed a lens of rock crystal from Nineveh.

Discharge Himself.

An amusing story is told of a young Scotch lad who in a very quiet, determined way made his exit from a house in which he had been but a little while installed as a domestic help. He had been told that he would be dismissed if he broke any of the china under his charge.

On the morning of a great dinner party he was intrusted, rather rashly with a great load of plates, which he was to carry upstairs from the kitchen to the dining room and which were piled upon his two hands.

In going upstairs his foot slipped, and the plates were broken to atoms. He at once went to the drawing room, put his head in at the door and shouted:

"The plates are a' smashed, and I'm awa'!"

Powder. It's action was instantaneous, giving the most grateful relief within ten minutes after first application." 50 cents. —153

Two dock laborers from Liverpool, Horace and Jeremiah Egan, fell down the hold of the steamer Monterey at Montreal, and Jeremiah was killed.

Mr. J. V. Teetzel, K. C., of Hamilton, has been appointed to the High Court of Ontario, Common Pleas Division, in place of the late Mr. Justice Lount.

It is reported that the Russian troops have withdrawn from Newchwang.

Ex-President Cleveland, U. S. A., writes that he is not desirous of becoming a Presidential candidate.

It is reported that General Von Gossler, the German Minister of War, retired because he did not approve of increasing the army.

Salt Rheum Cured Quick.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures Salt Rheum and all itching or burning skin diseases in a day. One application gives almost instant relief. For Itching, Blind or Bleeding Piles it stands without a peer. Cures in from three to six nights. 35 cents. —151

Just before the Umbria sailed from New York an infernal machine in working order and containing 100 pounds of dynamite was found on the pier.

The 'longshoremen's strike has been settled.



Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy, to cure disease of the breathing organs, than to take the remedy into the stomach?

Vapo-Cresolene

Established 1879.

Cures While You Sleep

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Is a boon to asthmatics.

—FOR—

Whooping Cough Bronchitis
Croup Coughs
Catarrh, Colds Grippe and Hay Fever

The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, together with a bottle of Cresolene, \$1.50. Extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Write for descriptive booklet containing highest testimony as to its value.

VAPOR-CRESOLENE IS SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Vapo-Cresolene Co.

180 Fulton Street
New York

1631 Notre Dame Street
Montreal

The differences between the C.P.R. and their trackmen adjusted satisfactorily, the company to grant an increase.

R. H. Stoddard, the well-known poet and reviewer, is dead. Rev. John Neil was elected 1 of the Toronto and Kingston Synod.

Abraham Myles, a Hamilton shot himself dead.

The Seaford Milling Company house was burned, causing a lot of damage.

Recent volcanic eruptions have many coffee plantations in Guatemala.

For "Run-down" People tiring known in medical treatment effective and certain of a magical in its building up South American Nervine, strikes at the root of all nerve the digestive organs, makes ridrives away emaciation, puts makes over physical wrecks 148

An editor who died of starvation being escorted to heaven by a out for that purpose. "May I other place before we ascend happiness?" "Easily," said So they went below and skirm taking in the sights. The ang of the editor and went around hunt him up. He was found furnace, fanning himself and rapture on a lot of people in sign on the furnace said: "Subscribers." "Come," said "We must be going." "You the editor, "I'm not going. TI enough for me."

A Welcome Call



The Caller—What did you when you told her I was he Dorothy—I can't tell y mamma sez it's unladylike to gone the luck!"—New York

Fresh Egg Test.

A good way to tell a fresh the air bubble on the large smaller the air bubble the egg. A fresh egg must be closely to see the air bubble

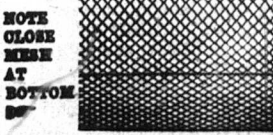
A Weapon of Ill On

A weapon of ill omen was used by Hugh Miller, the famous geologist. While having shot himself with it, and into the water. It was a gunmaker's to be cleaned. in his hand, when it we killed him on the spot.

Page Acme Poultry N

A bird cannot fly through as small a hole crawl through, so Page Poultry Netting is small meshes at bottom and large at top. 1 wire top and bottom—no sag. Get Page gates—they're best.

The Page Wire Fence Co., Limited, Walk Montreal, P.Q., and St. John, N



NOTE
CLOSE
MESH
AT
BOTTOM

ccounts
terest on
posits
he rate of
3 ¹⁰/₂ %
on daily
balances

CANADA
TORONTO.

ice

Dymond, ex M.P., Principal
ute for the blind at Brantford

a City Council committee has
l a grant of \$50 to each house-
out in Sunday's fire.

an named Donald Bothwell
struck by a train while riding
the track at Lancaster and

twenty two cases of smallpox

t of the death of Joaquin
et, was untrue.

i Victoria, Australia, is at a
ing to the railway strike.

n, is it the Kidneys?—In-
half the disorders peculiar
uld prove faulty kidneys the
trouble. If you're troubled
d, dragging feeling have an
tant heaviness, maybe sharp
head, put South American
to the test. You'll find it
ht friend, and it never fails.—

ayne of Pembroke was elected
the Synod of Montreal and

nces between the G.T.R. and
their trackmen have been
satisfactorily, the companies agree-
increase.

ldard, the well-known Ameri-
reviewer, is dead.

Neil was elected Moderator of
and Kingston Presbyterian

Madill Bros.

WHY, WE WIN.

This store appeals to intelligence. It emphasizes the possibilities of ready money and sharpens the eyes of shoppers. It wins because there's a principle in winning. It grows because of honest liberal dealing and manners. The rapid development of this business has been some thing more than a mere happen—so, and the trade we've got we mean to keep—plus constant increase. There are times when perhaps dissatisfaction may result or errors occur, but at all times you will find us more than anxious to rectify mistakes or adjust grievance. If your dealings here please you, tell your friends, if not tell us.

CHARMING SHIRT WAIST STYLES.

Modist waists of all the correct materials are represented here in a big variety. All the fashionable ideas as embodied in the latest modes got up with cleverness and taste, are shown in Madill Bro's. collection. Materials are Muslins, Silks, Lustre and Organdy.

SILK WAISTS.

Special value in ladies' washable silk waists. These come in black and white with fine tucks and fagoting trimming.....\$3.50 & 4.00

LUSTRE WAISTS.

Ladies' Waists of Bright Lustre in black and cream mode with fine tucks and trimmed with buttons.....\$1.50 & 1.75

ANDERSON'S GINGHAM WAISTS.

These waists are made of Anderson's Gingham. They come in oxblood, pale blue and linen colorings, trimmed with large buttons and have stock collar and tie to match.....\$1.00 & 1.25

BONNET'S BLACK SILK.

The most famous Silk Maker in the world is C. J. Bonnet, of France. We have a comprehensive assortment of Bonnet's silks here. C. J. Bonnet's Guaranteed Black Peau-de-noie silks brilliant, rich double faced qualities, fine, medium and heavy makes for coats, gowns, waists etc., best Lyons dye. These goods are stamped "wear guaranteed" on the selvage of every yard, per yd.....75c.\$1 00, 1.25, 1.50 and 1.75

MUSLIN WAISTS.

Ladies' white Muslin waists trimmed with fine pin tucks and insertion also some with all over embroidery fronts, tab and tucked collars, tucked back and sleeves. Price range.....75c.\$1 00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00 and 2.50

ORGANDY WAISTS.

Ladies' white Organdy waists trimmed with pin tucks and lace insertion lovely for the hot weather.....\$2.25 & 2.50

BATISTE LINEN WAISTS.

These waists are made of fine Line Batiste, trimmed with pin tucks and embroidery also all over embroidery fronts.....\$1.75 & 2 00

LADIES' RAIN COATS.

The popularity of the rain coat this spring is unbounded. We have the most varied and extensive stock we know of, including both Mandleberg's and Priestley manufacture.

Ladies' $\frac{3}{4}$ length Rain Coats in dark greys, fawns and greens, shawl collars, silk stitched bands also shoulder capes and stole effect. Price range....\$5 00\$6.00, 8 50, 9 00 and 10.00

Ladies' full length Rain Coats in dark greys, mode-
castor and green made with handkerchief collars, shoulder capes, and stole effect with fancy strappings stitched with silk. Price range.....\$6.50\$10 00, 12 00 and 13 50.

In the Housefurnishing Department. Jap Mattings.

Japanese Mattings in striped effect, 36 inches wide suitable for bedrooms, kitchens, summer cottages etc. A good range of colors, regular 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. yd. good for 10c.

Japanese Matting 36 inches wide comes in red, blues, greens, fawns and browns, we would sell these regularly for 15c. your choice next week for 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

CASH MADILL BROS. Napanee. ONE PRICE

bes between the G.T.R. and their trackmen have been authority, the companies agree-rease.
ard, the well-known Ameri-viewer, is dead.
eil was elected Moderator of and Kingston Presbyterian

yles, a Hamilton bartender, ead.

r Milling Company's ware-ned, causing a loss of \$15,000.
nic eruptions have destroyed lantations in Guatemala.

lown" People there's noth-medical treatment to day so certain of a cure and so ts building up power as lean Nervine, because it root of all nervous ailments rgane, makes rich red blood naciation, puts on flesh and hysical wrecks generally.—

who died of starvation was to heaven by an angel sent purpose. "May I look at the before we ascend to eternal "Easily," said the angel. below and skirmished around sights. The angel lost sight and went around Hades to He was found sitting by a ing himself and gazing with lot of people in the fire. A furnace said: "Delinquent "Come," said the angel, going. "You go on," said m not going. This is heaven s."

Welcome caller



—What did your sister say d her I was here?
can't tell you, 'cause t's unladylike to say "Dog-!"—New York Journal.

esh Egg Test.
y to tell a fresh egg is by le on the large end. The air bubble the fresher the h egg must be examined the air bubble.

apon of ill Omen.
of ill omen was the pistol h Miller, the famous Eng-. While having a bath he with it, and it dropped ter. It was sent to the o be cleaned. He took it , when it went off and i the spot.

Poultry Netting
igh as small a hole as it can Poultry Netting is made with and large at top. No. 12 gauge io sag. Get Page fences and

e. Limited, Walkerville, Ont. and St. John, N.B. 8

suitable for bedrooms, parlors, summer cottages etc. A good range of colors, regular 12½c. yd. good for 10c.

blues, greens, fawns and browns, we would sell these regularly for 15c. your choice next week for 12½c.

CASH MADILL BROS., Napanee. ONE PRICE

BAY OF QUINTE CLERICAL UNION.

(Deseronto Tribune.)

The May meetings of the Bay of Quinte Clerical Union were held in Deseronto on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 5 and 6. The following clergy were present:

The Ven. Archdeacon Carey.
The Ven. Archdeacon Worrell.
The Rev. Rural Dean Bogert.
The Rev. Rural Dean Armstrong.
The Rev. Rural Dean Dibb.
The Rev. O. Roberts.
The Rev. G. R. Beamish.
The Rev. T. F. Dowdell.
The Rev. A. H. Creeggan.
The Rev. A. L. Geen.
The Rev. R. W. Irvine.
The Rev. Edward Costigan.

The first meeting was held on Tuesday afternoon when general business was taken up and a notice of motion made by Rural Dean Armstrong to change the constitution of the Union so as to make the meetings annual instead of bi-annual as at present.

Evensong was sung at 8 p.m., the office being taken by the Rector of the parish, the lessons read by the Rev. Rural Dean Armstrong and the Rev. Dr. Roberts. An able and instructive sermon was preached by the Rev. G. R. Beamish, M.A., Rector of St. Thomas' Church, Belleville.

A celebration of the Holy Communion took place at 7.30, on Wednesday morning, the celebrant being the Ven. Archdeacon Carey, assisted by the Rev. Rural Dean Dibb and the Rector of the parish.

Mats were read at 10, and at 11.30 the second meeting of the Union was held. Rev. Rural Dean Bogert read a learned and instructive paper on "The Relation of the Apocrypha to the Canonical Books of Holy Scripture." An interesting discussion followed, in which nearly every member present took part. The importance of Apocrypha as a means to ethical and historical instruction was emphasized.

At the afternoon meeting a discussion on the proposed Sunday School Conference was introduced by the

A. S. ASHLEY,

.....DENTIST.....

40 YEARS EXPERIENCE
—21 YEARS IN NAPANEE

Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods Store, Napanee.

Ven. Archdeacon Worrell, who invited suggestions from those present as to the best mode of securing a successful conference. Afterwards a paper was read by the Rev. Edward Costigan on the "Limits of the Inspiration of the Old Testament," which gave rise to a deeply interesting discussion.

Evensong was sung at 7.30, the office being taken by the Rev. Dr. Roberts, the lessons read by the Rev. T. F. Dowdell and the Rev. A. H. Creeggan. An able sermon on "Holiness" was preached by the Rev. Rural Dean Dibb.

The following members of the Union were appointed as a committee to draw up a programme for the autumn meetings, which are to be held in St. Thomas' Church, Belleville:
The Ven. Archdeacon Worrell.
The Rev. G. R. Beamish.
The Rev. Edward Costigan.
The Rev. T. F. Dowdell.

Miserable Folks could trace both state of mind and body to some one or other form of stomach disorder. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablet is a 'vest pocket' remedy that nature provides and that medicinal science has proved a wonder in preventing and curing stomach ailments. If you've a symptom of distress in your stomach test the Pineapple cure. 35 cents.—152

Scrubbing the Landscape.

Hubbub—How bright and clean everything looks out here!

Subbub—Yes; we had a couple of detectives scouring the country last week.

The jaw of the shark furnishes the best watchmaker's oil. In each shark is found about half a pint.

Sin has many tools, but a lie is the handle that fits them all.—Holmes.

HERRINGTON & WARNER

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES

Office—Warner Block, East of Napanee.

DEROCHE & MADIEN

Barristers,

Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc.

Office—Grange Block.

Money to Loan at "lower than the lowest" rate
H. M. DEROCHE, Q. C. 517 J. H. MADIEN

T. B. GERMAN,

Barrister and Solicitor.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street, 21-6m Napanee.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.M.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon to the Kingston General Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 517



Wartman Bros.

DENTISTS.

Graduates Royal College, & Toronto University
Office over Duxee's.

Visits Tamworth, at Wheeler's hotel, first Monday each month, remaining over Tuesday. All other Mondays at Yarker.

We are Headquarters in Napanee

FOR ALL KINDS OF

JUNK

We Buy All Kinds of

Old Scrap Iron and Steel, Rags, Bones, Copper, Brass, Lead, Zinc, Horse Hair, (Tail or Mane), Wool Picks, Tailor's Clips, Grease, Rendered Tallow, Old Books, Garden Hose, Fire Hose, Old Rubbers, Etc., Etc.

We Have for Sale

Soaps, Blueing, Wood and Genuine American Coal Oil at 25c. per Gallon.

Chas. Stevens.

The Junk Dealer,

Office and Warehouse,

West Side of Market,

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.


1211

At Pollard's Bookstore

Several lots of fine new Wall-papers, this season's goods, to be sold out at bargain prices.

Three New Baby Carriages to be sold at cost.

At Pollard's Bookstore.




Jim Dumps had tried some time in vain
To ease an after-dinner pain
Which gnawed at him his belt below,
And filled his world with indigo.
Dyspepsia now can't bother him,
For "Force" has made him "Sunny Jim."

Force

The Ready-to-Serve Cereal

A Foe to Indigestion.
"Every summer I have had to take tonics, but now I use 'Force.' I am enjoying excellent health; it has built me up. I eat 'Force' at night and it gives me a restful sleep. It builds up, satisfies and is pleasant to eat and a foe to indigestion."
"Mrs. KATH W. DOW

gives work to weak digestions and supplies the energy.



W-2

NEWS FROM THE COUNTRY.

To Correspondents.—Persons sending in items from the surrounding district must sign their names to correspondence as a sign of good faith, not for publication. Every correspondence received without the name attached will not be published.

WILTON.

Rev. D. C. Day held quarterly services at Violet Sunday afternoon.

The Methodists are shingling their shed and putting a new Page wire fence around the churchyard and the cemetery.

John Owens is home from Newburgh high school, ill with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Anderson and child, Racine, are visiting her sister, Mrs. Walter Clark.

Mrs. Pebbles and children, Lowville, N. Y., are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mrs. Murphy and daughter, New Glasgow, Que., have come to spend a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. Simmons.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore, Enterprise, visited friends last week.

George Simmons is suffering from an attack of rheumatism.

W. H. Neilson is confined to the house with a sore eye.

Mrs. James Thompson received word from her son, Charles, at Newton Falls, N. Y., that they were safe from the forest fires raging in that vicinity. The women and children were sent from the place at one time, as it was thought impossible to save the place, but by the aid of the Carriage fire brigade the fire was stopped. Mr. Thompson has charge of a large store at Newton Falls.

A GUARANTEED CURE

For All Forms of Kidney Disease

The undersigned Druggist am fully prepared to give the following guarantee with

Mrs. J. Granger and daughter, Mary, spent Saturday with friends in Napanee.

Mr. Thomas Wells has purchased a fine horse to replace the one he sold recently.

Robert Sweet is still very sick with pneumonia.

Mrs. W. H. Risten has returned home after an extended visit with friends in Binghamton N. Y.

Mrs. G. A. Grant, of Kingston, spent part of last week visiting her sister Mr. H. Morgan.

Mrs. John A. Monroe, of Ardendale, spent the past two weeks visiting friends in this vicinity.

Mrs. William Cooper, who has been ill with consumption for the past year died on Sunday afternoon. The funeral on Tuesday was largely attended, showing the esteem in which she was held by a large circle of friends.

Mr. H. Storms has removed from Hill street to the market square.

Our school trustees have decided to add another story to the school house, thus largely increasing the school accommodation.

The cement works are rushed with orders and are turning out a large amount of cement.

Mrs. J. P. Baker of this place, spent the past week with friends in Forest Mills.

Mr. Frank Marshall, of Forest Mills was calling on friends in Strathcona on Sunday last.

Pill-Fame.—10 cents a vial for Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills would not make them the fame they enjoy to-day if the curative powers were not in them. Worth will get to the top and that accounts for the wonderful demand for these little gems. They positively cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache.—149

MAN'S FOUR AGES

Man born of woman is little per-simmons and generally green. His life might be divided into four parts. As he starts his stomach is full of

FASHION HINTS.

Light Tones In Cloth and Zibeline.
Dull Pastel Blue Tints.

Very light tones in cloth and zibeline will be worn this spring, and these are most attractive with a touch of black in the shape of a tulle boa.

A pale dull blue of the pastel order will undoubtedly be much worn, and just now a combination of light and dark blue is greatly in request and a welcome change from the black, emerald, brown and green which have been so general.

The all over lace waist will be much worn this spring and summer. The



CLOTH COSTUME.

texture of the lace is somewhat heavier than last year. Little lace coats or blouses, the lace coarse of quality or bold of pattern, tinted to harmonize with neutral toned cloth skirts, will be among the season's most distinguished creations.

Soft satin is quite a popular fabric for evening gowns, and chiffon is the favorite trimming, although much lace is worn. Ribbons are used for a variety of purposes and chiefly for choux, which are now very large and often of two or three colors. Ribbon sashes are arranged on many of the new gowns.

The flowers on evening dresses are all mixed up with loops and trails of ribbon, and baby ribbon is still much used on net gowns.

The cut shows a cloth costume with collar and cuffs of plaid silk.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

Does Your Baby Cry at Night. If so it is well to know the great value of Poison's Nerviline, a household remedy for stomach pains, cramps, toothache, sick headache, and the manifold ills peculiar to children. A few drops of Nerviline in sweetened water makes a pleasant drink and never fails to quickly relieve. Nerviline is as good as the doctor in emergencies and costs only 25c. a bottle. Get Nerviline from your druggist to-day.

DR. HAMILTON'S MANDRAKE PILLS CURE HEADACHE.

"I have heard that Miss Chopchin married young Filmbars with the idea of reforming him."

"Well, she succeeded. He says he'll never marry again if he lives to be a

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, parts of the body, are joints inflamed and swollen by rheumatism that acid condition of the blood affects the muscles also.

Sufferers dread to move, after sitting or lying long, condition is commonly worse weather.

"I suffered dreadfully from rheumatism but have been completely cured Sarsaparilla, for which I am deeply indebted to Miss FRANCES SMITH, Pittsburg, Mo."

"I had an attack of the grip which was weak and helpless and suffering from rheumatism. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and this medicine has entirely cured me. I have no hesitation in saying my life." M. J. McDONALD, Trenton, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Removes the cause of rheumatism outward application can. T

SMART TRIMMING

Laces Dyed to Match Gowns. Useful Black Lace Coffee

The greatest innovation in of trimming is the fashion of lace to match or contrast the dress. Thus motifs of pale green are inserted or applied on brown or pale blue on a deeper blue. The effect is original in effect, but loses much of its daintiness in the dyeing process.

The black lace coffee coat is a very useful for home evening wear. It can be worn over colored blouses, are a little shabby, and if the band of the blouse is removed, small V turned down in front, pretty demitole effect made.

Fashion ordains that the woman should match her



BLACK CREPE DE CHINE

gowns, and this is comparable in these days of ready made dresses, artificially covered and of

A GUARANTEED CURE For All Forms of Kidney Disease

The undersigned Druggist am fully prepared to give the following guarantee with every 50 cent bottle of Dr. Pettigill's Kidney-Wort Tablets, the only remedy in the world that positively cures all troubles arising from weak or diseased kidneys:—
"Money cheerfully returned if the sufferer is not relieved and improved after use of one bottle. Three to six bottles effect astonishing and permanent cures. If not relieved and cured, you waste no money."

THOS. B. WALLACE,
Napanee, Ont.

STRATHCONA.

Farmers are through seeding and are busy with their planting.
The many friends of Mr. R. Madden, one of our oldest and most respected citizens, will regret to learn of his serious illness.

ness, Sick Headache.—149

MAN'S FOUR AGES

Man born of woman is little per-
simmons and generally green. His
life might be divided into four parts.
As he starts his stomach is full of
pains, blackberry balsam, and pae-
goric, and he winds up the first period
by stealing green apples and fishing on
Sunday. The second term, commenc-
ing at 15, rapidly passes into the
smart Aleck fever and he learns to
wear standing collars, smoke cigars,
call his father old man, and go with
the girls. At 21 he has bankrupted
his father, and blown in every cent of
his own, he finds a woman who is
fool enough to marry him, and she
takes in washing until she is called
away. The last period, he lives
around with his children, tells the big
things he did when he was a boy, and
finally goes under, making a momen-
tary bubble on the sea of humanity,
then is forgotten.

"I have heard that Miss Chopchin
married young Filmbers with the idea
of reforming him."
"Well, she succeeded. He says he'll
never marry again if he lives to be a
thousand years old."—Chicago Tribune.

Embracing an Opportunity.

Miss Passe—Are your muscles well
developed, Mr. Strong?
Mr. Strong—Yes. I could easily sup-
port you with one arm.
Miss Passe—Oh, this is so sudden!—
Chelsea (Mass.) Gazette.

Seeking Oblivion.

"When a woman wishes to retire
from the world," says the Manayunk
philosopher, "she enters a nunnery. All
a man has to do is to marry a famous
woman."—Philadelphia Record.

Self Assertive.

"De Gall is what you might call
cheeky, eh?"
"Cheeky? That fellow has so much
cheek that they charge him double for
a shave."—Leslie's Weekly.

Tax Enough.

She—What would you think of a tax
on bachelors?
He—Oh, pshaw! Don't we have to
buy wedding presents?—Detroit Free
Press.

Why He Refused.

De Style—Why wouldn't that Ken-
tuckian buy our stock?
Gunbusta—He heard it was watered.
—New York Times.



It is a great affliction for a woman to
have her face disfigured by pimples or
any form of eruptive disease. It makes
her morbid and sensitive, and robs her
of social enjoyment. Disfiguring eruptions
are caused by impure blood, and
are entirely cured by the great blood-
purifying medicine—Dr. Pierce's Golden
Medical Discovery. It removes from the
blood the poisonous impurities which
cause disease. It perfectly and perman-
ently cures scrofulous sores, eczema,
tetter, boils, pimples and other eruptive
diseases which are caused by the blood's
impurity. It increases the action of
the blood-making glands and thus in-
creases the supply of pure rich blood.

"For about one year and a half my face was
very badly broken out," writes Miss Carrie
Adams, of 116 West Main Street, Battle Creek,
Mich. "I spent a great deal of money with doc-
tors and for different kinds of medicine, but re-
ceived no benefit. At last I read one of your
advertisements in a paper, and obtained a bottle of
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Be-
fore I had taken one bottle of this medicine I
noticed a change, and after taking three bottles
I was entirely cured. I can well recommend
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to any
one similarly afflicted."

The sole motive for substitution is to
permit the dealer to make the little
more profit paid by the sale of less mer-
itorious medicines. He gains; you lose.
Therefore accept no substitute for
"Golden Medical Discovery."

The People's Common Sense Medical
Adviser, a book containing 1008 pages,
is given away. Send 31 one-cent stamps
for expense of customs and mailing only,
for the book in paper covers, or 50 stamps
for the volume bound in cloth. Address
Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



BLACK CREPE DE CHINE

gowns, and this is compara-
in these days of ready m-
artistically covered and of
all ready to slip on the hats
The cap or pelerine effect
stay for some time. All th-
ble coats are made with it
few of the bodices. For
blouse of lace will be ornan-
a large cape effect of lace i-
silk, with touches of the s-
the cuffs.

One of the most fashion-
models is the three-quarter
curved wide over a puffed
This is a charming vogue f-
er wool stuffs, and it worl-
tiny in soile. The whole aff-
one foundation.

The cut shows a gown of
de chine with the collar, e-
cuffs of ivory guipure.

JUDIC C

Apoplexy.—Dr. Agnew's (Heart is effective in apoplexy
If you have unpleasant dizziness
or sudden rush of blood to th-
precautions against a recur-
great remedy will remove the
press of the land has daily a l-
deaths which would not be
Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Het-
—147

Keyless Napoleon

Napoleon was making a
of St. Helena.

"I have the Napoleon
right," he mused, "but it
seem to be any key."

Seeing there was no chan-
breadth escape, he bitterly
his memoirs.—New York H

Woman's Best Fri

Patience—Woman is w-
friend after all.

Patrice—I guess you're ri-
"Certainly I'm right.
she is getting married do
give her away and her m-
stand up for her?"—Yon-
man.

Explained.

"Yes; the stork brought
brother."

"But he is so small."
"Well, you see, the flies
in our house I don't gue-
could get a larger one dov-
ney."—Chicago News.

Taking Care of the

A physician writes: "Li-
prolonged by a little more
the heart, by paying a litt-
the most faithful servant v-
Much good might be done
ents would teach their
danger of overtaxing the
should teach them to sto-
few moments during thei-
they begin to feel the v-
bing of their hearts again
wall."

The Iceman's Troul
business," says John Gray,
Wingham, Ont., "is one
fertile fields under the sun f-
seeds for rheumatic suffer
years I was a great invalid,
convey the faintest idea o-
suffering and constant pai-
Six bottles of South Americ-
Cure permanently cured me

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,
No. 21 Taking effect June 16, 1902.

Tweed and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Tweed.				
Stations	Miles	No.2 A.M.	No.4 P.M.	No.6 P.M.	Stations	Miles	No.1 A.M.	No.3 P.M.	No.5 P.M.
Live Tweed	0	6 30	3 35	3 45	Live Deseronto	0	6 45	3 45	3 55
Stoco	3	6 38	3 33	3 43	Deseronto Junction	4	7 00	3 50	4 00
Larkins	7	6 50	3 45	3 55	Arr Napanee	9	7 15	4 05	4 15
Marlbank	13	7 10	3 55	4 05	Live Napanee	9	7 40	4 25	4 35
Erinsville	17	7 25	4 00	4 10	Strathcona	15	8 05	4 40	4 50
Tamworth	20	7 40	4 25	4 30	Newburgh	17	8 15	4 50	5 00
Wilson	24	8 00	4 45	4 55	Thomson's Mills	18	8 25	5 00	5 10
Enterprise	26	8 10	4 55	5 05	Camden East	19	8 35	5 10	5 20
Mudlake Bridge	28	8 20	5 05	5 15	Arr Yarker	23	8 35	5 15	5 25
Moscow	31	8 30	5 15	5 25	Live Yarker	23	8 55	5 35	5 45
Galbraith	33	8 40	5 25	5 35	Galbraith	25	9 05	5 45	5 55
Arr Yarker	35	8 50	5 35	5 45	Moscow	27	9 15	5 55	6 05
Yarker	35	9 00	5 45	5 55	Mudlake Bridge	30	9 25	6 05	6 15
Camden East	39	9 10	5 55	6 05	Enterprise	32	9 35	6 15	6 25
Thomson's Mills	40	9 20	6 05	6 15	Wilson	34	9 45	6 25	6 35
Newburgh	41	9 25	6 10	6 20	Tamworth	38	9 55	6 35	6 45
Strathcona	43	9 40	6 25	6 35	Erinsville	41	10 05	6 45	6 55
Napanee	49	9 55	6 35	6 45	Marlbank	45	10 15	6 55	7 05
Deseronto Junction	54	10 10	6 50	7 00	Larkins	51	10 35	7 15	7 25
Arr Deseronto	58	10 25	7 05	7 15	Stoco	55	10 50	7 30	7 40
					Tweed	58	11 05	7 45	7 55

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.					Deseronto and Napanee to Kingston and Sydenham.				
Stations	Miles	No.2 A.M.	No.4 P.M.	No.6 P.M.	Stations	Miles	No.1 A.M.	No.3 P.M.	No.5 P.M.
ve G. T. R. Junction	0	6 30	3 35	3 45	Live Deseronto	0	6 45	3 45	3 55
Glenvale	2	6 38	3 33	3 43	Deseronto Junction	4	7 00	3 50	4 00
Murvale	14	7 10	3 55	4 05	Arr Napanee	9	7 15	4 05	4 15
Harrowsmith	19	7 25	4 00	4 10	Live Napanee	9	7 40	4 25	4 35
Sydenham	23	8 00	4 25	4 35	Napanee Mills	15	8 05	4 40	4 50
Harrowsmith	19	8 10	4 35	4 45	Newburgh	17	8 15	4 50	5 00
Frontenac	32	9 25	5 55	6 05	Thomson's Mills	18	8 25	5 00	5 10
Yarker	26	8 35	5 15	5 25	Camden East	19	8 35	5 10	5 20
Yarker	26	8 45	5 25	5 35	Arr Yarker	23	8 35	5 15	5 25
Camden East	30	9 10	5 45	5 55	Live Yarker	23	8 55	5 35	5 45
Thomson's Mills	31	9 20	5 55	6 05	Frontenac	27	9 05	5 45	5 55
Newburgh	32	9 25	6 00	6 10	Arr Harrowsmith	30	9 00	5 55	6 05
Strathcona	34	9 40	6 15	6 25	Sydenham	34	9 15	6 05	6 15
Napanee	40	9 55	6 30	6 40	Live Harrowsmith	30	9 30	6 15	6 25
Napanee, West End	40	10 05	6 40	6 50	Murvale	35	9 40	6 25	6 35
Deseronto Junction	45	10 20	6 55	7 05	Glenvale	39	9 55	6 40	6 50
Arr Deseronto	49	10 35	7 10	7 20	G. T. R. Junction	47	10 10	6 55	7 05
					Kingston	49	10 25	7 10	7 20

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE No. 22.

To be used in connection with Time Table No. 21. Taking Effect April 27, 1903.

DESERONTO TO NAPANEE.

Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train
a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.
No. 7	No. 9	No. 13	No. 15	No. 1	No. 17	No. 19	No. 21	No. 5	No. 23	No. 25
Deseronto	1 35	3 35	6 00	7 15	10 00	11 50	12 35	4 00	6 15	8 30
Napanee	2 00	3 00	6 20	7 35	10 15	12 10	12 50	4 20	6 35	8 50
With G. T. R. going	East and West	West and East	Local East	Tweed and Kingston	West and Kingston	East and Kingston	West and Kingston	East and Kingston	West and Kingston	East and Kingston

NAPANEE TO DESERONTO.

Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train	Local Train
a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.
No. 8	No. 10	No. 14	No. 16	No. 6	No. 2	No. 20	No. 22	No. 4	No. 24	No. 26
Napanee	2 10	3 35	6 35	8 10	10 30	12 20	1 20	4 30	6 45	9 05
Deseronto	2 30	3 55	6 50	8 30	10 50	12 34	1 35	4 50	7 05	9 25
With G. T. R. from	West and East	East and West	Local West	Tweed and Kingston	West and Kingston	East and Kingston	West and Kingston	East and Kingston	West and Kingston	East and Kingston

*Daily. All other trains run daily (Sundays excepted).

R. C. CARTER, Gen. Manager J. F. CHAPMAN, Asst. Gen. Freight & Pass. Agent H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent

ching Joints

fingers, toes, arms, and other the body, are joints that are l and swollen by rheumatism—l condition of the blood which e muscles also.

ers dread to move, especially ting or lying long, and their n is commonly worse in wet

red dreadfully from rheumatism, been completely cured by Hood's illa, for which I am deeply grate- ss FRANCES SMITH, Prescott, Ont. an attack of the grip which left me helpless and suffering from rheu- I began taking Hood's Sarsapa- this medicine has entirely cured ve no hesitation in saying it saved M. J. McDONALD, Trenton, Ont.

d's Sarsaparilla

s the cause of rheumatism—no application can. Take it.

MART TRIMMINGS.

dyed to Match Gowns—The l Black Lace Coffee Coat.

reatest innovation in the way ing is the fashion of dyeing atch or contrast the material. tifs of pale green lace are in- r applied on brown cloth or on a deeper blue. It is decid- ginal in effect, but the lace ch of its daintiness and soft- be dyeing process.

ack lace coffee coat is unfail- ful for home evening wear. It orn over colored blouses which the shabby, and if the collar the blouse is removed and a turned down in front quite a emittoilet effect may be pro-

n ordains that the well dressed should match her hats to her



CK CREPE DE CHINE GOWN.

and this is comparatively easy days of ready made frames lly covered and of trimmings to slin on the hats.

RICHMOND MINUTES.

RICHMOND, MAY 4th, 1903.

Council met at Selby. The members present were Reeve Paul, Councillors Jones, Grooms, Anderson and McCutcheon, the reeve presiding.

The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

Communications were as follows:—

One from John English, barrister, Napanee, re gravel pit commonly known as the Card gravel pit; one from Thos. Gault, re damages to buggy on front road, and one from W. S. Herrington re law costs.

A petition from Jas. H. Hearn and others asking that the boundary road between Richmond and Deseronto be cleared out and made fit for public travel was read.

Moved by A. McCutcheon, seconded by C. Anderson, that the sum of \$1.00 be paid John Allison for work done on side road between lots 7 and 8, in the 3rd concession of Richmond. Carried.

Moved by M. Jones, seconded by Grooms, that the petition of Jas. H. Hearn and others that the clerk communicate with the council of the town of Deseronto re the ordering of the removing of all obstructions from the boundary between the Napanee and Deseronto road and the Bay of Quinte Carried.

Moved by Anderson, seconded by A. McCutcheon, that the report of Councillor Jones re the settlement of D. H. Preston's bill for law costs be adopted, and the same be paid, amounting to \$10.00. Carried.

Moved by Chas. Anderson, seconded by Grooms, that the clerk answer the communication of Mr. Gault, of Deseronto, re damage to buggy on the Deseronto road advising him that the council having visited the locality do not consider the township liable for the damage sustained. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. McCutcheon, that Wm. Foot be paid \$4.00 for the aid of Geo. Watson for the month of April. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Grooms, seconded by Mr. McCutcheon, that Thos. Russell be paid the sum of \$3.50 for commutation of statute labor, he having performed the same, by order of the path-master. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Grooms, that Wm. J. Winters be appointed in Road Section No. 25 instead of Wm. Ballance, who has removed from the locality. Carried.

Moved by Mr. McCutcheon, seconded by Mr. Anderson, that Riley Pringle be paid the sum of \$1.00 for work on roads. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Jones, that on the application of Martin Dewitt to have the side road opened up between lots 6 and 7, in the 9th concession, that Councillor McCutcheon visit the locality and report to the council at the June session. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Jones and seconded by Mr. Anderson, that the reeve and Councillor Grooms be a committee to investigate and take such steps as may be necessary to protect the township interest in a gravel pit in the 3rd con. as referred to in the communication of John English. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Jones, seconded by Mr. Anderson, that the following appropriations on roads be made for the current year:

Napanee and Sheffield road . . . \$400 00

A PROMINENT COLLEGE MAN.

One of Indiana's Useful Educators Says:
"I Feel Like a New Man."



MR. JOHN W. MENG.

Mr. John W. Meng, 54 Jefferson Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., State Representative of Indianapolis Business College, writes:

"I firmly believe that I owe my fine health to Peruna. Constant travel and change of food and water wrought havoc with my stomach, and for months I suffered with indigestion and catarrh of the stomach. I felt that the only thing to do was to give up my occupation which I felt very reluctant to do. Seeing an ad. of Peruna as a specific for catarrh I decided to give it a trial, and used it faithfully for six weeks, when I found that my troubles had all disappeared and I seemed like a new man. I have a bottle of Peruna in my grip all the time, and occasionally take a few doses which keeps me in excellent health."—John W. Meng.

THE most common phases of summer catarrh are catarrh of the stomach and bowels. Peruna is a specific for summer catarrh.

Hon. Willis Brewer, Representative in Congress from Alabama, writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman:

House of Representatives,
Washington, D. C.
The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:
Gentlemen—"I have used one bottle of Peruna for lassitude, and I take pleasure in recommending it to those who

need a good remedy. A tonic it is excellent. In the short time I have used it it has done me a great deal of good."—Willis Brewer.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Market Report.

The following report of marketable goods will be interesting to our farmer readers, from which they can form a pretty good idea as to how the latest prices for the different articles range:

FARM PRODUCE.

Butter, 18 to 20c. a pound.
Eggs, 11c. a dozen.
Chickens, 60c. to 80c. a pair.

VEGETABLES.

Celery, 2 bunches for 5c.
Carrots, 10c. a peck, 35c. a bushel
Cabbage, 2 heads for 5c.
Onions, dry, 15c. a peck.
Beets, 15c. a peck.
Potatoes, \$1.10 a bag.

Hares' Feet.

Hares use their feet to wash their faces, and the hare's foot is so suitable for a brush that it is always used to apply the "paint" to the face for the stage.

Engraving.

Copper plate engraving was first done in 1511, wood engraving in 1799, etching on metal with acid in 1512.

Cool Cucumbers.

"Cool as a cucumber" is correct scientifically. Investigators claim that that vegetable usually has a temperature a degree less than the surrounding atmosphere.



CREPE DE CHINE GOWN.

and this is comparatively easy days of ready made frames ly covered and of trimmings to slip on the hats. p or pelerine effect is here to some time. All the fashiona- are made with it and quite a he bodices. For instance, a lace will be ornamented with ape effect of lace and applied touches of the same silk on

the most fashionable sleeve the three-quarter bell sleeve side over a puffed sleevelet. charming vogue for the light- stuffs, and it works out pret- ily. The whole affair is made undation.

shows a gown of black crepe with the collar, epaulets and vory guipure.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

xy.—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the effective in apoplectic symptoms, e unpleasant dizziness, lightness rush of blood to the head, take is against a recurrence. This ady will remove the cause. The e and has daily a list of sudden igh would not be chronicled if y's Cure for the Heart were used.

Keyless Napoleon.

on was making an inspection lema. ve the Napoleonic lock all e missed, "but there doesn't be any key." there was no chance of a hair- escape, he bitterly turned to oirs.—New York Herald.

Woman's Best Friend.

ce.—Woman is woman's best ter all. "I guess you're right. nly I'm right. Even when etting married doesn't a man away and her maid of honor p for her?"—Yonkers States-

Explained.

the stork brought us a baby e is so small." you see, the flues are so small ouse I don't guess the stork t a larger one down the chim- hicago News.

King Care of the Heart.

sician writes: "Life would be d by a little more attention to t, by paying a little respect to t faithful servant we ever have. od might be done also if par- ould teach their children the of overtaking the heart. They teach them to stop and rest a ments during their play when gin to feel the violent throbb- their hearts against the chest

iceman's Troubles.—"My " says John Gray, ice dealer, of n, Ont., "is one of the most lds under the sun for sowing the rheumatic suffering. For five as a great invalid, words cannot e faintest idea of my intense and constant pain I endured. es of South American Rheumatic mamently cured me."—146

may be necessary to protect the town- ship interest in a gravel pit in the 3rd con. as referred to in the com- munication of John English. Carried. Moved by Mr. Jones, seconded by Mr. Anderson, that the following appropriations on roads be made for the current year:

Napanee and Sheffield road	\$400 00
Deseronto road	200 00
Belleville road	100 00
Slash road	50 00
Wm. Norris' road	10 00
Thomas Russell's road	20 00
J. Turnbull's road	20 00
Jas. Windover's road	20 00
Ryerson Pringle's	10 00
John Harten	10 00
Lime Lake road	25 00
Wm. Warner	20 00
R. J. A. Harten	10 00
W. J. Hall	10 00
Newburgh road	50 00
Napanee & Richmond boundary	5 00

Carried.

The council adjourned to meet on the first Monday in June at the hour of ten o'clock a.m., at which time the court of revision will be held to consider appeals against the assessment roll for the year 1903.

A. WINTERS, Clerk.

Nerve Wracked and Insomniac.

Everything goes wrong, head feels heavy and dull, mind is filled with strange forebod- ings, stomach is out of kilter. You need a good tonic like Ferrozone to bring back your lost appetite and digestion, and cleanse the blood of all impurities. Ferrozone is a wonderful invigorant and strengthener that will banish gloomy depression and quickly restores you to a healthy, vigorous condition of mind and body. Nothing is so good for the sick, weary and debilitated as Ferrozone. Price 50c, per box, at Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston.

HAMILTON'S MANDRAKE PILLS CURE CONSTIPATION.

Mail advices say that hundreds of people are dying of famine in Kwangsi province, China.

Dr. Schlamp, the largest wine grower in Germany, is on trial charged with whole- sale adulteration.

The newspapers of Bogota, capital of Columbia, have started an agitation against the ratification of the Panama Canal treaty.

Eggs, 11c. a dozen.
Chickens, 60c. to 80c. a pair.

VEGETABLES.

Celery, 2 bunches for 5c.
Carrots, 10c. a peck, 35c. a bushel
Cabbage, 2 heads for 5c.
Onions, dry, 15c. a peck.
Beets, 15c. a peck.
Potatoes, \$1.10 a bag.
Turnips, 50c. a bag.

FRUIT.

Apples, 5 to 10c. a peck.
Winter Apples, \$1.50 a barrel.

MEATS.

Pork, 10 to 11c. a pound, \$6.65 to \$8.50 per cwt.
Beef, by the quarter, 6 to 9c.
Beefsteak, 10 to 12c. a pound.
Sirloin, 8c. a pound.
Roast beef, 9 to 11c. a pound.
Stew beef, 5 to 8c. a pound.
Salt Pork, 12c. a pound.
Ham, 13 to 16c. a pound.
Bacon, 11 to 15c. a pound.
Sausage, 10c. per lb.
Tallow, rough, \$2.50 per cwt.
Tallow, rendered, \$5.00 per cwt.
Lard, rendered, 13c. per pound.

GRAIN.

Wheat, 60 to 65c. bushel.
Barley, 38 to 40c. bushel
Rye, 45 to 47c. bushel.
Oats, 27 to 28c. bushel.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbooks on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Copper plate engraving was first done in 1511, wood engraving in 1799, etching on metal with acid in 1512.

Cool Cucumbers.

"Cool as a cucumber" is correct scientifically. Investigators claim that that vegetable usually has a temperature a degree less than the surrounding atmosphere.

People of Morocco.

A missionary writes that "the only patriotism the people of Morocco know is religious fervor, and their only loyalty is loyalty to Islam."

Natural Arch.

At Hirmisketscher, Bohemia, the unequal working of nature in the destruction of rocks has resulted in a most colossal and ruggedly beautiful arch, the summit of which is upward of 1,400 feet above the sea level.

The Magnifying Lens

The magnifying lens is believed to have been known to the ancients, but in modern times was brought into use by Roger Bacon in 1262.

Bridges in St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg is built on a peninsula and two islands connected by several large stone bridges and in summer by numerous bridges of boats which, however, are removed at the first frost.

Woman and Mouse.

While endeavoring to get out of the way of a little mouse which had startled her a young woman fell and fractured her leg at Hilgay fen, Norfolk, England.

Fruit Cake.

A fruit cake which has no fruit in the batter, but instead has alternate layers of mixed raisins, currants, nuts and citron chopped fine and held together with a meringue of white of egg and powdered sugar is delicious.

Killed by a Dream.

A woman named Durian, living at Houdeng, dreamed that she was being murdered. She awoke in so great a fright that she only survived the effect two days.

Results That Astonished Relatives and Friends.

Miss Barbara M. Stanfold, a Victim of Anaemia, Imperfect Circulation and Debility Is Cured By

Paine's Celery Compound

In the month of May, it is an absolute necessity that the body should be furnished with a richer and purer supply of blood for the establishment of a health that can successfully cope with the enervating effects of hot summer weather. Poor blood in May produces listless, ambitionless, sleepless and sallow-faced men and women, who quickly become victims of some organic disease that ends life.

Intelligent people recognize the necessity of cleansing and fortifying the system in May by using Paine's Celery Compound, which speedily removes all poisons from the system, gives to the thin, watery blood a larger proportion of red corpuscles, and arouses all the organs of the body to health action. Paine's Celery Compound does a work for victims of impure, watery and stagnant blood that commands the attention of the most eminent medical men in the world. Miss Barbara M. Stanfold, Hamilton, Ont., says:—

"For over a year my health was in bad condition, and I became very weak and

much depressed in spirits. My troubles arose from poor and watery blood and imperfect circulation. My appetite was almost gone, and I was afflicted with insomnia. After several doctors had done all they could for me, I was weaker than when they first began to treat me, and my family became anxious about my condition. A neighbor advised my mother to have me use Paine's Celery Compound. Before I finished the second bottle, my appetite was better, I felt stronger and could sleep soundly five or six hours each night. I had so much faith in the wonderful compound that I continued with it until I was perfectly cured. To-day, after using six bottles, I am as well and strong as ever before. I thank you with all my heart for such a medicine; it saved my life when other medicines failed. All my friends are astonished at my happy cure."

If you are in need of free medical advice write to Consulting Physician's Department, The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited Montreal, Que. All correspondence is sacredly confidential.

FOR CONSTIPATION

IRON-OX TABLETS

FOR INDIGESTION

"I was run down very much, but I am thankful to say that Iron-Ox Tablets have put new life into me. My wife, also, is taking the Tablets. She finds great benefit from them."

E. STONE,
32 Brock Ave.
Parkdale, Ont.

CONSECRATE YOUR PEN.

Many an Opportunity is Wasted for Gospel Letter Writing.

(Entered according to Act of the Parliament of Canada, in the year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Three, by Wm. Bailly, of Toronto, at the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.)

A despatch from Chicago says: Rev. Frank De Witt Talmage preached from the following text: Daniel vi, 8, "Now, O king, establish the decree, and sign the writing, that it be not changed."

King Darius was about to be caught in a trap. The jealous state officers, who had long been plotting against the young prime minister, had at last found a way in which they thought they could destroy him. "Aha!" they chuckled. "We will make the king sign this young upstart's death warrant. He will not know that he is doing it. We shall play upon our royal master's vanity and ask him to send forth a public letter and sign it, so that the decree cannot be changed."

This public letter, or proclamation, was a singular document. It was dexterously devised to exalt the king's supremacy and was well calculated to please an oriental despot by making him appear to his subjects as the exclusive source of all good. It prohibited every subject making any request of God or man, save to the king only, for a period of thirty days. These plotters knew that Daniel was in the habit of praying to God every day, and they were sure that he would continue to do so in spite of the king's proclamation. He would thus become an offender against the law and would incur the penalty, which was to be cast into the den of the lions. "Now," they would say when the king signed the paper, "we shall destroy that prime minister. We could not do it by the sword, but we shall do it by the king's impulsive pen." Their plot operated as they expected, and Daniel was thrown into the den of lions. We know how the king lamented signing the letter, but how powerless he was to recall his signature.

How many people have had similar cause for regret! How often words written under a hasty impulse have recurred to the writer! Spoken words may be forgotten, but written words do not change. They may be used to condemn the writer long years after they were written; ay, after he himself is dead.

Never write an important letter until you have had plenty of time to think it over. Foolish would be that lawyer who would quickly give a decision upon any important matter. After hearing all the statements of his client the wise lawyer says: "Wait until to-morrow, or next week, and I will tell you what I believe you ought to do. I do not wish to answer you without consideration. I wish to think this matter over carefully." A prominent lawyer of the west once told me that when he was preparing a case for court he spent one half his time thinking of the arguments which his opponent might present and then a great part of the other half planning how to refute them. And yet the strange fact is that men and women often, in the moments of greatest mental excitement, will sit down and dash off a letter upon the most important of subjects without

I could see that man. I wish I could give him a good piece of my mind. I wish I could tell him in plain, blunt language what I think of him and his actions. As I cannot see him, I will just sit down and write him a letter." Then he hastily sits down and writes a Demosthenian philippic. Vituperations and denunciations, contemptuous exhortation, stinging ironies, bitter epigrams and whole verbal avalanches of invective are gathered together upon the letter sheet at the pen's touch. Then he rushes away to the post office and buys a special delivery stamp. He pounds it upon the envelope with a blow that sounds like a foundry in full blast. Then he goes home, saying to himself: "There, I have relieved myself of that matter. I have told that man just what I think of him and his actions. If he should ever repeat the offence, I shall not only write to him another letter, but I shall expose his actions to his employers, his wife, children and to the public at large."

THE REVENGEFUL LETTER.

Now, my friend, in one sense it may ease your mind to write a revengeful letter, but what good does such a letter do? Does it make your enemy feel any kinder or more gentle to you? Does such a letter ever make a man feel any kinder or more gentle to the great world at large? Have you made him a better man? Have you made yourself a better man also? In fact, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred does not such a letter damage your neighbor and also do more damage to the sender than it does to the man to whom the letter is sent? I once read of an eastern tyrant who wanted to destroy an enemy. He invited this enemy to sup with him. While they sat at meat he had the waiter bring in two glasses of wine, the one poisoned and the other not. But when the king offered to his guest a cup he (the king) by mistake took and drank the poisoned cup. Like the king, is it not always the case when a man writes a purely revengeful letter that he is hurt more in the sending than the enemy is in the receiving? Did not the officers of state prepare their own death warrant when they persuaded Darius to send forth the public decree by which they hoped to destroy the prime minister?

Many have studied the effect of letter writing in a political sense. We know the power of Samuel Adams' pen in fomenting Revolutionary strife. We know that Alexander Hamilton's pen, by the power of public letter writing, defeated Aaron Burr for the gubernatorial chair of New York State and caused him to challenge Hamilton to a deadly duel. We know how George Washington by letter writing after his retirement from the presidential chair practically directed national legislation. We know how the famous "Letters of Junius," written against the British ministry, mightily changed the reading upon the pages of English history. And if we are able to study the influence of letter writing in a literary and

written upon the human heart by a gospel pen. Such words shall last long after this earth is dead and our souls have passed cycles of eternity in heaven. Infinite in reference to wonders accomplished! In our national museums some of us have seen pens worth a thousand times more than their weight in gold. They are the pens that have been held in the hands of presidents and kings—pens of peace or of war, pens of liberation or enslavement, pens which decided the material advancement or retardment of nations. But the sacred pen of gospel letter writing may be even greater in its far-reaching results. It may be the means for the liberation of immortal souls from sin, for their coronation in the heavenly redemption.

Thus, in closing, I would impress upon you all the influence of a consecrated pen. May you learn to use for God aright that pen which as a schoolboy you once held in your chubby fingers when it would sputter and twist and try to squirm out of your hands. Use aright that pen by which as a young man you used to record the secrets of your heart when the old, old story of love became a new story to you in the springtime. Learn to use aright for Christ that same pen with which you have again and again written a name upon a black bordered envelope. Use aright that pen with which you made a last will and testament, and use aright that pen with which you can win immortal souls to Jesus Christ in the gospel invitation of private correspondence.

OCULISTS FOR SCHOOLS.

Experts to Be Appointed by the London School Board.

At a recent meeting of the London School Board, over which Lord Reay presided, a report was presented, in which the General Purposes Committee recommended the appointment of six oculists at a cost of £875 per year. According to the medical officer, the percentage of school children with normal vision increased with every year of age and standard of advance during school life, reaching 80 per cent., with Standard VII. Ten per cent. all through school life had bad vision, and this remained about a constant proportion. The percentages of defect appeared to vary more with the social and nutritive conditions of the children, and with racial peculiarities than with any school conditions, for school effects from fine work and poor illumination were more likely to show themselves in general nerve strain and unhealthy neurotic, nutritional condition than in very defective visual acuity during school life.

The medical officer further stated that the selection of children whose efficiency in school is damaged by dirt, parasites, chronic diseases of ears, or impaired visual acuity is just beginning. The treatment of all these matters is tedious, has to be thorough, but it is a routine of the most monotonous and uninteresting description. The burden at present falls on the hospitals, and they have not yet adapted themselves to it.

Whether even with time they ever can efficiently discharge this public duty is at least doubtful. The vision examinations show 10 per cent. of the 600,000 school children in London so bad, that detailed investigation and possibly treatment are necessary. An equal number with slighter defects would also benefit by this. It is found at hospital or elsewhere that a few of this last

FOR FARMERS

Seasonable and Practical Hints for the Busy of the Soil.

SUCCESS IN FARMING

A great many farmers—I may safely say a majority of my acquaintance—very resemble cattle in some habits, writes C. T. Leonard, dairy of cows tramp the le the ancient "cow lane" year, following precisely al old path, stepping exactly steps left by preceding ge never realizing that a li from the old path the way i and easy. They do thi habit, without ever exerci reason. In the section of try in which I reside the f only two or three generati The hardy pioneers who cle the trees first from necessi ed corn, usually "choppi with axes; then as soon could scratch the surface with their A-shaped harrov oats among the stumps and oats with wheat. From th necessary practice arose th ful "three crop rotation," v been rigorously followed fr early day to the present i nine-tenths of the farmers' quittance. In those ear the farmers needed, the wheat for bread and the oar their oxen. They were

NOT SEEKING FOR ME

They were strictly and engaged in home-making. a large majority of farmer pursue the same old co true that our environme market facilities for transi demands of wealth, etc., d and the farmers who are t demands of the times are t who win and enjoy the fru cess. Then here arises yo tion, "What do farmers mos We make answer with the "Gumption."

To be a successful farm should have some "natura and then he should have training during his early y he will be able to run his "machine" with a fair rate and power in properly selec nels. Though a classical a tific education is not abso sential, yet one may be ass such a retaining will not man. It will, indeed, be fo a great aid in keeping of of inherited customs and h comes in at the right time prevent a man from becom silized; from becoming an ton, guided by the maxims cepts of a generation that thing in common with the

SUCCESS IN FARMING

as in every other occupat pends upon the man. Evei cannot become a Hanniba Bonaparte, every inventor son, every statesman a C nor every financier a Moir shall always see every degr cess demonstrated in every tion in which men enga there are some farmers wh tower above those about th down anywhere there are ot equal health and streng would scarcely make a livi Garden of Eden. Why this

that when he was preparing a case for court he spent one half his time thinking of the arguments which his opponent might present and then a great part of the other half planning how to refute them. And yet the strange fact is that men and women often, in the moments of greatest mental excitement, will sit down and dash off a letter upon the most important of subjects; without giving the brain time to cool or the ballast of judgment to settle down in the right equilibrium they will hastily commit words to paper which will decide their whole earthly and perhaps their heavenly destiny.

HAD HE STOPPED TO THINK.

Do you suppose King Darius would have sent forth that decree, or public letter, which condemned his premier, Daniel, to the lions' den if he had only stopped to think? Supposing the king after he had written that public decree had placed it under his pillow and slept upon it, what would have been the result? Would he not naturally have scented a fatal conspiracy in that request? And, my brother, if you had only waited one or two days before you sent that important letter which did you so much harm would you have sent it? Would you not have destroyed it?

Never write an important letter which you would not be willing for the whole world to see. Many statements that are perfectly proper and rightly understood by those who know us will not be rightly construed if placed before the eyes of the world at large. There are many thoughts that I might write to a friend or a brother which would be entirely misinterpreted if read by an enemy or a stranger. It is very important that one should never write a letter which would be capable of misconstruction if that letter should ever fall into the hands of a bitter foe.

FRIEND AGAINST FRIEND.

My father used to impress this thought upon me by the recollections of an awful night which he passed in an ordeal of indescribable horrors. A very near and dear relative of his was his intimate associate for many years. They were to each other as intimate as brothers. They confided in each other everything. Time passed on, and there was a rupture. The friendship was broken. What did that relative do? He immediately took all the letters which my father had written and handed them over to the newspapers for publication. The night that my father heard of the despicable act, as he has often told me, was the most awful night of his whole life. He knew that he had done no wrong, but he was afraid that in a confidential correspondence of many years he might have written something which in the eyes of the world might be imprudent. All that night he tramped the floor. When the first ray of daylight told that the dawn was near, he went out to buy the morning newspaper which contained the published private correspondence. He read these published letters in the street. When he returned, the first words he said to mother were: "Thank God, there is nothing compromising that I have written! Thank God! Thank God!" That is not the only illustration which might be given where a friend has turned upon a friend. Then, my brother, to either friend or foe alike, never write anything which may some day not be able to stand the test of the public print.

Never write a letter with a vengeful pen, dipped into an ink well filled with hatred. When one has been unjustly attacked, it is very easy for an injured man to say: "I wish

deadly duel. We know how George Washington by letter writing after his retirement from the presidential chair practically directed national legislation. We know how the famous "Letters of Junius," written against the British ministry, mightily changed the reading upon the pages of English history. And if we are able to study the influence of letter writing in a literary and political sense can we not study its influence in a spiritual sense?

LETTERS FROM A MOTHER.

Let us first see the spiritual influence of letter writing in your own life. Strange to say, you do not remember much about your mother's life. I mean as you sit there, you have forgotten exactly how she looked and the tone of her voice. She has been dead many years. Then you have forgotten to a great extent her words of advice in the home, but you have never forgotten her letters. Somehow, after you left home, the words which she wrote to you made a far greater impression than the words which she spoke. If I should go into your home and ask for your most valuable collection of papers you would in all probability show me a collection of old yellow letters. They were written by her hand. You have read them over and over again. Some of those letters are stained as though the children had spattered water upon them. They are stained with your tears as well as perhaps hers. The gospel advice in those with hers. The gospel advice in those letters which you were able to read in the quietude of your own room is to-day the sweetest lesson that your mother ever taught. What has been true in reference to your life is also true in mine. The greatest lesson that my father taught me was not by the lip, but with the pen. Though I had lived with him for eighteen years he never so overwhelmingly affected me as on the day I left for college. He placed in my hand a letter. He told me to read it in the train. In this letter, on one half sheet of paper, he wrote these words: "In college you will find two groups: Group the first, boys who go to college because their fathers send them there. Boys who drink and smoke and who cheat at their examinations. Failure. Group the second, boys who go to college to prepare for life's struggle; boys who study hard and go to church and the prayer meeting. Success. 'Them that honor me, I will honor. And they that despise me shall be lightly esteemed.'" That was all he wrote, but those written words, far more than any spoken words my father ever uttered, burned themselves into my innermost being. That letter of his illustrated the power of a spiritual pen, wielded in a Christian home.

INFLUENCE OF A GOSPEL PEN.

Oh, the infinite influence of a gospel pen! Infinite in reference to time! Some of us have seen the Assyrian histories written upon the slabs of burnt brick by pens thousands upon thousands of years ago. We have seen leaves of grass upon which the Greeks used to engrave their laws, and the shoulder blades of a dead sheep's skeleton upon which the ancient Arabs used to write poetry. The sides of the Egyptian obelisks are covered with hieroglyphics of the ancients. The first pen wielded by man was a chisel, and the first leaf was a sheet of solid rock. But, though such writings may last hundreds and thousands of years, yet they will not last as long as the gospel words

can efficiently discharge this public duty is at least doubtful. The vision examinations show 10 per cent. of the 600,000 school children in London so bad, that detailed investigation and possibly treatment are necessary. An equal number with slighter defects would also benefit by this. It is found at hospital or elsewhere that a few of this last class on further examination come out normal as regards acuity, and may require no treatment. No amount of reasonable care can eliminate these in school.

Regarding vision only, the conclusion is that from 10,000 to 20,000 children annually in London ought to have detailed medical examination, and, if required, treatment, if the best educational results are to be obtained, and their future efficiency as citizens is to be promoted. After discussion the recommendation of the committee was adopted by 25 votes to 5.

CHARACTERS IN WALKING.

Steps that are quick are indicative of energy and agitation.

Tip-toe walking symbolizes surprise, curiosity, discretion, or mystery.

Turned-in toes are often found with preoccupied, absent-minded persons.

The miser's walk is represented as stooping, noiseless, with short, nervous, anxious steps.

Slow steps, whether long or short, suggest gentle or reflective state of mind, as the case may be.

The proud step is slow and measured; the toes are conspicuously turned out; the legs straightened.

Where a revengeful purpose is hidden under a feigned smile, the step will be slinking and noiseless.

The direction of the steps wavering and following every changing impulse of the mind, inevitably betrays uncertainty, hesitation, and indecision.

Obstinate people, who in argument reply more on muscularity than on intellectual power, rest the feet flatly and firmly on the ground, walk heavily and slowly, and stand with the legs firmly planted and far apart.

NEW ELECTRIC GUN.

The attention of the German artillery experts is at present engaged on improving Birkland's electro-magnetic cannon. Although it is only available in forts and is too complex to be trusted to an ordinary gunner, it is believed by the German authorities to have a great future before it. The principle of this new gun is the passing of a powerful current through wire spirals in the bore without heating. It throws a 50 pound projectile more than three miles with accuracy, but the inventor claims he can increase this distance fourfold. A science paper remarks that this is the first electro-magnetic gun that German artillerymen have found practicable.

SPEED OF HOMING PIGEONS.

Mr. H. Kendrick, junior, in Animal Life, gives some particulars of the speed which homers attain. On one occasion a pigeon, he tells, flew for nearly twenty-seven hours at an average speed of 607 yards per minute, or 10 yards per second. Greater speeds for short distances are frequently obtained. At a meeting of fanciers in Paris the rate of speed per minute of the first ten pigeons was 1,202 yards; while a "fly" from Lille to Paris was at the rate of 1,378 yards per minute.

nor every financier a Mori shall always see every degree demonstrated in every tion in which men engage there are some farmers who tower above those about the down anywhere there are of equal health and strength would scarcely make a livi Garden of Eden. Why this between men of the same mind and surrounding opportunity

It is not so much because they do not labor hard enough. because their efforts are not ly directed. There are whom I can point who work at the earliest dawn pound, and dig and scrape, ness settles over them, and scarcely clothe themselves and gingham and feed them potatoes, bread and salt thing that they handle thrive. If they ever have to sell the price is low, and they are forced to buy the high. If the season rains and honey of prosperity t and barrels leak or, for reason, no good comes Within the same community men who do not work so their hands, but every touch

APPEARS TO TURN TO

Now, I say to my reader ask you to carry the thou you and let it dwell in yo that constant labor is not of success. True it is amount of planning and produce a crop of corn or wheat. We must do amount of brain work, and praying between the rows we must have gumption the first place to determine shall produce to bring u pay for the thought and vested. If your neighbor o hundred or three hundred



"I eat a yard uv pork
"How vos dot?"
"Vy, tree pig's feet—u

R FARMERS

Seasonable and Profitable Hints for the Busy Tillers of the Soil.

CESS IN FARMING.

At many farmers—I think I may say a majority of those acquaintance—very strongly cattle in some of their writes C. T. Leonard. A cows tramp the length of ent "cow lane" year after following precisely along the t, stepping exactly in the ft by preceding generations, alizing that a little aside old path the way is smooth usy. They do things from without ever exercising their In the section of the coun- which I reside the farms are o or three generations old. ly pioneers who cleared away a first from necessity, plant- a, usually "chopping it in" es; then as soon as they ratch the surface a little air A-shaped harrows, sowed ong the stumps and followed h wheat. From this almost y practice arose the wonder- e crop rotation," which has orously followed from that y to the present time by hs of the farmers of my ac- ce. In those early times rmers needed, the corn and r bread and the oats to feed en. They were

SEEKING FOR MONEY.

re strictly and exclusively in home-making. Though majority of farmers forever the same old course, it is t our environments and facilities for transportation, of wealth, etc., do change, farmers who are alive to the of the times are the ones and enjoy the fruits of suc- en here arises your ques- at do farmers most need? e answer with the one word ion."

a successful farmer a man ave some natural ability, en he should have such a during his early years that be able to run his "thinking" with a fair rate of speed er in properly selected chan- ough a classical and scien- ication is not absolutely es- yet one may be assured that retaining will not hurt a ; will, indeed, be found to be aid in keeping off the crust ited customs and habits. It i at the right time of life to a man from becoming fos- from becoming an automa- ded by the maxims and pre- a generation that had no- common with the present.

CESS IN FARMING.

very other occupation, de- pon the man. Every soldier become a Hannibal or a te, every inventor an Edi- ry statesman a Gladstone, y financier a Morgan. We vays see every degree of suc- nstrated in every occupa- which men engage. While e some farmers who would ove those about them if set ywhere there are others with health and strength who scarcely make a living in the of Eden. Why this difference

land is providing the comforts and luxuries of life for his family by keeping a dairy, don't imagine that you can do the same from a little patch of thirty or forty acres. This is a common practice in every community. If the large farmers pursue a system of mixed farming, the men around them, with their twenty or thirty or forty acre homes, likewise keep from two to four cattle, perhaps a pair of horses, raise an acre or two of wheat to eat, potatoes for the family, a few oats for the hog and eat the hog. That is all there is to it. At the end of each year they are twelve months nearer the end of life's journey without having seen a dollar which they could freely spend for their own pleasure. All that this little narrow condition of existence is to

EXERCISE HIS "GUMPTION."

If you are not original in thought, or if you don't know how to think, look around and copy the methods of successful farmers of your acquaintance. If you are a small farmer, it is easy to find men in your vicinity who make a thousand dollars or more from their little thirty to fifty acre farms. If you are accomplishing nothing except annually becoming a little older, make a change of some sort. Groans and lamentations will afford no satisfactory relief, nor will sitting around the corner grocery every evening finding fault with the Government make your lives any broader or more satisfactory. You must think out your own financial salvation, not with fear and trembling, but with a determination to conquer your own prejudices and break through the shell of habit within which you have become incrustated. If you see those around you occupying farms about the size of your own who are doing better than you do, ask yourself if there is not something wrong with the man or manner, instead of the business. Exercise your gumption. Think ! Think ! Think !

FARM NOTES.

Because he can no longer do hard work the farmer sometimes moves from the farm to town. Few are contented in town. The old farm is the only place that seems like home. He has learned to love the rural home during the many years of hard labor spent in making it a desirable place to live. Among familiar surroundings, performing a few of the many accustomed tasks, resting under the shade of trees he has planted and cherished, enjoying their luscious fruit, the old farmer will not rust out and will not need to seek further to find happiness during his declining years.

Any branch of farming which increases the general fertility of the farm land while paying a living profit is worth more than another which steadily decreases the productivity of the soil. Robbing the land to make present profit is an unwise investment. Sooner or later we pay for it, and sometimes dearly. Dairying of all branches of farming stands first in this respect. It can be conducted so that the farm land will steadily degenerate until the place is on the verge of ruin and abandonment, or it can be made to improve the soil year by year.

An acre of grass land, according to experiments, gives off not less than 6,400 quarts of water in twenty-four hours, and an acre of sun-flowers would give a relatively greater quantity. In fact, swamps have been reclaimed and malarial marshes rendered innocuous by planting sun-flowers or eucalyptus trees, which

DELAY AT \$3,000 A DAY

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS HAVE TO PAY HEAVILY.

But for Delay the Spanish-American War Might Have Ended Differently.

A certain Scottish shipbuilding company was recently sued by the Spanish Minister of Marine for a sum of \$375,000, says London Answers. The firm in question contracted some six years ago to build for the Spanish Government four torpedo-boat destroyers and deliver them by a certain date. The contract stipulated for a payment by the contractors of \$2,500 a week for every week of delay in the delivery of these vessels. The great engineering strike took place just at the critical moment, and the result was a delay of 135 weeks in the completion of the vessels.

Had the destroyers been available at the promised date, it is more than possible that the Spanish-American war might have had a different conclusion, and that Cuba might still be a Spanish possession. Lord Kyllachy, before whom the case came, gave it as his opinion that, had the Spanish Government been in a position to establish early in 1897 a thoroughly effective blockade round part of the Cuban coast, the Cuban insurrection might have been crushed, and American intervention avoided. He gave the Spaniards judgment for \$337,500, together with interest and expenses.

A large number of our own warships are constantly under construction by private firms, and in the contracts which the Admiralty make with such firms there is always a penalty set down for delay in delivering such ships. A few months ago the Admiralty issued to all these private shipbuilders a notice that in future, the penalty clause would be strictly enforced, particularly with regard to the third-class cruisers for which orders have recently been placed. The penalty attached to late delivery of such vessels will be \$200 per day. Further than this, the stipulated speed-trials must be completed within ten weeks, otherwise an additional penalty of \$100 a day will be exacted. These new cruisers cost only \$1,000,000 apiece, so the penalties certainly seem heavy.

Yet, when it is considered what immense extra cost is entailed upon the nation by such delay, it is reasonable enough that the firm guilty of waste of time should have to pay up. There is the case, for instance, in point, of the first-class battleship "Venerable," generally nicknamed "The Archdeacon." She was launched so long ago as 1899, after being built very rapidly in Chatham Government Dockyard. But she has only lately been commissioned. This delay of three years was caused by the failure of the firm who contracted to make her engines and boilers. The result is not only the long delay in the commissioning of a most useful warship, but an increase in her cost of nearly \$650,000. She has, indeed, cost the country more than any other battleship ever built. The bill amounts to \$5,648,780 !

Every steamship company that carries mails for the British Government is bound in heavy penalties for failing to carry out its contract. Take, for instance, the Pacific Steam Navigation Company. For a sum of \$162,500 a year this company con-

THE S. S. LESSON.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MAY 17.

Text of the Lesson, Acts xxiv, 10-16. Golden Text, Ps. xxiii, 4.

10-13. Neither can they prove the things whereof they now accuse me. Five days after Paul had been placed under the care of Felix, the governor at Caesarea, the high priest and the elders and an orator named Tertullus arrived from Jerusalem, and, Paul being brought forth, the orator delivered his accusation, and the Jews assented to it. Paul being permitted to speak for himself, denies their accusations and says that they can prove nothing. It is the common story of things laid to our charge that we know not — the perversity of false witness (Ps. xxxv, xi). The Spirit, through Peter, reminds us that it is cause for thanksgiving if for conscience toward God we endure grief suffering wrongfully, that when we do well and suffer for it we take it patiently, God is well pleased and that it is better, if the will of God be so, that we suffer for well doing than for evil doing (1 Pet. ii 10, 20; iii, 17).

14. But this I confess unto thee that after the way which they call heresy so worship I the God of my fathers, believing all things which are written in the law and in the prophets.

It was his custom to expound and testify the kingdom of God and persuade people concerning Jesus, both out of the law of Moses and out of the prophets (Acts xxviii, 23). It was the custom of the Lord Jesus to begin at Moses and all the prophets and expound in all the Scriptures the things concerning Himself and to assert that all things must be fulfilled which were written in the law of Moses and in the prophets and in the psalms concerning Him (Luke xxiv, 27, 44). There is no one to follow fully but the Lord Jesus, and there is no better example of one who followed Him fully than the apostle Paul.

15. And have hope toward God which they themselves also allow that there shall be a resurrection of the dead, both of the just and of the unjust.

When Paul was rescued from the mob by the chief captain and on the next day brought before the council, part Sadducees and part Pharisees, it was the topic of the resurrection which so stirred them that it seemed as if they would tear Paul in pieces had not the chief captain taken him by force from among them (chapter xxii, 6, 10). It was the same night, in the castle, that the Lord appeared to him and assured him that as he had testified at Jerusalem so he must testify at Rome (xxiii, 11), thus indorsing his testimony and asking for more of it. All who now believe God believe in the resurrection of the dead, but not all believers accept the plain teaching of 1 Thess. iv, 16, 17; 1 Cor. xv, 23, 24; Rev. xx, 5, 6 Luke xiv, 14; xx, 36, and other passages concerning the resurrection.

16. And herein do I exercise myself to have always a conscience void of offence toward God and toward men.

His aim is plainly stated in such words as these : "According to my earnest expectation and my hope that in nothing I shall be ashamed;" "Not as pleasing men, but God who is the Father of our hearts;" "Ye are

financier a Morgan. We have every degree of succubated in every occupation men engage. While some farmers who would e those about them if set here there are others with dth and strength who cely make a living in the Eden. Why this difference n of the same nationality nding opportunities ? so much because they or hard enough as it is r efforts are not proper- d. There are some to n point who begin to he earliest dawn, they dig and scrape till dark- over them, and still can othe themselves in denim n and feed themselves on bread and salt pork. No- they handle seems to they ever have anything price is low, and of what reed to buy the price is e season rains the milk of prosperity their pails leak or, for some other good comes to them. same community are other o not work so hard with , but everything they

IS TO TURN TO GOOD

ly to my readers, and I carry the thought with : it dwell in your minds, nt labor is not the price . True it is that no planning and praying will crop of corn or potatoes We must do a proper brain work, and "do our tween the rows" ; but ive gumption enough in ace to determine what we luce to bring us the best he thought and labor in- our neighbor owning two three hundred acres of

the soil year by year. An acre of grass land, according to experiments, gives off not less than 6,400 quarts of water in twenty-four hours, and an acre of sun-flowers would give a relatively greater quantity. In fact, swamps have been reclaimed and malarial marshes rendered innocuous by planting sun-flowers or eucalyptus trees, which are great pumpers of water, and also exert other influences counter-acting baneful conditions of air, earth and water. A clover crop when well grown exhausts much of the mineral fertilizers in the soil, and the phosphoric acid, potash, and lime, but they are the cheapest fertilizers we can buy, while the nitrogen, which is increased by clover, even where only the roots decay in the soil, costs more than anything else, if we have to buy it in chemicals. Therefore to buy the cheaper fertilizer, and grow clover to enrich the soil, is the economical way of doing it. Investigations at various experiment stations indicate that it requires about three pounds of potatoes to equal one pound of hay, and for horses standing idle in the barn, potatoes may be used to some extent where refuse ones can be had very cheap.

"Have the jury agreed?" asked the usher of a locked-up set of twelve, left under care of his man, Denny Garry, whom he met upon the stairs with a pail in his hand. "Oh, yis," replied Denny, "they have agrade to sind out fer another gallon." An eccentric instructor was explaining a piece of mechanism to his class. Placing his fingers upon the handle and turning it, he remarked: "You notice that this machine is turned by a crank." And a titter passed through the whole class.



a yard uv pork to-day." 70s dot 7" ee pig's feet—und tree feet make vun yard, ain't it ?

than any other battleship ever built. The bill amounts to \$5,648,780 !

Every steamship company that carries mails for the British Government is bound in heavy penalties for failing to carry out its contract. Take, for instance, the Pacific Steam Navigation Company. For a sum of \$162,500 a year this company carries mails to South America and the Falkland Islands. The contract was signed early in 1900, and it was agreed that if the service did not commence on June 14th of that year the company should pay a fine of \$500 for every forty-eight hours which should elapse. The contracting company also bind themselves to pay a fine of \$5,000 for each occasion on which their contract is not performed with regard to the Falkland Islands. If one of their mail steamers fails to call at any specified port, the cost of conveying the letters is to be paid by the company, at the rate of \$1.30 the pound weight.

Two thousand five hundred dollars a day is the fine which the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company bind themselves to pay if they fail to provide a ship at any of the ports in their mail schedule at the appointed day and hour. And for every twenty-four hours' delay they are mulcted of another \$500. They can comfort themselves by the consideration that the maximum penalty which can be exacted is \$100,000. This is just one quarter of the yearly subsidy which is paid to the company for conveying the mails to the West Indies, Colon, and other Central American ports.

From Brindisi, in Italy, to Shanghai, in China, the time permitted for passage is 736 hours. But during the prevalence of the northeast monsoon—heavy gales which blow at a certain season—this period is extended by forty-eight hours. For every twenty-four hours' delay beyond this limit on their longer voyages the company must pay up \$500. On shorter journeys—such as between Brindisi and Bombay—the penalty is \$500 for twelve hours' delay.

If no mailship be provided at the proper day or hour at Brindisi, Bombay, or Adelaide (Australia), the forfeit is \$2,500, together with an additional hundred sovereigns for each day and night of delay.

But upon no other company are the conditions exacted more stringent than upon the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company, which carries the Irish mail. From Holyhead to North Wall the time allowed is only three hours and thirty-seven minutes. Unless a ship puts to sea each day at the appointed time, the fine, which is approved by mutual contract, is \$500, together with a further \$50 for each hour that the delay may last. The only excuse is stress of weather, and the weather must be very bad indeed to make good such excuse. These ships run with even greater certainty and better up to time than most trains, for their captains know that every minute of delay over the appointed three hours and thirty-seven minutes the company will be fined \$7.50.

Never advertise your troubles. If you have bow-legs, don't wear striped trousers.

"Why don't you praise your wife's pastry now and then, and cheer her up?" "I'm afraid to try. Every time I say anything is particularly good it turns out to be something that was purchased at the confectioner's."

tion. 16. And herein do I exercise myself to have always a conscience void of offence toward God and toward men.

His aim is plainly stated in such words as these : "According to my earnest expectation and my hope that in nothing I shall be ashamed;" "Not as pleasing men, but God, who trieth our hearts;" "Ye are witnesses, and God, also, how holily and justly and unblamably we behaved ourselves among you that believe" (Phil. i, 20; I Thess. ii, 4, 10). The Lord Jesus and His approval were more to Paul than the presence or approval of the greatest of earth's great ones. The result of Paul's speech was that Felix said he would wait until he had heard the chief captain's version of the affair, and he gave him in charge of a centurion, with orders to let him have liberty and also the fellowship and ministry of his acquaintances (verses 22 and 23.)

24-26. And as he reasoned of righteousness, temperance and judgment to come Felix trembled and answered : Go thy way for this time. When I have a convenient season, I will call for thee.

This was in one of his many talks with Felix and on an occasion when his wife, Drusilla, a Jewess, was present also. The words of our Lord Jesus in John xvi, 8, and often confounded with these words concerning Paul, but our Lord in his words does not mention judgment to come. That which Paul set before Felix concerning righteousness may be easily inferred from Rom. iii, 19, 24; x, 1-10; Tit. iii, 5; Phil. iii, 7-9. He would doubtless set forth our sinfulness by nature and practice, our need of righteousness to enable us to appear before God, God's abundant provision for that need in Christ Jesus, and His free offer of it to every repentant sinner. That which he taught concerning temperance we may infer from Tit. ii, 12; iii, 8; II Cor. iv, 14, 15; Rom. iv, 11-14. He would show that when we become righteous in Christ by His finished work then we are to renounce self and sin and the world and live wholly unto God, who so freely justifies the penitent sinner; that as disciples of Christ we are to deny self and take up the cross daily and follow Him (Matt. xvi, 24). Concerning judgment to come He would probably speak as he did to the Athenians in Acts xvii, 30, 31. He might dwell upon the mighty words of Eccl. xii, 14, and set forth the matter as in Rom. xiv, 7-12; II Cor. v, 9, 10. He would make it clear, no doubt, that all who will not receive Christ and His righteousness are abiding under the wrath of God and already condemned (John iii, 18, 36), and if they die thus can never be redeemed (John viii, 21-24), but will finally come before the great white throne and be sent into the lake of fire (Rev. xx, 11-15), while if saved in Christ the judgment for sin is past, but there will be a judgment of works and rewards for service at the judgment seat of Christ (John v, 24; Isa. xliii, 25; Rev. xxii, 12).

DWARF RACES OF EUROPE.

Professor Arthur Thompson, writing in Knowledge, discusses the variation in height of different races. Apart from the Lapps, whose height as a rule is about 5 feet, we have other races of small people inhabiting different parts of Europe. Quite 14 per cent. of the population of Sicily and Sardinia do not exceed 4 feet 11 inches in height.

Red Heart and Black Arrow

A Tale of the Rolling Wave

CHAPTER XVI.

It was the morning of my second day in Naples, and no news had reached me of Kennard, or of the man from whose dagger his meteor-like dash through the railway carriage at Pisa had saved me. I had put up at the Hotel Victoria on the Parthenope Quay, whence I could watch the blue waters of the beautiful Gulf for the coming of the Queen of Night, and all through the day after my arrival I had been thrown into a fever every time the smoke of an incoming steamer appeared on the horizon. But I was doomed to disappointment; none of the vessels seeking harbor proved to be the graceful craft which the detective had called a "murder-trap."

My impatience was becoming almost unbearable. Not only did I chafe against the delay in the arrival of the ship, but I feared from Kennard's absence that some harm had befallen him, and that unaided I should never be able to cope with the difficulties that beset me. Acting on the advice he had given, I had abandoned disguise and resumed my own garments before engaging a room at the hotel, and I was beginning to consider whether my best course would not be to confide my position and anxiety to the English Consul, in the hope that he would be more helpful than his colleague at Genoa. Once I put on my cap to go to the Consulate, but the thought of the stone cell at the Convent of Santa Lucia overcame me, and I turned again to vainly scanning the sky-line beyond the Bay.

In the ordinary course the Queen of Night should have arrived at Naples early on the previous day, and as the weather was fine and calm the delay was quite inexplicable. It was now eleven o'clock in the forenoon, so that she was nearly thirty hours overdue, which, unless something had happened, was out of all proportion to any legitimate detention in so short a voyage. To my other anxieties began to be added wild thoughts of collisions, fire, shipwrecks, and a hundred other perils of the deep.

At last I reached such a pitch that to stay kicking my heels about the hotel and staring out to sea was no longer possible to me. I decided to go down to the quays and endeavor to find some one who could aid my inquiries by interpreting for me, and glad to be up and doing anything I sallied forth at once. Passing through the Via Gioja, I chanced to notice a name over a doorway which filled me with a sudden inspiration—the name of the agent whom Nathan had mentioned as his correspondent in Naples, one Signor Girolamo Volpe. If any one in the city was likely to be able to give news of the ship, this was the man, and at all risks I determined to try him.

I say all risks, because there was every probability that if he knew who I was he would serve my en-

ship. The latter contingency had occurred, and by this time the Queen of Night must be nearing Cagliari, whence in a few hours she would start for Alexandria, and commence that portion of the voyage over which hung the foreshadowing of such dreadful mystery.

Collecting sense enough to hurl a few anathemas at the clerk, I left the office and walked slowly back to the hotel. One ray of comfort was alone granted to me. I remembered that Pisa, where Kennard and Vizard had both so mysteriously disappeared, was the junction with the short line running to Leghorn, and I reflected that if Vizard had got on board there the detective would have the chance of doing so too. I hoped frantically that he had availed himself of it, and that his non-communication with me was due to his having gone to those who needed his protection so much more urgently. This thought, however, though it lifted a little of my load, did not compensate for being left high and dry where I was powerless myself to aid; and directly I reached the hotel I inquired if there were any boats leaving for Cagliari which would give me a chance of catching up the Queen of Night before she sailed. Again I met with a rebuff. The day was Thursday. The steamer for Sardinia would not leave till Saturday.

I went up to my room, well-nigh in despair, and racked with doubt whether I had better go to the Consulate or try the Italian police authorities. I had nearly, after my last experience, decided in favor of the latter, when a waiter knocked at the door and said that a signor—an English signor—was inquiring for me below. Who my visitor could be, unless it was either Kennard or Vizard, I had no idea, but, glad at the prospect of any sort of change from blank inaction, I gave orders for him to be instantly shown up. Half a minute later I was more mystified than ever, for on the individual who came tripping obsequiously into the room I had certainly never set eyes before. He was a middle-aged, rather dissipated-looking, shabbily-dressed man, whose nationality at first sight would have been a mystery if it had not been announced.

Stranger though he was, there was something about him as he entered that struck a recent chord in my memory, and I scrutinized him more closely to see if I was confronted with yet another disguise. But the notion was no sooner formed than it was dispelled by the discovery of what had seemed familiar in him. It was the shipping top of his dome-shaped bald head which had recalled the bald head seen by me an hour before over the screen in Volpe's office, and suspicious as I was growing of everything and everybody, I recognized that it would be ridiculous to assume that it was the same.

He advanced into the room smiling

usually wear purple and fine linen. The disclosure of his avocation inspired me with a new idea, and I promptly asked him if he knew of any private boat on the point of sailing for Cagliari, or which could be chartered for that purpose at a moderate figure. I had taken the precaution on the previous day to wire home to the bankers who had my modest savings in their charge and they had cabled back a credit of two hundred pounds for me to their local agents. I was willing, nay, eager, to spend every penny of it in getting to Cagliari.

But Mr. Mayfield shook his head. "A sailing vessel could easily be procured at a small sum to put you across to the island, but it would not take less than two and a half days under the most favorable conditions of wind and tide. That, I understand, would be too late to catch the Queen of Night. There are no small steamers here disengaged which could be got ready for sea at such short notice."

Polishing the top of his shining head with a red handkerchief, he rose as if to go, then flopped down in his chair again, tapping his forehead and knitting his brows with the air of a man who was trying to remember. "Yes, it was this evening," he said aloud to himself at last. "My dear sir," he went on, "it is just possible that I may be of assistance to you after all. There is a steam-yacht here belonging to a London gentleman named Smith. She is named the Miranda, and I know her skipper, Captain Dicey, very well. But what is more to the point, I believe that she is under orders from the owner to proceed to Cagliari this very night. Mr. Smith is not on board, as he purposes joining the yacht in Sardinia, where he has been shooting while she came to Naples to refit. I think I can induce Captain Dicey to give you a passage on the quiet—for a ten-pound note or so."

"He shall have twenty if he will put me across," I said eagerly, "and twenty more if he gets me there before the Queen of Night leaves. Will you see him, Mr. Mayfield, and place me under an eternal obligation?"

"I will go at once," was the reply; it is one of the sweetest pleasures vouchsafed to us poor laborers in the vineyard to befriend our fellow-countrymen in their need. It is now nearly one. Expect me back in an hour from now."

And he went out, leaving me wondering at the combination of so much disinterested goodness with an extremely unprepossessing exterior.

(To Be Continued.)

DANGERS IN POISON IVY.

Some Simple Antidotes If Affected By It.

"If one knows how the Rhus toxicodendron—that is the scientific name for the ivy—looks," said a man of the woods, "he can avoid it with ease. It is sometimes a low shrub about a foot high, and it is also a graceful vine, with stout, hairy stems. This vine sends out horizontal branches. The bush and the vine do not look alike, but both have coarse-toothed, ovan pointed leaves. These are always three in a group, and at this season the plant also bears small greenish white berries."

Poison oat, otherwise Rhus radicans, and poison sumach, or Rhus vinita, are other plants to be avoided by visitors to the woods. The sumach has groups of four

HOUSEHOLD

PARLOR FURNISHING

The popular scheme at this time is to furnish the parlor the painters call a "high key" is, white-and-gold, white-or green-and-white. This is in a home where there is maintaining and where the parlor is used by guests without decorations making a brilliant for evening costume when the main office of the in homes of moderate cost) ceive callers in their outdoor ments, with the hostess in dinary house dress, quiet c the better choice.

For a room treated in spirit, the woodwork may in the natural finish or dark sage green or mahogany. A small-patterned carpet may be used for covering. The walls may be hung with corative paper, or a two-color, may be used as a background for pictures. The windows screened with ecru-colored tains that hang straight floor. The furniture may c two chairs and a small sc table, as these few pieces absolute needs of the room others may be added if the room and the amount pended will permit. Some piano is placed in the par though it is more available ticing in another part of the Rocking and Morris chairs reserved for chambers and rooms, but comfortable arm good design, not too delicate struction, are suited to the

Instead of a lounge or small straight-backed sofa placed in this room.

Bric-a-brac and other de should be chosen for the of those who come into the and should not represent dividual tastes of the fa clock of good design may o centre of the mantel with candelabra or a vase and cast at the sides. Fresh fl pretty bowls or jars will gi distinctive touch to the pa mere furnishings, however

DOMESTIC RECIPES

Reliable Fritter Batter—1 well beaten; one cup of one-quarter teaspoon salt, teaspoons of baking powder, cups of flour, and stir gra to the milk and eggs. spoonfuls into hot fat. F maple syrup

Maple Sugar Cookies.— of granulated sugar, on finely shaved maple sugar of butter, two well beaten, tablespoons of water or cream, two heaped teas baking powder, and flour roll out. Do not make too stiff. Bake in a quick oven

A Simple Chocolate Pudding—A quart of milk brought to the point, four tablespoonfuls starch, one tablespoonful half a cup of sugar and a Mix the dry ingredients with cold milk, then turn on the milk, stirring rapidly, and well thickened. Serve with cream flavored with vanilla

naples, one Signor Girolamo Volpe. If any one in the city was likely to be able to give news of the ship, this was the man, and at all risks I determined to try him.

I say all risks, because there was every probability that if he knew who I was he would serve my enemies rather than myself by taking steps to curtail my liberty. Vizard, if still a free agent, having seen me on my way south, would have been certain to apprise their correspondent of the fact, with instructions to throw obstacles in my way, if nothing worse, and it would not therefore be safe to make inquiry in my own name and person. As I was still wearing the mercantile uniform in which I had gone ashore at Genoa, I went first to a clothier's and bought a ready-made tourist suit, changing into it, by permission of the proprietor, in a room behind the shop. Then, having given instructions for my uniform to be sent to the hotel, I returned to the Via Gioja.

The offices of Mr. Girolamo Volpe, though in a large and handsome building, were not themselves on a lordly scale, consisting, so far as I was able to judge during my brief acquaintance with them, of a couple of rooms on the ground floor just inside the main entrance. Assuming a confident air, I walked into the outer office, and found it a poky little place, with an ink-splashed counter running from wall to wall. A middle-aged, seedy-looking Italian clerk was writing at a desk behind the counter, but the back part of the room was mostly hidden from view by a portable Japanese screen between five and six feet high.

"You act as agents for the owners of the steamer Queen of Night?" I asked of the clerk, who came forward with alacrity.

"Yase, sar—Mr. Volpe is agent," was the reply which promised a sufficient knowledge of English for my purpose.

"Then where the devil is the ship?" I proceeded, adopting the manner of the irascible Briton on his travels. "Here have I been waiting for her ever since yesterday morning. I was unable to join her in London, so came across the Continent to join her here for the rest of the trip. The delay is very annoying."

At that moment I caught sight of the shining top of a bald head, raised an inch above the screen as if some one behind it were changing his position. It disappeared so quickly as not to distract my attention from the clerk's reply.

"It is most unforchnit, sar, that you should be so discommode," he said. "I regret ver moosh that there can be no booking per Queen of Night from Naples. After leaving Genoa she call for orders at Leghorn, and receive instructions by cable from the owners to proceed to Cagliari in Sardinia, whence she goes direct to Alexandria. She not come to Naples at all."

This was terrible news, and I was so overcome that I nearly betrayed myself. The villains had evidently arranged that the ship on leaving Genoa should call at Leghorn, so that Zavertal could be informed whether I was still safely out of the way at the Convent. In this case they could, without risk of complications, carry out the original programme of visiting Naples; but if anything should have gone wrong with their plans with regard to the quieting of myself, pursuit on my part was to be stalled off by the simple process of avoiding the port where I should expect to find the

had recalled the bald head seen by me an hour before over the screen in Volpe's office, and suspicious as I was growing of everything and everybody, I recognized that it would be ridiculous to assume that it was the same.

He advanced into the room smiling and rubbing his hands, and the moment he opened his mouth he chased away all inclination to confound him with any one else.

"I come from Mr. Kennard," he said. "I saw him in Leghorn yesterday morning shortly before he went aboard the Queen of Night, and he took advantage of my being a fellow-countryman of yours to entrust me with a message to you. He said I should probably find you at one of the hotels facing the Bay."

"Pray sit down, sir, and make yourself comfortable," I said, wheeling a chair for him. "I have been most anxious about Mr. Kennard, and at my wits' end as to how to communicate with him. Did he say anything of the circumstances under which we parted at Pisa?"

"Not a word—and for the reason that there was no time," replied my visitor. "I made Mr. Kennard's acquaintance quite casually in a hotel at Leghorn ten minutes before he was going on board. Finding that I was coming on to Naples, he asked me to make inquiries for you in the hotels along the sea-front, and to tell you in these words that the ship's programme having been altered he thought it best to go in her, especially as he had ascertained that a certain person—you would understand who—had gone on board. He concluded by begging me to urge you to join him at Cagliari, even if you had to hire a special boat to get there, as he had every hope at that port of bringing matters to an issue and of inducing certain mutual friends, I think he said, to leave the ship."

This was good news indeed. The person alluded to as having gone on board at Leghorn was evidently Vizard, but neither he nor Zavertal would be half so dangerous with the detective at hand to watch their every move. A great deal would depend, however, on whether he was on board in his own character, or still successfully disguised as the old American General, and I questioned my visitor as to how Mr. Kennard was dressed.

"You require proof of my having met Mr. Kennard?" he said, showing at once by his manner that he had put upon my question a construction I had not intended it to bear. The information he brought tallied so exactly with my previous surmise, and with what I had learned at Volpe's office, that to doubt him after he had made his statement never crossed my mind, and I hastened to disclaim any such intention.

"I am glad to hear you say that," he replied, "for it would be hard to meet with such a reception after going to the expense of considerable time and trouble to do a service to strangers. I am sorry to say that I suffer from shortness of sight, and did not take particular notice of your friend's costume. By the way, allow me to rectify an omission—I should have introduced myself on entering. My name is Matthew Mayfield. I am a missionary working among the English sailors who frequent Italian ports."

I should certainly never have guessed Mr. Mayfield's profession from his appearance, though I had had enough experience of longshore preachers to know that they do not

group, and at this season the plant also bears small greenish white berries."

Poison oat, otherwise Rhus radicans, and poison sumach, or Rhus veneta, are other plants to be avoided by visitors to the woods. The sumach has groups of four leaflets, oval pointed in form, arranged on a tapering stem. It differs from the real sumach in so far that its leaflets incline upward. In the autumn the foliage is a brilliant scarlet. The little berries look like grayish white grapes.

A good antidote for ivy poisoning in its first stages is a solution of ordinary baking soda. A bottle containing a pint of water and a heaping teaspoonful of baking soda is carried by many persons who take walks in the woods, for while some people may handle the poison vines without danger, others are poisoned if they pass within twelve feet of them.

THEY LEFT.

"It does me good to see a smart Johnny get the worst of it," said the communicative conductor to a passenger. There were two of them on my car yesterday, and their game was to scare people into thinking that they were just recovering from smallpox. They talked loudly about it for the benefit of the other passengers, and the morvous ones, especially the women, began to grow apprehensive.

"Yes," said one, 'my case was a pretty bad one, the doctors said.'

"So was mine," replied the other fellow. 'It seems good to get out of the hospital, doesn't it?'

"That's what it does," said the first one.

Sitting next to them was a man who had been taking it all in. At this point he leaned over and said:

"I say, when did you fellows get out?"

"Only yesterday," loudly remarked one of them.

"Is that so?" exclaimed the man.

"So did I. What ward were you in?"

"Well, those fellows jumped off the car as though it had been struck by lightning, and you couldn't see their heels for dust."

INNOCENT BOY I

Mamma—"I am surprised and grieved to learn that my little boy threw a big bottle at a neighbor's cat."

Johnny (sobbing)—"We'd been givin' the cat another name, mamma, and I was christenin' her."

"Yes, sir, this is the place where the battle was fought." "Have you any relics of it?" "Yes, sir. John, mould the gentleman about twenty bullets, an' tell the blacksmith to hammer out a bayonet, quick!"

Master—"What! both want a holiday to-morrow? I can't spare you both at once. Mary you can have to-morrow and John the next day." John—"Thank you, sir, but we wanted to get married, and I'm afraid, sir, it can't be done that way; but I'll inquire."

First Decorator—"I advised him to have his house decorated during his wife's absence, as a surprise." Second Decorator—"Good! Then we'll have to do it all over again when she gets back."

Copper-mining in New South Wales began in 1845; since then 300 discoveries of copper have been made, and 38 mines have been worked.

point, four tablespoonfuls starch, one tablespoonful half a cup of sugar and a Mix the dry ingredients with cold milk, then turn on milk, stirring rapidly, and well thickened. Serve with cream flavored with vanilla.

Asparagus Soup—Cut the bunch of asparagus into 3 and pour over it three pl Add a minced onion, blanched and sliced thin spoon oatmeal and a few cream, minced fine. Cook paragus is soft. Season and pepper, add a lump and a cup of rich sweet. 1 cup of bread crumbs b the oven. Let the sou little longer, stir in the c serve.

Barley Meal Porridge—who desires a bright, plexion should take a lit every morning. It is said wonders on the skin. Putter into a saucepan, and boils add a little salt; t slowly 1 cup oatmeal and 10 minutes. Now add 1 ley meal, or a little m like, stirring all the tim boil gently for 10 minutes ward simmer until wan with plenty of milk. Ba being a laxative, this ma spring breakfast, and is to take than molasses a

CEDAR CHEST

To be strictly truthfu mostly pine, being an cracker and shoe boxes cleated and hinged on.

answer my purpose so w it worth telling, says a

First, catch your box, cery or shoe store is a go look for it. Go over i tightening the nails and all are clenched down smooth; brush them out a dish of flour paste, ne dark rich wall paper. no small hinges for the a strip of ticking or cloth, two inches wide a as your cover. Tack o cloth to inside of box other edge to be tacked t cover, this will form a hinge. Another strip of used as a strap or stay cover from falling too fa

Now line the box thro newspapers, leaving it the paste out. Cover the box with the wall paper; of leather or braid to fr to lift by and the box is

In storing garments w in the boxes in long fol here and there a sache grown lavender, or she ting paper which have l ated with cologne water, away with the musty usually clings to anythr trunks and boxes. When comfortably full, a sing of newspaper is cut the e box, a little paste is b the top edge and the ne carefully fitted to and p on the box; the cover is we have no fear of Mrs. her detestable relations.

MENDING HEAVY C

Tapestry and brussels redeemed by the old-tin hooking in—Steal some ravelings, use a mediu crochet hook, hold the r der the worn-off place as

HOUSEHOLD.

PARLOR FURNISHINGS.

ular scheme at the present furnish the parlor in what rs call a "high key," that and-gold, white-and-rose, ind-white. This is suitable where there is much enter- and where the parlor is uests without wraps, the is making a brilliant set- evening costumes. But main office of the room (as of moderate cost) is to re- rs in their outdoor gar- the hostess in her or- use dress, quiet colors are choice.

oom treated in the latter e woodwork may be kept atural finish or painted a green or mahogany red. patterned carpet or a rug sed for covering the floor.

may be hung with a de- aper, or a two-toned pa- be used as a background es. The windows should be with ecru-colored lace cur- hang straight to the e furniture may consist of s and a small sofa and a these few pieces cover the needs of the room; but y be added if the size of and the amount to be ex- vill permit. Sometimes a placed in the parlor, al- is more available for prac- another part of the house. and Morris chairs should be or chambers and living- it comfortable arm-chairs of gn, not too delicate in con- are suited to the room.

of a lounge or divan, a ight-backed sofa should be this room. rac and other decorations chosen for the enjoyment who come into this room. ld not represent the in- tastes of the family. A ood design may occupy the the mantel with handsome a or a vase and a plaster he sides. Fresh flowers in wls or jars will give a more e touch to the parlor than ings, however valuable.

WESTIC RECIPES.

Fritter Batter.—Three eggs en; one cup of rich milk, r teaspoon salt. Sift two of baking powder into two our, and stir gradually in- milk and eggs. Drop in into hot fat. Eat with up.

Sugar Cookies.—One cup lated sugar, one cup of ved maple sugar, one cup , two well beaten eggs, two ns of water or thick sweet vo heaped teaspoons of owder, and flour enough to Do not make them very e in a quick oven.

le Chocolate Pudding.—One milk brought to the boiling ur tablespoonfuls of cor- ne tablespoonful of cocoa, p of sugar and a little salt. ry ingredients with a little ; then turn on the boiling ring rapidly, and cook till ened. Serve with whipped vored with vanilla.

wool through in tiny loop just the height of the pile of the carpet, matching the colors as best one can. Of course, if the body of the carpet is gone, this must be replaced either by a patch of strong canvas or by darning in fine twine, then proceed with the ravelings and crochet hook.

Even wiltons, axminsters and other cut-pile weaves are not hopeless. Of course there are no ravelings to steal, but if one can match the colors in fine all-wool darning yarn, this may be hooked in and clipped to great satisfaction. It seems like a great deal of work, but one is more than repaid for the trouble when an ugly and conspicuous worn spot in a nice carpet is so success- fully mended.

A PORCH PILLOW.

A novelty in porch pillows, but which may be used indoors as well, was made of alternate strips of turkey red cotton and linen colored canvas. One and one-half yards of the red and 1 yard of canvas is re- quired; 12 strips of each color, 2 inches wide and 1 yard long. Turn the edges of strips under 1/2 inch and stitch on the machine. Line the red cotton strips with some stiff ma- terial to give it body. The pillow will be 18 inches square when finish- ed.

Lay all the strips of one color evenly together, then take the strips of the other color and weave, one at a time, over and under the first color, basket fashion, until all the strips are used. Stitch along the ends of strips to hold them. Finish the edge of pillow with a full double ruffle of the red, making the back of pillow of the canvas. May be stuffed with excelsior if no better material is at hand.

TIPS FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.

Hard water may be softened by throwing orange peel into it just be- fore being used. The peel will not only prove agreeable to the skin but give out a fragrance.

Paint left on window panes by painters can be removed by dipping a penny in water and applying it to the spots.

Marble is nicely cleaned by rubbing it with a cloth dipped in turpentine and then polish with a clean, per- fectly dry cloth.

Even the most delicately tinted shirt waists may be washed without danger of fading if they are first soaked in a brine of salt and wa- ter for about an hour before wash- ing.

A SLAVE OF CUSTOM.

African Servant Would Not Swerve From His Rule of Life.

To have a servant so industrious as to interfere with all chance of comfort was the unfortunate experi- ence of Mr. Portman, who lived in Africa, and is the author of "Sta- tion Studies." Buttons that dis- appeared one day were replaced be- fore the dawn of another in entirely inapposite spots. New flannel shirts were shrunk by unnecessary washing until they were past all service.

The trouble was, writes Mr. Port- man, that nothing could stem the flow of his good intentions. I had only, for instance, to leave my lodg- ings for a few moments to find on my return my camp-bedstead care- fully folded up in one corner of the room, the mattress and blankets forming a neat roll in another, and any clothes which I had happened to leave about snatched away for washing. It mattered nothing that

DOG A DETECTIVE.

Guided a Party to the Scene of the Crime.

An Italian woodcutter has just been sentenced to penal servitude for life for murder, and the conviction is due to a dog. A carefully prepared plan came to naught because of the animal's sagacity.

Cassinelli, the woodcutter, was employed by a Frenchman, Jean Bonati. They had had a disagree- ment about wages. One day last winter the woodcutter appeared at the Bonati home with his ax and asked Mme. Bonati where her hus- band was.

She was surprised at his appear- ance, and told him her husband had gone to look for him in the forest. The woodcutter disappeared, but came again the next day, saying that he had spent the day in the woods trying to find Bonati and had been unsuccessful.

Alarmed by that, Mme. Bonati called for aid, and a searching party was organized. The Italian, who was familiar with the forest, undertook to guide the party, and they proceeded to traverse the woods in all directions.

Bonati's dog, which had gone into the woods with his master, but which had returned the evening of the day he disappeared, was with the searchers. Finally the animal, in the heart of the forest, suddenly left the party and started in another direction.

The Italian was endeavoring to lead the searchers in quite a dif- ferent direction, and he tried to call the dog back, without success. The searchers became suspicious, observ- ing the manner of the man and the actions of the dog. They decided to follow the animal, and as they turned aside the Italian burst into tears.

As they followed the dog they saw it run up a broad slope and come to a dense thicket. Into this it pen- etrated, and the searchers forced their way in after it.

When the dog saw that it had been followed it began scratching at a mound of dirt and leaves. Ready hands soon came to its assistance, and underneath the pile was discov- ered the body of the dead Bonati with ten great knife wounds as evi- dence of how he met his death.

Cassinelli was accused of the crime and brought to trial. Breaking down, he admitted having killed his employer, but asserted that the fight had been begun by Bonati and that he used the knife to defend himself. His description of the battle there in the thicket was vivid and the jury, considering that there might have been extenuating circum- stances, held him guilty of premed- itated assassination, but placed the sentence at life imprisonment in- stead of death.

The man after he had killed his employer had forgotten the dog, which was the only witness to the crime.

LONDON STREET TRAFFIC.

Laws Which Compel Drivers to Avoid Crowding.

In London the law requires that every driver shall pass an examina- tion. If he convinces the examiners that he is skillful and competent he secures a license. In addition, all vehicles are numbered and the number displayed conspicuously on the back.

The "bobby" stands on a platform raised a foot or so above the street level and called a "safety." A po- lice lamp is placed on this and

PLACES CALLED "EASTER"

HOW SOME CANNIBAL ISLANDS WERE NAMED.

New Hebrides' Easter Hill — The Tragedy of Easter Sunday Canyon.

Easter Hill, the culminating point of Whit-Sunday Island, one of the New Hebrides, is remarkable in that no white man's foot has ever trod- den its summit. This is not owing to its altitude, which is only about three thousand feet, but to the hos- tility of the natives. They believe that a spirit, whom they call Aragh- Aragh, dwells there, and that any attempt to invade his privacy will be fraught with inevitable disaster to them and their island. It is on this account, they explain, and not because they themselves are specially or personally desirous of preserving the sanctity of the mountain, that they feel constrained to kill and eat the members of adventurous climb- ing parties who, despite well-meant warnings, will insist on attempting to scale the peak.

Early in the last century the cap- tain of a whaler named the *Easter* discovered, a hundred miles or so west of Parece Vela, one of the out- ermost of the Mariana Islands, a small rocky islet to which he gave the curious name of the *Easter Brig*, because, as he explained, it "exactly resembled a brig lying hove-to on the surface of the sea." But several other vessels, including the explor- ing ship *Alert*, searched for it in vain, and its existence was accord- ingly looked upon as doubtful. In- deed, the incident had been practi- cally forgotten when, exactly seventy- five years later, another whaler, the *Saucy Annie*, ran into it and be- came

A TOTAL WRECK.

Then was proved how exactly the original discoverer had described the island, and how opposite was its name, for the crew of the *Saucy Annie* confessed later on, when res- cued by a passing ship from their perilous position, that they had actually mistaken it for a derelict brig lying becalmed. Nor did they realize the error into which they had fallen until their ship had actually impaled herself on a portion of the jagged outlying reef.

Easter Sunday Canyon, in North- western Arizona, commemorates by its name the history of one of those tragedies which were not uncommon during the rush for gold in the early "fifties." A party of five men and four women entered the mouth of the canyon in the spring of 1851. They had with them seven horses and two waggons, powder and shot, some food, but no water. The gorge be- came wilder and more rugged as they advanced, but they pressed on, hop- ing against hope that it would soon lead them out of the entanglement of mountains within which they had unwittingly strayed.

On the fifth day the defile ended in a precipitous wall of rock. Other sheer precipices rose to right and left of them. Their last ration of bacon and flour was gone, and water had given out. Death came to them swiftly, the last to succumb being one of the women. With a bit of chalk, this victim to the all-pervad- ing lust of gold scrawled on the bare, sun-blistered rock a sort of diary of the doings and sufferings of herself and her companions. The record broke off abruptly on a date that was afterwards found to be Easter Sunday, and Easter Sunday Canyon it was from that day to

le Chocolate Pudding.—One milk brought to the boiling r tablespoonfuls of corn- r tablespoonful of cocoa, of sugar and a little salt. ry ingredients with a little then turn on the boiling ring rapidly, and cook till ened. Serve with whipped ored with vanilla.

us Soup.—Cut the tips of a asparagus into small pieces over it three pints water. nced onion, 6 almonds, and sliced thin, 1 table- meal and a few leaves of ced fine. Cook till the as- soft. Season with salt r, add a lump of butter of rich sweet milk. Have bread crumbs browning in r. Let the soup simmer a er, stir in the crumbs and

Meal Porridge.—Every girl as a bright, clear com- ould take a little of this ning. It is said to work n the skin. Put 1 qt wa- saucepan, and when it a little salt; then stir in up oatmeal and let it boil s. Now add ½ cup of bar- or a little more if you ing all the time. Let it r for 10 minutes and after- ner until wanted. Take y of milk. Barley meal xative, this makes a fine akfast, and is pleasanter han molasses and sulphur.

EDAR CHESTS.

strictly truthful, they're e, being an odd lot of id shoe boxes with covers and hinged on. But they r purpose so well, I think telling, says a writer, tch your box, at the gro- oe store is a good place to it. Go over it carefully the nails and seeing that lenched down tight and rush them out well, have flour paste, newspaper and wall paper. If you have hinges for the covers, use of ticking or any heavy inches wide and as long over. Tack one edge of side of box at top, the e to be tacked to inside of s will form a continuous other strip of cloth can be strap or stay to prevent r falling too far back, e the box throughout with s, leaving it open to dry out. Cover the outside of the wall paper; tack a loop or braid to front of cover and the box is complete. g garments we lay them es in long folds, placing there a sachet of home- ender, or sheets of blot- which have been satur- cologne water, this to do e the musty smell which gs to anything stored in l boxes. When the box is y full, a single thickness er is cut the exact size of le paste is brushed over lge and the newspaper is tted to and pressed down r; the cover is closed, and o fear of Mrs. Moth and able relations.

IG HEAVY CARPETS.

and brussels weaves are by the old-time mode of p. Steal some of the wool use a medium-sized steel ok, hold the ravelings, un- rn-off place and draw the

man, that nothing could stem the flow of his good intentions. I had only, for instance, to leave my lodgings for a few moments to find on my return my camp-bedstead carefully folded up in one corner of the room, the mattress and blankets forming a neat roll in another, and any clothes which I had happened to leave about snatched away for washing. It mattered nothing that I wished to lie down on the bed, use the mattress to encourage my siesta, and change into the clothes; all this lay outside Hamis's view of his duty.

Nothing would induce him to swerve from his unvarying rule of life, nor any remonstrance gain any response but the three words, delivered with a pitiful smile at my ignorance, "It is custom."

"Custom," for example, decreed that he should sprinkle water on the veranda at daybreak to lay the dust. It mattered nothing that a flood of rain had been pouring all night and had removed all possibility of dust for hours to come; custom still had its way, and the stones were sprinkled according to rule.

Custom bade him bring me a cup of tea before I rose. I did not want it, and told him so day after day; but weeks passed before I managed to prevent his bringing it. In accordance with custom he daily seized my bed, bedding, and all the underclothing on which he could lay his hands, and spread them on the patch of grass or, worse still, on the wall surrounding it. But custom hardly ever reminded him that if rain fell they would possibly get wet; and as rain storms in Africa are likely to resemble waterspouts in volume and April showers in frequency, the chances of my having a dry bed by the evening soon grew to be very small.

ROCKS INDIANS WORSHIP.

These Carvings Are Done by Time and the Elements.

Of natural effigies, none are more remarkable than the two which can be seen in Conchise and near Los Angeles. The former shows the face of an Indian chief, while the latter is a surprisingly natural representation of a gigantic whale. The face of the Indian chief is an immense effigy, the profile being several miles in length; it is formed by the shape of the summit of a mountain range, and offers a spectacle of a face of great dignity looking upwards. The Indians revere it as the countenance of Conchise, a great chief.

It is not uncommon to find the skeleton of a whale on the summit of the coast ranges of California, and once, when a new street was being marked out in Los Angeles, the skeleton of a whale actually was dug up out of the earth. How these sea monsters found their way to these spots is not known. Thus, when you hear that the form of a whale is to be seen in the side of the rock, you are not surprised, but you become interested when you find that it is really a carving done by time and the elements, and not the remains of a once living creature. The rock has fallen or crumbled away in such a manner as to form the under part of the whale, the lower jaw, the open mouth, the nose and the eye—a wonderful eye—of the leviathan, while the upper part of the body is formed by the curvature of the rock.

A ton of coke of suitable quality for domestic purposes runs about 48 to 50 bushels to the ton, as against 36 to 38 bushels of hard coal.

every driver shall pass an examination. If he convinces the examiners that he is skillful and competent he secures a license. In addition, all vehicles are numbered and the number displayed conspicuously on the back.

The "bobby" stands on a platform raised a foot or so above the street level and called a "safety." A police lamp is placed on this and marks the spot where the driver must look for signals. The policeman raises a hand and all the drivers, even when crowded in the big squares, pull up at once. Should one fail to do so, the policeman doesn't yell at him or threaten him with arrest. He simply pulls out a memorandum book and puts down the number of the vehicle as the offending driver passes by on it, and that night makes a report of it.

The next day the driver is ordered to appear before the officer who issues the licenses, and, if he fails to give a satisfactory excuse for not obeying the "bobby," his license is revoked.

All of which means that the drivers are all skillful men and have the best of reasons for obeying the signals of the police.

WOMAN AND THE PROVERBS.

A wonderful similarity exists in the sayings about women current in the various nations.

The Spanish rhyme has it: "Were a woman as little as she is good, a pea pod would make her a gown and a hood."

An old English saying: "If a man lose a woman and a farthing he will be sorry he lost the farthing."

The French adage: "A man of straw is worth a woman of gold."

The German: "There are only two good women in the world—one dead and the other can't be found."

The Scotch say: "Honest men marry soon; wise men never."

In Fife they say: "The next best thing to no wife is a good wife."

The Arabian declares: "Words are women; deeds are men."

The Persian sage says that a woman's wisdom is under her heel."

The German affirms that every daughter of Eve would rather be beautiful than good.

The German also asserts that whenever there is mischief brewing a woman and a priest are at the bottom of it.

The Persian asserts that women and dragons are best out of the world.

The Corsican says: "Just as a good and a bad horse both need the spur, a good and a bad woman both need the stick."

The Hindoo: "A man is not obeyed by his wife in his own house, nor does she consider him her husband unless he beats her."

Another Hindoo proverb says: "Drive out a woman's nature with a pitchfork and it will return again and again."

THE TOUCH OF KINSHIP.

Clarice—"Why does all the world love a lover?"

Clarence—"Oh, because he makes as big a fool of himself as all other men have made of themselves."

The little boy picked himself out of the puddle, where his rude playmates had thrown him. He wiped the mud from his velvet trousers, his silk stockings, and his lace collar, and straightened out his long, golden curls as well as their demoralized and bedraggled condition would permit. "This," he said, bitterly, "is what comes of being mamma's little pet."

swifly, the last to succumb being one of the women. With a bit of chalk, this victim to the all-pervading lust of gold scrawled on the bare, sun-blistered rock a sort of diary of the doings and sufferings of herself and her companions. The record broke off abruptly on a date that was afterwards found to be Easter Sunday, and Easter Sunday Canyon it was from that day to this.

IN SOUTHERN PATAGONIA

is a very curious rift in the rocky floor of a depressed valley, known as Easter Hole. It is said by the natives to be bottomless, and although this, of course, cannot be, it is certainly of enormous depth. Another strange thing about it is that it is filled to within about twenty feet of the rim with salt water, which rises and falls in sympathy with the tides twice every twenty-four hours, although the ocean is over thirty miles distant.

But of all places called "Easter" the most remarkable, as it is also the best known, is Easter Island in the Southern Pacific. Originally discovered by the Dutch admiral Roggewein on Easter Sunday, 1721, it early attracted attention owing to the extraordinary human statues, some of them as much as thirty-seven feet high, which were found scattered about its surface. The people inhabiting the island ascribed them to supernatural agency. A systematic investigation carried out by a party from H.M.S. Sappho in 1882, however, tended to show that they were probably carved, not more than three or four hundred years ago, by a race possessing a knowledge of iron and its uses.

Another curious problem in connection with the island is how it ever became peopled at all, seeing that it is fifteen hundred miles from the nearest inhabited island except Pitcairn. The native tradition is that their forefathers originally came from the East in two large canoes, and that on landing they christened their new home Te Pito Fenua—i.e., the country in the middle of the sea—a name it still bears among the Polynesian natives.—Pearson's Weekly.

CASE OF JAR.

In China a jar placed on the roof of a house with the bottom end toward the street indicates that the daughter of the house is not yet of age to marry. As soon as she has developed into a marriageable maiden the jar is turned with its mouth toward the street. When the young lady gets married the jar is removed altogether. Wouldn't that jar you?

WILLING TO OBLIGE.

Dirty Boy—"Please, 'm, I've come for some washing."

Country Servant—"And you look to want it badly, too. Come on in—I'll scrub yer!"

A wife afflicted with a dissipated husband was upbraiding him for not coming home till past three in the morning. "Nonsense, my dear," he said; "I was home at one." "I know better," said his wife; "it was two before I went to bed, and you were not home for an hour." "I assure you, my dear, you are mistaken. The clock was striking when I was on the stairs, and I heard it strike one—repeatedly!"

The descendants of an Australian settler, 102 years of age, number 304 persons. He is in receipt of an old-age pension from the Australian Government.



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Comfort, Ease and Elegance,

Are three essentials to perfect Clothing. These are the things which are responsible for the custom tailor's existence and have helped us to build a reputation that is second to none.

Give us a sample order for your spring suit and learn the secret of our constantly increasing sales in our clothing department.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

J. L. BOYES.

Men and Boy's Departmental Store.

SEEDS FOR 1903

The largest and best assorted stock of FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS ever shown in Napanee is now on sale at Symington's.

Buy Early.

is the best advice I can give you.

THOS. SYMINGTON

SEEDSMAN,

12th

Napanee.

MORE BIG MILL IMPROVEMENTS.

In preparation for grinding of this season's immense crop of feed grain, Mr. J. R. Dafoe, of the Big Mill, has installed, and has in successful operation, two of the best feed mills known to the trade, and is now prepared to grind your feed without any more waiting and as fine as may be required.

He continues the manufacture of that well known brand of flour, Nonesuch, also Manitoba Patent and Strong Bakers, which are second to none.

He also continues in the market for the purchase of all kinds of grain and the farmers will find it to their advantage to call at the Big Mill before disposing of their grain and take your feed and wheat gristing there and be guaranteed satisfaction both in quality and quantity.

J. R. DAFOE,

Wallanar

Wise Shoe Buyers BUY HERE.

Straightforward business methods. **One Price.** It the lowest. Or your money back if you are not absolutely satisfied.



CHILD'S RED Boots, 60c, 75c, \$1.00 & 1.25.

Great values in Child's Tuf Soles, 8's to 10's \$1.

Great values in Child's Tuf Soles, 5's to 7's 75c.

Ladies' Low Shoes and Slippers 75c to \$3. Splendid variety.

Ladies' Lace Boots at \$1.25. Good value at \$1.50.

Men's Solid Working Boots 90c & \$1.25.

Men's Solid Working Boots \$1.50 & 2.00.

These last like hand made goods.

If you want Footwear or Trunks and Valises, look us up, and perhaps it may save you some money.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.

JOY & PERRY.

CURED HAMS.

We have the finest stock of Cured Hams in town. We cure them ourselves and therefore we know whereof we speak. We also carry a full stock of

BREAKFAST BACON.

JOY & PERRY.

Opposite Royal Hotel.

NEW PAINT SHOP

Does your Wagon or Buggy need painting. If it does you can get it done in first-class style, and at a satisfactory price at

**Frank Detlor's
PAINT SHOP.**

Connected with SAVAGE and BROWN'S Blacksmith Shop, on the Market Square.

15 1m



**Wallace's
Drug Store**

The Leading Drug Store in Napanee.

Yacht for Sale.

In first-class condition complete rigging, anchor &c. apply to

F. H. CARSON

Warm Weather Goods.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Gas Stoves, Gasoline Stoves, Lawn Hose at

BOYLE & SON.

Don't Forget It.

Posters and small bills are out announcing the Canadian Order of Foresters' excursion to Picton on Victoria Day, May 25th. The Deseronto band will go from Napanee with the excursion, and an enjoyable trip will be the result.

The Celebrated Eye Specialist.

Prof. J. H. DeSilberg, the celebrated eye specialist from Germany, will be in Napanee from Tuesday noon, May 26th, until Thursday, May 28th. May be consulted at J. J. Perry's drug store. Eyes tested free of charge. Those having weak or imperfect eyes should not fail to consult the professor expert optician. A specialist consultation free.

21c

Died at Strathcona.

Sunday afternoon about 4 p.m. Mrs. Wm. Cooper, of Strathcona, passed away after an illness extending over a year, the disease being consumption. She was the daughter of Mr. Thos. Pybbs, Newburgh road, and was aged about twenty-one years. Besides the husband one child is left to mourn. The funeral was conducted from her late residence to the Newburgh cemetery where the remains were interred.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Epworth League Officers.

At the annual business meeting of the Epworth League of the Western Methodist Church Monday evening the following officers were elected:—

Mr. William Shaver—President.
Miss Violet Hall—1st Vice President.
Miss Maude Garrison—2nd Vice Pres.



Grand Trunk Railway Tim

Going West,	12.05 a.m.	Going East
"	3.33 a.m.	"
"	10.29 a.m.	"
"	1.15 p.m.	"
"	4.38 p.m.	"
"	9.01 p.m.	"

*Daily except Monday. *Daily trains run daily. Sundays except 1. Tickets can be obtained of J. I. the station.

Now that spring has we begin to think of a

**White, o
Dainty Col
..Hat..**

to wear with light an costumes.

Do not fail to see ou Hats and new Ready-t You will find only of goods when you Millinery, and at a reasonable price.

Mrs. Perry's MILL
NAPANEE.

F. S. Scott's Barber Shop.

There is nothing more enjo first-class shave, and you are of getting it here, as we en but first-class employees. Sh west of Royal Hotel. F 21tf

At Rikley's.

Ice Cream.
Ice Cream Sodas.
All flavours of summer Quick Lunches.
Confectionery.
Fancy baking.

AT RIKLEY'S

Magnetic Healing.

I having poor health in gen boy, Leo, also, we called on magnetic healer, of Napanee, ment, and I am satisfied Mrs. help children as well as a well and going to school, and improved in health.

Mrs. E. SCRIMSH

—USE—

**PRISM BR
PAIN**

(One gallon covers 360 sq two coats.

The Medical

FRED L. HOOPER

Sole Agency for Napi

of their grain and take your feed and wheat gristing there and be guaranteed satisfaction both in quality and quantity.

J. R. DAFOE,

Wallpaper.....

S. W. Pringle invites his friends and the public to inspect his samples of up-to-date Wallpapers which he will sell at low prices.

Ingrains from 12 cents per Roll

and all other Papers, Borders and Ceilings equally cheap.

S. W. PRINGLE,

249 Centre Street.

J. GARRATT & SON, Bakers and Confectioners.

OUR SODA FOUNTAIN—

We have all the popular flavorings including the following which are a few of the choicest: Buffalo Punch, Fruite, Ginger, Pan-American and Orangeade.

Our Bread is Second to None

and you can always depend on our Cakes being fresh and wholesome.

Our Stock of Confectionery

is the choicest, and complete in every detail, including Webb's Chocolates and Bon Bons.

J. GARRATT & SON, Bakers and Confectioners.

The Napanee Express

CARLETON WOODS,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Roblin, Ont.

JOHN POLLARD,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Express Office, Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential.

JOHN ALLEN,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Commissioner in H. C. J.
Conveyancer, etc.
MARLBANK.

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1903.

There is a look about our cans that recommend them the best can made in Canada by
BOYLE & SON.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who desire the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventors' Help, 125 pages sent upon request. Marion & Marion, New York Life Bldg Montreal, and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.



Wallace's Drug Store

The Leading Drug Store in Napanee.

Buffalo Moths, Bed-Bugs, AND Cock-Roaches

Quickly and completely exterminated by using

OUR BUG LIQUID,
25c. Bottle.

Hellebore, Paris Green, and Insect Powder.

ALL FRESH and GOOD.

T. B. WALLACE, Phm. B.,

The Prescription Druggist.

Fly Time.

Screen doors and windows keeps them out. We sell good ones. **BOYLE & SON.**

WANTED—FAITHFUL PERSON TO travel for well established house in a few counties calling on retail merchants and agents. Local territory, salary \$1024 a year and expenses, payable \$19.70 a week in cash and expenses advanced. Position permanent. Business successful and rushing. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Standard House 315 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. **All druggists**

Rev. J. R. Real, of this city, had a queer experience on Sunday. He was in Ameliasburg conducting services in the Methodist church there. In the morning it being warm the windows were open. The congregation had just knelt for the opening prayer when a pigeon flew in at one of the windows and alighted on the big Bible close to where the reverend gentleman was standing. From the Bible it flew on to his shoulder, where it remained all the time he was praying. When he concluded the pigeon flew away. Rev. Mr. Real says he never had a stranger or more striking experience. —Belleville Intelligencer

Headaches --and-- Eyestrain.

Many who for years have suffered intensely from chronic sick headaches, using drugs of all kinds without benefit, have found immediate and permanent relief by using our properly adjusted glasses. There is danger in delay. Come and have your eyes examined by

H. E. Smith,
GRADUATE OPTICIAN,
Smith's Jewelry Store,
Napanee.

Epworth League Officers.

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Miss Violet Hall—1st Vice President.
Miss Maude Garrison—2nd Vice Pres.
Miss Grace Edwards—3rd Vice Pres.
Miss Lena Bartlett—4th Vice Pres.
Mr. William Vine—rec. Sec'y.
Miss Blanche Gibbard—Cor. Sec'y.
Miss Lizzie Saul—Treasurer.
Miss Maude Garrison—Pianist.
Miss Myrtle Stevens—Assistant Pianist.

Facts That Are Facts.

On account of our large and carefully selected stock of general hardware and building materials we believe we possess superior advantages for supplying the building trade of the town and surrounding country.

We can furnish at right prices almost everything needed in this line,—lumber, sash, doors, blinds, cedar shingles, galvanized iron roofing, nails, cement, glass, oils, paints, etc.

Hot air furnaces, hot water and steam heating and sanitary plumbing a specialty. This, together with the services of the most painstaking and experienced plumber in this district, should make it very much to the interest of intending builders to deal with us.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

MADOLE & WILSON.

Interesting to Oddfellows.

The members of the Independent Order of Oddfellows in Ontario have within the past few days, through their treasurer, Mr. McCormack, and a special committee, purchased a piece of property just north of Oakville, on the lake shore road, for which \$7,000 will be paid just as soon as the title of the site has been proven. The desire of the Order for many years will then be realized, and a substantial structure costing many thousands of dollars will be erected to be known as the Oddfellows' Home, in which aged members of the Order, widows of deceased members, and orphan children of deceased members will be taken care of. Fully \$20,000 has already been contributed towards this work, and the recent purchase of the land is the crystallization of much effort into the practical accomplishment of the fixed purpose.

The Plaza Barber Shop is fitted with all modern conveniences for first-class work. Our aim is to please our customers. Your custom solicited at The Plaza Barber Shop, John st. **A WILLIS.**

Patent Report.

For the benefit of our readers we publish a list of patents recently granted by the Canadian and American Governments secured through the agency of Messrs. Marion & Marion, Patent Attorneys, Montreal, Canadian and Washington, D. C. U. S. A. Information relating to the patents cited will be supplied free of charges by applying to the above named firm.

80,548—John R. Hinchcliffe, Maynard, Mass.—Carding Machine.
80,597—Gedeon David Sevigny, St. Henri, Montreal, P.Q.—Ammonia Compressor.
80,671—Francois Octave Schryburt, Quebec, P.Q.—Sole blocking machine.
80,694—Wm. Godfrey Arnald, Kamloops B.C.—Steam Boiler.
80,719—David B. Swinton, Montreal, P.Q.—Car Brake.
80,701—Elie Douville, Montreal, P.Q.—Expansion joint for sheet metal roofing.
80,720—George Martin, Berlin, Ont.—Flue Cleaner.
80,725—Jean Bte Martineau, Montreal, P.Q.—Fastening for sash-cords.

A. S. Kimmery is selling 27 and 30 lbs. sugar for \$1.00. Try our celebrated 25c. tea, good tea 2 lbs. for 25c. Bibby's Cream Equivalent, Oil Cake, Flax Seed, International Stock Food, Poultry Bone, Mica Grate in stock. 3 packages Life Chips, Quaker Oats or Tillson's Oats 25c. 8 lbs. Sulphur 25c. Dr. Williams Pink Pills 40c. Timothy seed wanted.

(One gallon covers 360 sq. two coats.)

The Medical

FRED L. HOOP

Sole Agency for Nap

Death of Wm. Miller.

The familiar form of Miller will be seen no more streets of Napanee. Sunday seven o'clock his spirit took the unknown world. Although his death was a shock to his friends. For more than half a century he had been identified with Napanee a respected and much loved citizen. He was born near Bath years ago, a son of the late H. Miller well known in Ernestown and Bath. The late William Miller was one of the first to settle in Napanee over fifty years ago as a clerk in a store. He conducted a business of his own very successful in his day, amassing quite a competency, from active life about thirty years ago. A family of three children at that time. The late William Miller was F. F. Miller, C.E., and Rev. Dobb, Bath, and Miss E. The surviving brothers are Napanee, and Charles Miller in states. Mrs. Johnston, Bath, and two sisters predeceased him. Mrs. Zina Ham, Napanee, J. Taylor, Belleville. His wife three years ago. He was a warm friend of the late Wilkinson and felt the latter's death as he himself was not in the best of health. Ever since the death of his wife, he has been in his former state of health. He was a member of St. Mary's church. The funeral was held Wednesday afternoon from his residence, the services in St. Mary's church being conducted by Rev. Jarvis. The remains were in Eastern cemetery. The deceased was both beautiful and profuse in effective tributes to the high which the deceased gentleman.

Pipes, Pipes, Pipes. All shapes, all sizes and all price assortment ever offered. The



If you buy from us you are getting your money's worth.

Ready-to-Wear Clothing

Guaranteed to Fit—because made and stamped by the Brand House.

A large line of Men's and Straws in all the latest shapes. A call will convince you. Stock is strictly up-to-date, prices correct.

One Price Clothing House

C. A. GRAHAM



Link Railway Time Table.

2:05 a.m. Going East, "2:09 a.m.
3:32 a.m. " 7:43 a.m.
9:29 a.m. " 12:17 p.m. noon
1:15 p.m. " 12:55 p.m. noon
1:58 p.m. " 6:40 p.m.
3:01 p.m. " 6:40 p.m.
Monday, "Daily, All other
Sundays except ed.
is obtained of J. L. Beyer, or at
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**White, or
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with light and dressy

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**erry's Millinery
Parlors,
NAPANEE.**

Barber Shop.
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ve, and you are always sure
here, as we employ nothing
employees. Shop, first door
Hotel. F. S. SCOTT,
Proprietor.

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Lunches.
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AT RIKLEY'S RESTAURANT.

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ment satisfied Mrs. Haight can
as well as adults. Leo is
g to school, and I am much
health.
Mrs. E. SCRIMSHAW, Gretna.

—USE—
**SM BRAND
AINT**

in covers 360 square feet,
two coats.

**Medical Hall,
ED L. HOOPER.
Agency for Napanee.**

Found.

On Monday last, on the Kingston road near the brick school house, about three miles from Napanee, a lady's purse containing a sum of money, and several other articles. The owner may have the same by applying at this office, proving property and paying for this advertisement.

B. Q. R. Extension.

Construction work on the extension of the Bay of Quinte Railway from Tweed to Bannockburn was begun at Bridgewater on Monday. Messrs. McCoy & Wilfrid have the contract for the first twelve miles. At present they have about 75 men and 15 teams employed but this force will be largely increased. The work will be pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

Sunday-School Convention.

A Sunday school convention of the rural deanery of Lennox and Addington was held at Yarker Wednesday, the neighboring clergy and delegates attending, some thirty six in all. The ladies of Yarker entertained the clergy and delegates, and the arch-deacon of Ontario preached an admirable sermon on "Preaching Christ," in the evening. At the convention it was resolved (A) That one system of lessons for Sunday schools be recommended the same to be graded. Leaflets improved with interesting narratives. (B) That examinations, for pupils and teachers be held annually; also normal classes for teachers be encouraged. Hurlbut's system of pedagogy was recommended. The rural dean was appointed president of the Deanery Sunday School Association; Rev. J. W. Jones, Mrs. Finkle, vice-presidents; R. Dudley Hill, secretary-treasurer; also a strong committee.

Crowds Going To The Circus.

Intense interest has been aroused in this community by the announcement that Ringlings Brothers' immense circus is to exhibit in Kingston Friday, June 5th. Several big excursions will go from this vicinity and local people will be well represented at the big show. Those who go from here should make every effort to arrive in time to see the magnificent new free street parade, which is given in the morning preceeding the opening performance. Three miles of parade glories are divided into thirty sections and each section is a show in itself—a parade such as the world has never seen before. In this wonderful display are shown 108 beautiful deus, lairs and cages of rare wild animals, a herd of forty big and little elephants, fifty horses and over one thousand people. One section of the procession is devoted to magnificent and costly floats representing Germany, Russia, England, France, India, Persia, Scotland, the United States, and other countries. The performance that follows, and which includes the superb spectacular production of Jerusalem and the Crusades, is the most magnificent display of arenic wonders ever presented by any amusement enterprise in America. The menagerie is filled to overflowing with rare beasts and birds including the only baby elephant bred and successfully raised in the United States, the only rhinoceros in captivity and the last living pair of giraffes.

Does your wheel need repairing? Or do you want to purchase a new one? We can give you the best satisfaction in either instance. W. J. NORMILE.
22if Sign of the Golden Wheel.

MORVEN.
Planting, building fences and drawing pressed hay is the order of the day. Pasture and meadows are looking very well.

Those sick are Mrs. Lund and Mrs. Funnell; both are a little better. A little stranger has applied for board at the home of R. Gibson, it's a boy. Mr. Lund's new drive house is nearly completed, and he is making preparations for building an addition to his barn. J. A. Ball is getting ready to remodel his

20 Per Cent. Off Silk Dress Skirts.

For three days, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, we make this very special offer of 20 per cent. off regular prices. Goods are the newest styles in this class of skirt and very cheap at regular prices. Prices are \$13.50, \$18.50, \$19.50 each. With discount off they will be \$10.80, \$14.80, \$15.60.

The New Parasols and Sun Umbrellas Now Ready.

All new this year, Sun Umbrellas 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and up. Every line splendid value, fast color tops and steel rods and frames. Children's Parasols 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 Ladies' Fancy Parasols \$1.00, 1.50 1.75 2.50 and up. Very new styles CANADIAN MADE, Choice? Handles. Inspection will please you

Another New Lot of Dress Goods.

The good reliable Coating Serges, Venetian and Tweeds. 90c.—Our famous 54 inch Coating Serges, made of bright yarn, rain proof, Black or Navy—90c. \$1.25—Superior Bright Finish Wool Venetian 58 to 60 inches wide, good weight, stands sponging without losing lustre—\$1.25. 54 inch Snow Flake Tweeds now so popular for skirts or suits. Black with White, Brown with White, Green with White, Grey with White, some in stripe effects, some mixed effects, lovely qualities \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50. We sponge free all Dress Goods bought from us.—Our sponging is by the improved tailor method. Every piece comes out smooth and bright as from the factory.

For Saturday and Monday.

200 pairs Boys' Ribbed Cotton Hose.—Seamless feet, fast black. Sizes 8, 9, 9½. 2 PAIRS FOR 25 CENTS.

Gentlemen Try Us for Real Shirt and Collar Satisfaction.

and you will not be disappointed.—New lines of White and Colored Dress Shirts placed in stock last week.—75c, \$1.00, 1.25. We sell the celebrated W. G. & R. Collars and White Shirts. None so good. None fit so well. There's comfort for every wearer of a W. G. & R. MEN'S SOCKS—Fine fast black Cotton Socks, 2 for 25c, 15c, 20c, 25c a pair. Fancy Socks, Silk Stockings 25c. See our Cashmere Socks, 4 pairs for \$1.00, regular 35c. quality. Cotton Socks, 3 pairs for 25c. Summer Underwear, Shirts and Drawers—25c, 35c, 40c, 50c.

Lace Curtains 3 yds. Long, 50c.

A big shipment of Lace Curtains placed in stock this week. Among them the above special 50 pairs 3 yards long, unbreakable edge, good pattern, 50c. pair. 50 pairs 3½ yards long Lace Curtains, 45 inches wide, Choice patterns. 75c. THE PAIR. 20 pairs of superior Lace Curtains 60 inches wide 3½ yards long, a regular \$2.00 Curtain, which we mark as a special for Saturday and next week at \$1.10 the pair. We have Lace Curtains from 20c. up to \$7.50 the pair, and full choice at all the popular prices between. 200 ART SHADES—placed in stock last week 35c, 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c, \$1.00. Paper Shades with rollers and attachments complete 15c

White Muslins and Lawns.

Going to be warm soon, are you ready.—White is to be more popular than ever. Fancy White Muslins 7, 10, 12½, 15, 20 cents. New Waistings, Muslins, Canvas Weave and Brilliant Yarn 25, 30, 35 cents. 10c.—Victoria Lawn, good quality, 39 inches wide for 10c. Fine Lawns 12½, 15, 20, 25 cents. Organdie Lawns and Muslins 15, 20, 25, 35, 40 cent. We do not advertise all the special attractions to be found in our stock, quantities would not warrant it.

Medical Hall,
RED L. HOOPER.
 a Agency for Napanee.

Mr. Miller.
 The form of Mr. William Miller has been seen no more upon the Napanee. Sunday evening about 10 o'clock his spirit took its flight into another world. Although not unexpected, it was a shock to his many friends more than half a century he lived with Napanee, and was as much loved citizen. Deceased near Bath seventy-two years of age. The late Samuel Miller, son of the late Samuel Miller, in Ernestown and Bath. The late William Miller came over fifty years ago, starting in a store. Later he continued in his own. He was successful in his business career, and retiring life about thirty years ago. Three children survive. They are Miller, C.E., Napanee; Mrs. Bath, and Miss Edith, at home. The brothers are Davis Miller, and Charles Miller in the western. Johnston, Bath, is a sister. Predeceased him some years ago. His wife died about 1880. He was a quiet, unassuming man, who had no enemies. A friend of the late Judge D. felt the latter's death keenly, as it was not in the best of health. Ever since the time he was a boy, while on a hunting party, he has never been in the state of health. Kidney trouble after that time and was the cause of his death. Deceased member of St. Mary Magdalene. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence in St. Mary Magdalene, conducted by Rev. Canon. Remains were interred in the cemetery. The floral offerings were beautiful and profuse, and were a tribute to the high esteem in which the deceased gentleman was held.

es, Pipes. All kinds, all sizes and all prices. The best ever offered. THE PLAZA, John st.



from us you are sure to find your money's worth.
to-Wear Clothing.
 1 to Fit—because they are stamped by the Royal Warrant.
 line of Men's and Boys' in the latest shapes.
 If convince you that our clothing is up-to-date, and our prices are low.
ce Clothing House.
GRAHAM & CO.
 141y

Fannell, both are a little better.
 A little stranger has applied for board at the home of R. Gibson, it's a boy.
 Mr. Lund's new drive house is nearly completed, and he is making preparations for building an addition to his barn.
 J. A. Bell is getting ready to remodel his barn.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

VIOLET.
 Quarterly service here last Sunday was well attended.
 Mrs. A. Close, at the point of death for over a week, is slightly improved.
 The missionary question class in connection with the Epworth League last Tuesday night was a decided success.
 Miss Edna Storma left Monday to enter the hospital at Hamilton to train for a nurse. Her many friends presented her with a purse as a token of the esteem in which she was held. She was an earnest worker in the church for many years, and will be greatly missed. We wish her success in her new field of labor.
 Mrs. C. A. Robertson has returned after spending the past few weeks with friends in Napanee.

ERINSVILLE.
 The funeral of the late Mr. Cleary, of Stoco, was largely attended on Friday last. The remains were laid to rest in the White Lake Cemetery after a solemn Requiem High Mass was said for the repose of his soul in the R. C. Church here.
 Mr. Hampden, local manager of the Bell Telephone Co., Kingston, visited our town on Monday for the purpose of soliciting subscribers.
 Mr. C. Reeve Tucker has purchased three yachts, also a number of canoes, for Beaver Lake.
 The lawn at the B. Q. R. Station here is nearing completion.
 Mr. Macarow, Post Office Inspector, was in town on Monday, making his official call.
 Mrs. Evans, Centreville, is visiting at her son's, Mr. Thomas Evans.
 Miss Murphy, visited Miss Way, Tamworth, on Sunday.
 Mrs. Buckley, of Detroit, also Mr. Alex. Whyte, of Toronto, are registered at the Commercial Hotel.
 Messrs. W. Orr and J. Murphy, Stoco, spent Sunday here.
 Miss Nelson, teacher here, spent Saturday in Tweed.
 Mr. J. Anderson, who has been sick with pneumonia, is convalescent.

BACKACHE

And all Kidney Trouble instantly relieved and cured by O.R. Kidney Cure.
 Belleville, April 15th, 1902
 The O. R. Medicine Co, Toronto
 Gentlemen,—Having given your O.R. Kidney Cure a thorough test for a serious kidney disorder from which I suffered for several years, I take much pleasure in bearing testimony to the intrinsic qualities of this medicine, as being the most reliable preparation in the market, and I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers from kidney or bladder troubles.
 W. H. CAMPBELL,
 Chief Fire Dept.
 O. R. KIDNEY CURE is put up in liquid form, contains no poisons, is quickly assimilated and will cure all kidney and urinary troubles.
 O. R. Kidney Cure 50c per bottle
 O. R. Liver Pills 25c "
 O. R. Dyspepsia Tablets 25c per box.
 —AT DRUGGIST OR WRITE—
THE O. R. MEDICINE Co. Limited
 Toronto Ont.

Going to be warm soon, are you ready.—White is to be more popular than ever. Fancy White Muslins 7, 10, 12 1/2, 15, 20 cents. New Waistings, Muslins, Canvas Weave and Brilliant Yarn 25, 30, 35 cents. 10c.—Victoria Lawn, good quality, 39 inches wide for 10c. Fine Lawns 12 1/2, 15, 20, 25 cents. Organdie Lawns and Muslins 15, 20, 25, 35, 40 cent. We do not advertise all the special attractions to be found in our stock, quantities would not warrant it.
 Butterick Patterns mailed to any address upon receipt of price.—Defiance Carpet Warps all colors in stock

The Hardy Dry Goods Co.

Cheapside, - Napanee.

Stewart's Chocolats always fresh at
 RILEY'S RESTAURANT.
 All kinds of cloth for all kinds of people at Max Fox's.
 Does your wheel need repairing? Or do you want to purchase a new one? We can give you the best of satisfaction in either instance.
 W. J. NORMILE
 22tf. Sign of the Golden Wheel.

The Kingston Whig of May 7th says:—"For years past the Grand Trunk authorities at the Lower Junction have been greatly annoyed by boys, who make a practice of stealing rides on passing trains bound east and west. The lads board freight cars and ride up the line as far as Napanee, or down to Gananoque, making use of the same means of conveyance when they wish to return home. The boys are especially troublesome on Sundays, and it is the same crowd that continually practice this annoyance."

On Sunday some of them rode up to Napanee on a freight train and remained there until Tuesday. On the way back they were put off at Ernestown Station and warned not to again attempt to board the train. By way of retaliation they stoned the van smashing a number of panes of glass, and when chased managed to outrun their pursuers. However they were not to be cheated out of their free ride home, and, despite the vigilance of the train crew, got aboard the train and were carried to Kingston. When the cars slowed up near the lower junction another attempt was made to catch the lads, but they were too nimble and escaped across fields towards St. Mary's cemetery.

The conductor of the train was struck by a stone thrown by one of the boys at Ernestown Station, and had his head, behind his right ear cut open, requiring the attendance of a surgeon to close the wound. Complaint has been made to the police about this affair and of the conduct of boys who gather about the junction, and an endeavor will be made to catch the guilty parties. They will be severely punished if apprehended, as the company is determined to put a stop to this practice."

Picton Business College

PICTON, ONT.

Standard Courses in Bookkeeping, Stenography, Telegraphy.
 Forty students in attendance. Fourth week. Our rooms besides being light, cheerful and attractive, are newly fitted up and furnished with the latest and best equipment.
 The Principals have had a teaching experience of from eight to twelve years, and each has also had in his specialty, a practical business experience eminently qualifying him for imparting the best instruction. Every member of the staff is a graduate of a college or a Normal School.
 Individual instruction is given in all cases. This is supplemented by class drills, recitations, etc. Backward students receive special attention.
 Boarding places secured at \$2 and upwards.
 OSBORNE & SAYERS, Principals.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the estate of Mary E. Reynolds, late of the Village of Tamworth, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Widow, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, Section 38, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1897, and amending Acts thereto, that all creditors and others having claims or demands whatsoever against the said Mary E. Reynolds, who died on or about the 24th day of July, 1901, are hereby required to send by post, repaid or to deliver to the undersigned Deroche & Madden, Napanee, solicitors for the executor of the last will and testament of the said deceased, on or before the 16th day of May, 1903, full particulars and proofs of all claims (if any) which they may have against the estate and effects of the said deceased, together with their Christian and surnames, and their proper addresses and description, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them. And notice is hereby further given that after the said 16th day of May, 1903, the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been received as above required, and said executor will not be liable for any of the assets of said deceased or any part thereof to any person or persons whose name shall not have been received prior to the time for such distribution.

DEROCHE & MADDEN,
 Solicitors for Charles Robert Jor,
 Executor of said Estate.
 Dated at Napanee this 14th day of April, 1903.

It Will
PLAY FOR YOU.
 It Will
SING FOR YOU.
 It Will
RECITE FOR YOU.

PURE DELIGHT found in The EDISON
PHONOGRAPH
 Use Edison Moulded Records. Make Records of your own.

Records Made From the Best Living Artists.

THE POLLARD CO.
 Sole Agents for Lennox & Addington.